



STRONG H

**Stock Code
4560**

**STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY
(CAYMAN) INCORPORATION**

**2020 Annual General Meeting
Meeting Handbook**

Time: June 9 2020 (Tuesday), 9:30 am.

**Place: 1F, No. 147, YanPing Road, Taoyuan District, Taoyuan City.
(102 Conference Hall, The Center for Women of Taoyuan City)**

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I. Opening Ceremony

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation 2020 Opening Ceremony of the Annual Shareholders General Meeting

I. Announcement of the General Meeting in session

II. The address of the Chairman to the session

III. Reports

IV. Ratification

V. Discussion

VI. Extemporaneous Motions

VII. Adjournment of the meeting

II. Meeting Agenda

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Agenda of 2020 General Meeting

Time: June 9 2020 (Tuesday), 9:30 am.

Place: 1F, No. 147, YanPing Road, Taoyuan District, Taoyuan City. (102 Conference Hall, The Center for Women of Taoyuan City)

I. Announcement of the session.

II. Chairman addresses the meeting.

III. Reports.

(I) 2019 Business Report of the Company.

(II) 2019 Review Report of the Auditing Committee.

(III) Remuneration to the Directors and employees in 2019.

(IV) Report on the status of conversion of the 1st issue of domestic unsecured convertible bonds.

(V) Amendment to the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles."

(VI) Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Behavior"

IV. Ratification.

(I) 2019 Business Report and Financial Statements.

(II) 2019 Proposal for Distribution of Income.

V. Discussion

(I) Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation" of the Company.

(II) Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others."

(III) Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Making of Endorsements/Guarantees."

(III) Amendment to the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings."

VI. Extemporaneous Motions.

VII. Adjournment of the meeting.

Reports

Motion No. 1:

Subject: 2019 Business Report for Ratification.

Description: The 2019 Business Report of the company is exhibited on p.8-9 of the Handbooks (Attachment I).

Motion No. 2:

Subject: 2019 Review Report of the Auditing Committee for ratification.

Description: The 2019 Review Report of the Auditing Committee is exhibited on p. 10-11 of the Handbook (Attachment II).

Motion No. 3

Subject: The remuneration to the Directors and employees in 2019 for ratification.

Description:

1. Pursuant to Article 102 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, all Directors are entitled to no more than 3% of the “annual profit” as remuneration payable in cash. Likewise, the employees of the Company and subsidiaries are entitled to at least 1% of the “annual profit” of the Company as remuneration payable in cash, stock or the combination of both.
2. The Board resolved to paid the Directors the 2019 amount of NT\$2,973,399 and the employees the amount of NT\$2,973,399 as remunerations payable in cash in the session dated March 19 2020.
3. There is no difference between the above remuneration and the estimated amount recognized in the 2019 financial statements.

Motion No. 4

Subject: Report on the conversion of the 1st issue of domestic unsecured convertible bonds for ratification.

Description: 1. The Company offered the 1st issue of domestic unsecured convertible bonds for the procurement of production equipment, retirement of bank loans, and pooling up working capital. The instrument has maturity of 3 years from February 5 2018 to February 5 2021 and has face value of NT\$300,000 thousand at NT\$100 thousand for each lot with coupon rate at 0%.

2. As of the day of restriction for share transfer due to the convention of Shareholders Meeting, this issue of convertible bonds were converted into 2,266,619 shares , increasing the company's capital of NT\$22,666,190..

Motion No.5

Subject: Amendment to the Company’s “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles.”

Description: The Company’s “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles” was amended as per Notice Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019. Please refer to Attachment III in p.12-19 of this Handbook for the comparison table of the amendment.

Motion No.6

Subject: Amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines

for Behavior”.

Description: The Company’s “Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Behavior” was amended as per Notice Tai-Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1090002299 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on February 13, 2020. Please refer to Attachment IV in p.20-24 of this Handbook for the Comparison table of the amendment.

Ratification

Motion No. 1 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: 2019 Business Report and Financial Statements for ratification.

Description: 1. The 2019 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company have been audited by Liu Shui-En and Huang, Yao-Lin, CPAs of Deloitte Taiwan with the issuance of Auditor's Report and unqualified opinion. The audited financial statements and Business Report have been submitted to the Auditing Committee for review.

2. For information on the aforementioned reports and statements, refer to pp.8-9 (Attachment I) and pp.25-33(Attachment V).

3. Ratification requested.

Resolution:

Motion No. 2 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: The proposal for the distribution of income in 2019 for ratification.

Description: 1. The Company had net income amounting to NT\$291,393,082 in 2019, and has appropriated for legal reserve amounting to NT\$29,139,308, and special reserve amounting to NT\$70,337,400. The remainder was pooled up with the undistributed income at the beginning of the period amounting to NT\$316,018,876. The income available for distribution in current period amounted to NT\$507,935,250

2. The Board proposed to appropriate cash dividend from the aforementioned income available for distribution in 2019 amounting to NT\$270,590,476 at NT\$4/shre. The table of distribution is exhibited on p.34 of the Handbook (Attachment VI).

3. The payment of cash dividend for this year will be round to the nearest NTD. The fraction less than NT\$1 will be recognized as other income of the Company.

4. Upon the ratification of the Shareholders Meeting on the proposal of distribution of income, authorized chairman shall determine the ex-dividend day, payment day, and related matters.

5. In case of change in the quantity of outstanding shares of the Company before the ex-dividend day for the payment of dividend of this period, to the extent that the ratio of dividend payment was affected that adjustment becomes necessary, the chairman shall be authorized with full discretion in handling related matters.

6. Ratification requested.

Resolution:

Discussion

Motion No. 1 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the “Articles of Incorporation” of the Company and is opened for discussion.

Description: 1. Part of the Company’s “Articles of Incorporation” was amended as per the amendment to the “Checklist for Shareholder Rights and Interests Protection of the Place of Registration of Foreign Issuers” according to Notice Tai-Zheng-Shang-Er-Zi No. 1080023568 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on December 25, 2019. Please refer to Attachment VII in p.35-44 of this Handbook for the Comparison table of the amendment.
2. Opened for Discussion.

Resolution:

Motion No. 2 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others”, please discuss.

Description: 1. Part of the Company’s “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others” was amended as per Notice Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No. 1080304826 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on March 7, 2019. Please refer to Attachment VIII in pp.45-50 of this Handbook for the Comparison table of the amendment.
2. Opened for discussion.

Resolution:

Motion No. 3 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Making of Endorsements/Guarantees,” please discuss.

Description: 1. Part of the Company’s “Procedures for Making of Endorsements/Guarantees” was amended as per Notice Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No. 1080304826 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on March 7, 2019. Please refer Attachment VIII in pp. 51-58 of this Handbook for the Comparison table of the amendment.
2. Opened for discussion.

Resolution:

Motion No. 4 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the Company’s “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meeting,” please discuss.

Description: 1. Part of the Company’s “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meeting” was amended as per Notice Tai- Zheng-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 10800242211 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on January 2, 2020. Please refer Attachment X in pp. 59-69 of this Handbook for the Comparison table of the amendment.
2. Opened for discussion.

Resolution:

Extemporaneous motions

Adjournment of the session

【 Attachment I 】

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation 2019 Business Report

I. 2019 Business Report

(I) Achievements

In 2019 the revenue was NT\$1,654,088 thousand and the net income after tax was NT\$291,393 thousand.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year Item	2019	2018
Operating Revenue	1,654,088	1,816,136
Gross Profit	636,265	745,578
Operating Income	305,090	431,486
Income Before Tax	355,640	436,108
Income After Tax	291,393	313,070
Equity Per Share (EPS)	4.38	4.76

(II) Status of budget execution: No financial forecast is required for 2019 according to the applicable law.

(III) Financial income and expenditure and profitability analysis

Unit: NT\$ thousand; %

Item/Year		2019	2018	Ratio %		
Analysis	Gain/Lo	Operating Revenue	1,654,088	1,816,136	(8.92)	
		Gross Profit	636,265	745,578	(14.66)	
		Income After Tax	291,393	313,070	(6.92)	
analysis	Profitability	Return on Assets (%)	12.82	14.73	(12.97)	
		Return on Equity (%)	17.38	20.09	(13.49)	
		As a percentage of paid-in capital (%)	Income Before Tax	45.31	65.23	(30.54)
			Income After Tax	52.82	65.93	(19.88)
		Net Profit Rate (%)	17.62	17.24	2.20	
EPS After Tax (NT\$)	4.38	4.76	(7.98)			

(IV) Status of research and development

The RD investments in 2019 amounted to NT\$50,794 thousand, NT\$9,948 thousand less than that of 2018 at NT\$60,742 thousand. This reduction is because the RD technology of automatic devices and equipment has become mature.

Our automatic devices and equipment are developed to help customers enhance the production efficiency of sewing equipment, reduce labor, and lower production costs.

II. Summary of 2020 Business Plan

(I) Policy

1. Actively cultivate the international market and develop a device marketing system equipped with global development and service capabilities.
2. Accelerate product trade and fortify market leadership of parts.
3. Seek opportunities to enter other sectors with leading blade-making knowhow; and actively develop markets for new products to ensure sustainable development in the future.
4. Increase investments in innovation, expand the scale of the RD team, and

enhance RD capacity to actively develop higher value-added new products.

5. Enhance the improvement of key technologies and the capacity of automated production to develop core technological advantages.

(II) Marketing policy

1. Improve processing technology and casting technology; and reduce procurement and IT costs to enhance cost advantages.
2. Actively cultivate the terminal device market and enhance marketing of automatic products.
3. Develop the key processes for new product development to ensure new products are developed as scheduled at the required quality.
4. Build a lean operational system to raise the automation level of processing, logistics, warehousing, and transportation to enhance the standard of smart manufacturing.
5. Optimize the mechanism for supply chain evaluation and improve the quality of products delivered to customers.

III. Future development strategy

We market products in our own brand “STRONG H,” one of the leading brands of parts for industrial sewing machines.

(I) Major strategies for product development

1. Automatic devices: We have been developing automatic devices in recent years to reduce time, labor, and processes. We also upgraded accessory devices for the production lines of garment factories to enhance efficiency and productivity. In the future, we will continue to improve the functions of existing products and develop products of higher price-performance ratio to meet the market and customer needs.
2. Automated equipment: In 2019 we began to design and manufacture automated equipment that supports single-unit operation or multi-process operation of single users characterized by automatic feeding, labor-saving, and time-saving for garment factories to extend peripheral sewing equipment production lines, in order to help them reduce labor and production costs. In the future, we will continue to develop sewing production lines composing of Single-process or multi-process sewing automated equipment.
3. Blades and needle sets
 - (1) Development of leather blades for industrial sewing machines to enter the market of blades for industrial machines of thick fabric and automotive decorations.
 - (2) Increase in needle set outputs for the repair market of industrial sewing machines in Southeast Asia.

(II) To expand the after-sale repair market has been one of our sales targets in recent years. Apart from actively developing strategic cooperation with worldwide outstanding agents, we have established complete sales channels in key overseas markets (Turkey, Pakistan, India, Bangladesh, and Vietnam).

In the future, we will continue to maintain steady development in all aspects, sprout core specialties, and work on our competitive edge to create better revenues.

Chairperson: Chi, Ping-Hsin CEO: Chi, Ping-Hsin CFO: Huang, Deak-Huei

[Attachment II]

**Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation
Report of the Audit Committee.**

The Board of Directors of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation (hereinafter referred to as “the Company”) compiled the 2019 Business Report, Financial Statements. The aforementioned financial statements have been audited by the independent auditors from Deloitte Taiwan with the issuance of Independent Auditors’ Report. The aforementioned Business Report, financial statements, and proposal for the distribution of earnings were fairly presented, in all material aspects, in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. For your approval.

To:

2020 Annual General Meeting of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation.

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Convener of Auditing Committee: WANG, CHING-HSIANG

March 19 2020

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation
Report of the Audit Committee.

The Board of Directors of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation (hereinafter referred to as “the Company”) compiled the 2019 proposal for the distribution of earnings. The aforementioned financial statements have been audited by the independent auditors from Deloitte Taiwan with the issuance of Independent Auditors’ Report. The aforementioned Business Report, financial statements, and proposal for the distribution of earnings were fairly presented, in all material aspects, in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. For your approval.

To:

2020 Annual General Meeting of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation.

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Convener of Auditing Committee: WANG, CHING-HSIANG

April 23 2020

[Attachment III]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company’s “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles”

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
Article 5 (Policy)	With respect to the business philosophy of integrity, transparency, and responsibility, the Company shall formulate policies upon integrity <u>and have them passed by the board of directors</u> , and establish mechanisms for good corporate governance and risk control and management to create a business environment for sustainable development.	With respect to the business philosophy of integrity, transparency, and responsibility, the Company shall formulate policies upon integrity, and establish mechanisms for good corporate governance and risk control and management to create a business environment for sustainable development.	This article is amended with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies” specifying that the ethical management policies shall be approved by the board of directors.
Article 7 (Scope of Preventive Programs)	The Company shall <u>establish a risk assessment mechanism against unethical behavior to regularly</u> analyze and assess business activities within the scope of business with higher risk of involvement in unethical behavior, and establish preventive programs accordingly and review their suitability and effectiveness on a regular basis. It is advisable for the Company to <u>refer to prevailing domestic and foreign standards or guidelines</u> in establishing the preventive programs, which shall at least include	When <u>establishing preventive programs</u> , the Company shall analyze business activities within the scope of business with higher risk of involvement in unethical behaviors <u>and enhance related preventive measures</u> accordingly. The Company shall establish preventive programs to prevent at least the following unethical behavior: 1. Offer and acceptance of bribes. 2. Illegal political donations. 3. Improper charitable donations or sponsorship.	I. This article is amended with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies”. II. To implement the ethical management (anti-corruption) system and develop an ethical management

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>preventive measures against the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Offer and acceptance of bribes. 2. Illegal political donations. 3. Improper charitable donations or sponsorship. 4. Offer or acceptance of unreasonable presents, hospitality, or other improper benefits. 5. Misappropriation of trade secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights. 6. Engagement in unfair competitive practices. 7. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Offer or acceptance of unreasonable presents, hospitality, or other improper benefits. 5. Misappropriation of trade secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights. 6. Engagement in unfair competitive practices. 7. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, <u>quality control</u>, provision, or sale of products and services 	<p>(anti-corruption) corporate culture, the text of paragraph 2 is amended with reference to the prevailing domestic and foreign standards or guidelines.</p>
<p>Article 8 (Commitment and Implementation)</p>	<p><u>The board of directors and senior management of the Company shall issue a statement of compliance with the ethical corporate management policy and request employees to abide by the ethical management policy in the employment terms.</u></p> <p>The Company and respective business group shall clearly specify in the rules, external documents, <u>and the corporate website</u> the ethical corporate management policy and the commitment by the board of directors and <u>senior</u></p>	<p>The Company and respective business group shall state in the rules <u>and</u> external documents the ethical corporate management policies and the commitment by the board of directors and management on rigorous and thorough implementation of such policies, and shall carry out the policies in internal management and in business activities.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This article is amended with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.” 2. The amendment of the present article is moved to the second

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>management on rigorous and thorough implementation of such policies, and shall carry out the policies in internal management and in business activities.</p> <p><u>The Company shall document and properly retain the policy, undertaking, commitment, and implementation of ethical corporate management as specified in paragraphs 1 and 2.</u></p>		<p>paragraph. In response to the addition of paragraph 1 and with reference to Article 3-3 of the “Taiwan Stock Exchange Company Rules Governing Information Filing by Companies with TWSE Listed Securities and Offshore Fund Institutions with TWSE Listed Offshore Exchange-Traded Funds,” the Company shall establish a corporate website where the Company’s ethical corporate management policy and the commitment to implement such a policy by the board of directors and senior management shall be published.</p> <p>3. Paragraph 3 is added to specify that the policies, processes, and implementation of anti-corruption shall be documented and retained properly.</p>
Article 17 (Organization and Responsibility)	The directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the Company to prevent unethical	The directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the Company to prevent unethical	I. This article is amended with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>behavior, always review the results of the preventive measures, and continually make adjustments in order to ensure thorough implementation of the Company's ethical corporate management policies.</p> <p>To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Company shall establish a dedicated unit under the board of directors <u>and equip it with sufficient resources and eligible staff</u> to establish and supervise the implementation of the ethical corporate management policies and preventive programs. The dedicated unit shall be in charge of the following matters and report <u>(at least once a year)</u> to the board of directors on a regular basis:</p> <p>1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategies and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.</p> <p>2. <u>Analyzing and assessing, on a regular basis, the risk of involvement in unethical behavior within the business scope,</u> and establishing accordingly programs to prevent unethical behavior, <u>and</u> setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and</p>	<p>behavior, always review the results of the preventive measures, and continually make adjustments in order to ensure thorough implementation of the Company's ethical corporate management policies.</p> <p>To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Company shall establish a dedicated unit under the board of directors to establish and supervise the implementation of the ethical corporate management policies and preventive programs. The dedicated unit shall be in charge of the following matters <u>and</u> report to the board of directors on a regular basis:</p> <p>1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategies and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.</p> <p>2. Establishing programs to prevent unethical behavior, <u>and</u> setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and behavior guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business.</p> <p>3. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities</p>	<p>May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies".</p> <p>Paragraph 2 of this article is amended to change report frequency: The dedicated unit shall report to the board of directors at least once a year.</p> <p>II. In response to the amendment to paragraph 1 of Article 7, subparagraph 2 of paragraph 2 is added to include the periodic analysis and assessment of the risk of involvement in unethical behaviors within the business scope to the duty of the ethical management dedicated unit, and adjusted related text.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>behavior guidelines with respect to the company's operations and business.</p> <p>3. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical behavior.</p> <p>4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to the ethics policy.</p> <p>5. Developing a whistleblower system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.</p> <p>6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures.</p>	<p>and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical behavior.</p> <p>4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to the ethics policy.</p> <p>5. Developing a whistleblower system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.</p> <p>6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures.</p>	
<p>Article 20 (Accounting and Internal Control)</p>	<p>The Company shall establish an effective accounting system and an internal control system for business activities with higher risk of involving unethical behavior and shall not keep a second book or private accounts. These systems shall be reviewed regularly to ensure that their design and implementation are continuingly effective.</p>	<p>The Company shall establish an effective accounting system and an internal control system for business activities with higher risk of involving unethical behavior and shall not keep a second book or private accounts. These systems shall be reviewed regularly to ensure that their design and implementation are continuingly effective.</p>	<p>I. Paragraph 2 of this article is amended with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the “Ethical Corporate</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>The internal audit unit of the Company shall <u>establish related audit plans based on the results of assessment of the risk of involvement in unethical behavior. Such plans shall include the auditees, audit scope, audit items, audit frequency, etc.</u> The internal audit unit shall also examine the compliance with the preventive programs and may engage a certified public accountant to carry out the audit and hire professionals for assistance, where necessary.</p> <p><u>The results of examination in the preceding paragraph shall be reported to senior management and the ethical management dedicated unit and maintained in the audit report submitted to the board of directors.</u></p>	<p>The internal audit unit of the Company shall audit the compliance of <u>the said systems regularly</u> and <u>submit an audit report to the board of directors</u>. The internal audit unit may also appoint a certified public account to carry out the audit and hire professionals for assistance, where necessary.</p>	<p>Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.”</p> <p>II. Paragraph 3 is added. To ensure that the audit results are reported to the staff of the anti-corruption management system, members of senior management, and the board of directors. For the framework consideration, the text “submit an audit report submitted to the board of directors” and the post-audit reporting procedures are prescribed in this paragraph.</p>
<p>Article 23 (Whistleblower System)</p>	<p>The Company shall adopt a defined whistleblower system and operate the system scrupulously. The whistleblower system shall include at least the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An independent mailbox or hotline, either internally established and publicly announced or provided by an independent external institution, to allow internal and external personnel of the company to submit reports. 2. Dedicated personnel or unit appointed to handle the whistleblower system. Any tip involving a director or senior <u>management</u> shall be reported 	<p>The Company shall adopt a defined whistleblower system and operate the system scrupulously. The whistleblower system shall include at least the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An independent mailbox or hotline, either internally established and publicly announced or provided by an independent external institution, to allow internal and external personnel of the company to submit reports. 2. Dedicated personnel or units appointed to handle the whistleblower system. Reports involving a director or the senior <u>supervisor</u> shall be 	<p>I. Subparagraph 3 of paragraph 1 is added and paragraphs 3-6 of paragraph 1 are re-serialied to subparagraph 4-7 of paragraph 1 with respect to the notice Tai-Chang-Zhi-Li-Zi No. 1080008378 issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange on May 23, 2019 on the amendment to the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.”</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>to the independent directors or supervisors. Categories of reported misbehavior shall be delineated and standard operating procedures for the investigation of each shall be adopted.</p> <p><u>3. Follow-up measures to be adopted depending on the severity of the circumstances after investigations of cases reported are completed. Where necessary, a case shall be reported to the competent authority or referred to the judicial authority.</u></p> <p>4. Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes, investigation results, and relevant documents.</p> <p>5. Confidentiality of the identity of whistle-blowers and the content of reported cases, and an undertaking regarding anonymous reporting.</p> <p>6. Measures for protecting whistle-blowers from inappropriate disciplinary actions due to their whistleblower.</p> <p>7. Whistleblower incentive measures.</p> <p>When material misbehavior or likelihood of material impairment to the Company comes to attention upon investigation, the dedicated personnel or unit handling the whistleblower system shall immediately prepare a report and notify the independent directors or supervisors in</p>	<p>reported to the independent directors or supervisors. Categories of reported misbehavior shall be delineated and standard operating procedures for the investigation of each shall be adopted.</p> <p>3. Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes, investigation results, and relevant documents.</p> <p>4. Anonymization of the identity of whistleblowers and confidentiality of the content of reported cases.</p> <p>5. Measures for protecting whistleblowers from inappropriate disciplinary actions due to their whistleblower.</p> <p>6. Incentives for whistle-blowers.</p> <p>When material misbehavior or likelihood of material impairment to the Company comes to attention upon investigation, the dedicated personnel or unit handling the whistleblower system shall immediately prepare a report and notify the independent directors or supervisors in writing.</p>	<p>II. The text of subparagraph 2 of paragraph 1 is revised for lexical standardization.</p> <p>III. Revised paragraph 1 and moved to subparagraph 5 for anonymous reporting.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	writing.		
Article 28	<p>These Principles, and the amendments thereof, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors, submitted to each independent director, and reported to the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>These Principles were established on April 8, 2015.</p> <p><u>First amendment made on August 6, 2019.</u></p>	<p>These Principles, and the amendments thereof, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors.</p> <p>These Principles were established on April 8, 2015.</p>	<p>In consideration of the establishment of the independent directors and the shareholders meeting, the text of paragraph 1 is revised to meet the actual operations.</p> <p>Addition of the date of amendment.</p>

[Attachment IV]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Behavior”

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
<p>III. Authority and Responsibility</p>	<p>The Company <u>authorizes the chairperson to designate the board of directors, audit department, or members of related units to form</u> a dedicated unit <u>(hereinafter called the “Dedicated Unit of the Company”)</u> <u>under the board of directors and equip it with sufficient resources and eligible staff</u> to be the solely responsible unit for the amendment, implementation, interpretation, and consultation services of these Procedures and Guidelines, the recording and filing of reports, and the monitoring of implementation. The dedicated unit shall be in charge of the following matters and report <u>(at least once a year)</u> to the board of directors on a regular basis:</p> <p>1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategy and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.</p> <p>2. <u>Regularly analyzing and assessing the risk of unethical behavior within the scope of business and thereby</u> adopting programs to prevent unethical behavior, <u>and</u> setting out in each</p>	<p>The Company shall <u>designate</u> a dedicated unit to be the solely responsible unit for the amendment, implementation, interpretation, and consultation services of these Procedures and Guidelines, the recording and filing of reports, and the monitoring of implementation. The major functions and duties are as follows:</p> <p>1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategy and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.</p> <p>2. Adopting programs to prevent unethical behavior <u>and</u> setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and behavior guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business.</p> <p>(middle section omitted)</p> <p>6. Assisting the board of directors and management in</p>	<p>1. Part of the article is amended according to Article 17 of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.”</p> <p>2. Subparagraph 7 is added according to Article 8 of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.”</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>program the standard operating procedures and behavior guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business. (middle section omitted)</p> <p>6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether or not the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures.</p> <p><u>7. Producing and keeping properly related documented information, such as the ethical corporate management policy and the statement of compliance, commitments, and status of implementation.</u></p>	<p>auditing and assessing whether or not the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures, <u>and attending the board meeting as a guest.</u></p>	
<p>V. Content 3.3</p>	<p>Except under any one of the following circumstances, when providing, accepting, promising, or requesting, directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in <u>3.2</u>, the behavior of the given personnel of the Company shall comply with the <u>“Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies”</u> and these Procedures and Guidelines, and the relevant procedures shall have been carried out: (omit the below)</p>	<p>3.3 Except under any one of the following circumstances, when providing, accepting, promising, or requesting, directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in <u>3.3</u>, the behavior of the given personnel of the Company shall comply with these Procedures and Guidelines, and the relevant procedures shall have been carried out: (omit the below)</p>	<p>The number of the referenced clause is amendment .</p>
<p>V. Content 3.8</p>	<p>When an <u>agenda item of</u> a board meeting attended by directors and managers or attended as guests by other stakeholders concerns their interests or the</p>	<p>When a <u>proposal made at</u> a board meeting attended by directors and managers or attended as guests by other stakeholders concerns their interests or the</p>	<p>I. The text is amended according to paragraph 1, Article 16,</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>interests of the companies they represent, they shall state the important aspects of the interests at the board meeting. If there are conflicts of interests with the Company, they shall sidestep the discussion or voting and shall not exercise voting rights for other directors. Directors shall maintain self-discipline and shall not support one another in improper dealings.</p> <p><u>A spouse, a second degree of kinship with the director, or a company that has a controlling affiliation with a director, who is interested in matters of the preceding meeting, shall be deemed to have a stake in the matter.</u></p> <p>(omit the below)</p>	<p>interests of the companies they represent, they shall state the important aspects of the interests at the board meeting. If there are conflicts of interests with the Company, they shall sidestep the discussion or voting and shall not exercise voting rights for other directors. Directors shall maintain self-discipline and shall not support one another in improper dealings.</p> <p>(omit the below)</p>	<p>Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings of Public Companies.</p> <p>II. Added paragraph 2 to specified that “a spouse, a second degree of kinship with the director, or a company that has a controlling affiliation with a director, who is interested in matters of the preceding meeting, shall be deemed to have a stake in the matter” According to paragraph 3, Article 206, Company Act.</p>
V. Content 3.13	<p><u>The Company shall request directors and senior management to issue a statement of compliance with the ethical corporate management policy and request employees to abide by the ethical corporate management policy in the employment contract.</u></p> <p>The Company shall disclose the</p>	<p>3.14 The Company shall disclose the ethical corporate management policy in the internal rules and annual reports and on the corporate websites, and in other publicity materials, and make timely announcements of the policy in events held for outside parties such as product launches and investor press</p>	<p>Paragraph 1 is added according to Article 8 of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>ethical corporate management policy in the internal rules and annual reports and on the corporate websites, and in other publicity materials, and make timely announcements of the policy in events held for outside parties such as product launches and investor press conferences, in order to make its suppliers, customers, and other business-related institutions and personnel fully aware of its principles and rules with respect to ethical management.</p>	<p>conferences, in order to make its suppliers, customers, and other business-related institutions and personnel fully aware of its principles and rules with respect to ethical management.</p>	<p>Companies”.</p>
<p>V. Content 3.18</p>	<p>(above omitted) A whistleblower shall at least furnish the following information: 3.18.1 The whistleblower’s name and I.D. number, <u>also anonymous reporting</u>, and an address, telephone number and e-mail address where it can be reached. (middle section omitted) The responsible unit of the Company <u>shall</u> handle the <u>report</u> according to the following procedures: (middle section omitted) 3.18.6 If a person being informed of is confirmed to have indeed violated the applicable laws and regulations or the Company's policy and regulations of ethical management, the Company shall immediately require the violator to cease the behavior and shall make an appropriate disposition. When necessary, the Company will <u>report to the competent authorities, refer the case to the judicial authority for</u></p>	<p>(above omitted) A whistleblower shall at least furnish the following information: A whistleblower shall at least furnish the following information: 3.18.1 The whistleblower’s name and I.D. number, and an address, telephone number and e-mail address where he/she can be reached. (middle section omitted) The responsible unit of the Company <u>will</u> handle the case according to the following procedures: (middle section omitted) 3.18.6 If a person being informed of is confirmed to have indeed violated the applicable laws and regulations or the Company's policy and regulations of ethical management, the Company shall immediately require the violator to cease the behavior and shall make an appropriate disposition. When necessary, the Company will institute legal proceedings and claim damages to safeguard</p>	<p>Part of the article is amended to allow anonymous reports and specify the appropriate follow-up actions after the investigation is completed according to Article 23 of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.”</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<u>investigation, or</u> institute legal proceedings and claim damages to safeguard its reputation and its rights and interests. (omit the below)	its reputation and its rights and interests. (omit the below)	
VI. Implementation and amendment	These Procedures and Guidelines, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by resolution of the board of directors, and shall be delivered to each supervisor and reported to the shareholders meeting.	These Procedures and Guidelines, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by resolution of the board of directors, and shall be delivered to each supervisor and reported to the shareholders meeting. <u>Note: The Regulations are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.</u>	As 2. Scope of these Procedures and Guidelines have been stated, unnecessary descriptions are thus deleted.
VII. History and development	These Procedures and Guidelines were established on April 8, 2015. <u>First amendment was made on March 19, 2020.</u>	These <u>management regulations</u> were established on April 8, 2015.	Addition of the date of amendment.

[Attachment V]

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants, Rule No. 1090360805 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China on February 25, 2020, and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter from the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statement is as below:

Revenue Recognition

The Group's revenue mainly consists of the sales of industrial sewing machine's spare parts. For some of the major clients, the Group recognizes sales revenue when the goods have been delivered to the client's designated location and verifying accounting records has been completed in accordance with the agreement. As the above-mentioned sales revenue is significant for the year ended December 31, 2019, the appropriateness of revenue recognition for the aforementioned type of sales revenue has been deemed as a key audit matter for the year ended December 31, 2019.

To address this matter, we evaluated the Group's revenue recognition policy, trading characteristics, and the relevant design and implementation of internal control for this type of revenue. We selected samples of revenue for this type of sales and verified them against the client's transaction statements and the related documents to confirm that the transactions had been completed and recognized in the appropriate period.

Other Matters

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 on which we have issued an unqualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or in cases that has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those business units management of the Group, including those charged with governance, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Walter Liu and Alan Huang.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 27, 2020

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2019		2018	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 468,591	20	\$ 351,561	15
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 7 and 28)	-	-	44,720	2
Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 8)	97,499	4	90,330	4
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 5 and 8)	614,305	26	578,277	25
Other receivables from related parties (Notes 4 and 29)	-	-	4,505	-
Current tax asset (Notes 4 and 23)	1,544	-	-	-
Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 9)	312,973	13	444,805	19
Other current assets (Notes 3, 4, 14, 15 and 30)	<u>110,547</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>87,129</u>	<u>4</u>
Total current assets	<u>1,605,459</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>1,601,327</u>	<u>69</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 11, 29 and 30)	516,153	22	524,520	22
Right-of-use asseets (Notes 3, 4, 12 and 30)	172,908	7	-	-
Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 13)	6,949	-	7,414	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4, 5 and 23)	32,934	2	39,623	2
Prepayments for leases - non-current (Notes 4, 14 and 30)	-	-	135,052	6
Other non-current assets (Notes 4 and 15)	<u>44,910</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>25,811</u>	<u>1</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>773,854</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>732,420</u>	<u>31</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,379,313</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,747</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Notes 4 and 16)	\$ 60,360	3	\$ -	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 7 and 28)	-	-	480	-
Notes payable (Note 4)	658	-	5,322	-
Trade payables (Notes 4 and 29)	76,108	3	66,167	3
Other payables (Notes 4 and 18)	244,275	10	233,362	10
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)	-	-	49,244	2
Current portion of bonds payable (Notes 4, 17, 26 and 28)	196,701	9	-	-
Other current liabilities (Note 4)	<u>3,274</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,843</u>	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>581,376</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>357,418</u>	<u>15</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Bonds payable (Notes 4, 17, 26 and 28)	-	-	234,663	10
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 23)	<u>97,095</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>89,634</u>	<u>4</u>
Total non-current liabilities	<u>97,095</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>324,297</u>	<u>14</u>
Total liabilities	<u>678,471</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>681,715</u>	<u>29</u>
EQUITY (Notes 4, 20, 25 and 27)				
Share capital				
Ordinary shares	<u>673,312</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>661,511</u>	<u>28</u>
Capital surplus	<u>414,521</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>401,444</u>	<u>17</u>
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	87,834	4	56,527	3
Special reserve	54,369	2	20,460	1
Unappropriated earnings	<u>607,413</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>566,459</u>	<u>24</u>
Total retained earnings	<u>749,616</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>643,446</u>	<u>28</u>
Other equity	<u>(136,607)</u>	<u>(6)</u>	<u>(54,369)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
Total equity	<u>1,700,842</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>1,652,032</u>	<u>71</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,379,313</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,747</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2019		2018	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 21, 29 and 34)	\$ 1,654,088	100	\$ 1,816,136	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 9, 19, 22 and 29)	<u>(1,017,823)</u>	<u>(62)</u>	<u>(1,070,558)</u>	<u>(59)</u>
GROSS PROFIT	<u>636,265</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>745,578</u>	<u>41</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 19, 22 and 29)				
Marketing	(58,141)	(4)	(55,799)	(3)
Administrative	(222,240)	(13)	(197,551)	(11)
Research and development	<u>(50,794)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(60,742)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>(331,175)</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(314,092)</u>	<u>(17)</u>
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	<u>305,090</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>431,486</u>	<u>24</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4, 22 and 29)				
Other income	59,339	4	10,765	1
Other gains and losses	5,440	-	6,934	-
Finance costs	<u>(14,229)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(13,077)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>50,550</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4,622</u>	<u>-</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	355,640	21	436,108	24
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4, 5 and 23)	<u>(64,247)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(123,038)</u>	<u>(7)</u>
NET INCOME	<u>291,393</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>313,070</u>	<u>17</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4 and 20)				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	<u>(70,337)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(33,909)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 221,056</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>\$ 279,161</u>	<u>15</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 24)				
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 4.38</u>		<u>\$ 4.76</u>	
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 4.21</u>		<u>\$ 4.76</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Share Capital		Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings				Other Equity		Total	Total Equity
	Shares (Thousands)	Amount		Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Exchange Difference on Translating Foreign Operations	Unearned Employee Benefits		
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2018	65,250	\$ 652,500	\$ 371,995	\$ 36,213	\$ 10,846	\$ 413,817	\$ 460,876	\$ (20,460)	\$ -	\$ (20,460)	\$ 1,464,911
Appropriations of 2017 earnings											
Legal reserve	-	-	-	20,314	-	(20,314)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	9,614	(9,614)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	(130,500)	(130,500)	-	-	-	(130,500)
	-	-	-	20,314	9,614	(160,428)	(130,500)	-	-	-	(130,500)
Equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company	-	-	31,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,340
Issuance of share dividends from capital surplus	-	-	(32,625)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32,625)
Net income in 2018	-	-	-	-	-	313,070	313,070	-	-	-	313,070
Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2018, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,909)	-	(33,909)	(33,909)
Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2018	-	-	-	-	-	313,070	313,070	(33,909)	-	(33,909)	279,161
Convertible bonds converted to ordinary shares	901	9,011	30,734	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,745
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	66,151	661,511	401,444	56,527	20,460	566,459	643,446	(54,369)	-	(54,369)	1,652,032
Appropriations of 2018 earnings											
Legal reserve	-	-	-	31,307	-	(31,307)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	33,909	(33,909)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	(185,223)	(185,223)	-	-	-	(185,223)
	-	-	-	31,307	33,909	(250,439)	(185,223)	-	-	-	(185,223)
Issuance of share dividends from capital surplus	-	-	(46,306)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46,306)
Net income in 2019	-	-	-	-	-	291,393	291,393	-	-	-	291,393
Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2019, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70,337)	-	(70,337)	(70,337)
Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2019	-	-	-	-	-	291,393	291,393	(70,337)	-	(70,337)	221,056
Convertible bonds converted to ordinary shares	1,180	11,801	39,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,348
Issuance of ordinary shares for cash	-	-	19,836	-	-	-	-	-	(11,901)	(11,901)	7,935
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	67,331	\$ 673,312	\$ 414,521	\$ 87,834	\$ 54,369	\$ 607,413	\$ 749,616	\$ (124,706)	\$ (11,901)	\$ (136,607)	\$ 1,700,842

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 355,640	\$ 436,108
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expenses	70,531	47,663
Amortization expenses	2,152	3,419
Amortization of prepayments for leases	-	1,049
Expected credit loss (reversed) recognized on trade receivables	(505)	3,640
Finance costs	14,229	13,077
Interest income	(7,450)	(3,453)
Compensation costs of share-based payment	7,935	-
Reversal of write-down of inventories	(5,966)	(10,371)
Loss of obsolete inventory	-	2,473
Net gain on fair value changes of financial assets and liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	(480)	(641)
Other items	30	1,994
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Notes receivable	(10,791)	(6,300)
Trade receivables	(59,466)	(64,346)
Inventories	125,481	17,785
Other current assets	(24,201)	(24,849)
Notes payable	(4,664)	4,629
Trade payables	12,856	(21,503)
Other payables	19,970	(21,584)
Other current liabilities	431	(418)
Cash generated from operations	495,732	378,372
Interest received	7,450	3,453
Interest paid	(1,007)	(1,333)
Income tax paid	(97,601)	(91,162)
	404,574	289,330
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss	-	(44,720)
Proceeds from sale of financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss	44,720	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(86,644)	(103,797)
Payments for right-of-use assets	(46,556)	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,563	8,255
Payments for intangible assets	(2,493)	(4,892)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(15,648)	(4,706)

(Continued)

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019	2018
Increase in prepayments for leases	\$ -	\$ (100,774)
Increase in items of other investing activities	<u>(4,917)</u>	<u>115</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(103,975)</u>	<u>(250,519)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	60,360	-
Repayments of short-term borrowings	-	(114,888)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	-	300,900
Dividend paid to owners of the Company	<u>(231,529)</u>	<u>(163,125)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(171,169)</u>	<u>22,887</u>
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	<u>(12,400)</u>	<u>(6,494)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	117,030	55,204
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>351,561</u>	<u>296,357</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 468,591</u>	<u>\$ 351,561</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

[Attachment VI]
 Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation
 Income Distribution Chart for 2019

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount
Opening undistributed earnings	316,018,876
Add: net income in 2019	291,393,082
Distributable earnings	607,411,958
Less: Provision of legal reserve (10%)	(29,139,308)
Less: Provision for special reserve	(70,337,400)
Allocable earnings in current period	507,935,250
Items for distribution:	
Cash dividend (NT\$4/share)	(270,590,476)
Undistributed earnings, ending	237,344,774

Note 1: Based on the number of shares outstanding in circulation as of April, 15 2020 67,647,619 shares(the total number of shares originally outstanding in circulation is 67,851,619 shares, net of non-vested restricted shares 204,000 shares).

Chairman: CHI, PING-HSIN, Manager: CHI, PING-HSIN, Chief Accounting Officer: HUANG, DEAK-HUEI

[Attachment VII]

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY(CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

The Comparison Table of Amended and Restated Articles of Association

公司章程修正對照表

Amended Article 修正條文	Original Article 現行條文	Explanation 修正說明
<p>Article 1 <u>“Acquisition” means the Company acquires shares, business or assets of another company on exchange for shares, cash or other assets.</u></p> <p>第 1 條 <u>收購 係指本公司取得他公司之股份、營業或財產，並以股份、現金或其他財產作為對價之行為。</u></p>	<p>None.</p>	<p>The definition of “Acquisition” is added to deal with this amendment of Articles of Association.</p> <p>配合本次章程修正，新增「收購」之定義。</p>
<p>Article 9 <u>(a) The Company shall only issue fully paid-up Shares.</u></p> <p><u>(b) In the event that new Shares are issued by the Company and the persons who subscribe the new Shares delay the payment of such Shares, the Company shall fix a period of not less than one month and call upon such persons to pay up, declaring that in case of default of payment within the stipulated period their right of subscription shall be forfeited.</u></p> <p><u>(c) After the Company has made the aforesaid declaration, the persons who fail to pay accordingly shall forfeit their rights of subscription and the Shares subscribed to by them shall be otherwise issued to others. If there is any loss or damage, compensation may still be claimed against such defaulting persons.</u></p>	<p>Article 9 The Company shall only issue fully paid-up Shares.</p> <p>第 9 條 本公司應僅發行已繳足股款之股份。</p>	<p>In order to conform to ROC Company Act, the procedure to call upon the persons who subscribe the new shares to pay up is newly added. 新增公司催繳新股認股人股款之程序，以符合中華民國公司法之規定。</p>

<p>第 9 條</p> <p><u>(a) 本公司應僅發行已繳足股款之股份。</u></p> <p><u>(b) 本公司發行新股，若認股人延欠應繳之股款時，本公司應訂一個月以上之期限催告該認股人照繳，並聲明逾期不繳失其權利。</u></p> <p><u>(c) 本公司已為前項之催告，認股人不照繳者，即失其權利，所認股份另行募集，如本公司因此受有損害，仍得向延欠股款認股人請求賠償。</u></p>		
<p>Article 34</p> <p>Subject to the Statute, Article 24(b) and 33(b), the Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution:</p> <p>(a) resolve that any particular declared dividend be satisfied <u>in whole or</u> in part by the issuance of new Shares credited as fully paid to the Members pursuant to Article 104;</p> <p>(b) effect any capitalisation of any amount pursuant to Article 106 hereof;</p> <p>(c) effect any Spin-off of the Company;</p> <p>(d) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for delegation of the operation, or for frequent joint operation with others;</p> <p>(e) transfer all or a material part of its business or assets;</p> <p>(f) acquire or assume all businesses or assets of another person which will have a material effect on the Company's business operation; <u>or</u></p> <p>(g) <u>undergo a Share Swap.</u></p> <p>第34條</p> <p>於不違反開曼公司法、本章程第24(b)及33條(b)之情形下，公司得</p>	<p>Article 34</p> <p>Subject to the Statute, Article 24(b) and 33(b), the Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution:</p> <p>(a) resolve that any particular declared dividend be satisfied in part by the issuance of new Shares credited as fully paid to the Members pursuant to Article 104;</p> <p>(b) effect any capitalisation of any amount pursuant to Article 106 hereof;</p> <p>(c) effect any Spin-off of the Company;</p> <p>(d) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for delegation of the operation, or for frequent joint operation with others;</p> <p>(e) transfer all or a material part of its business or assets; or</p> <p>(f) acquire or assume all businesses or assets of another person which will have a material effect on the Company's business operation.</p> <p>第 34 條</p> <p>於不違反開曼公司法、本章程第24(b)及33條(b)之情形下，公司得隨時經重度決議：</p>	<p>In order to conform to R.O.C. Company Act and Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, the matters that may be approved by the Supermajority Resolution is amended and newly added.</p> <p>修正及新增公司得以重度決議決定之事項，以符合中華民國公司法及企業併購法之規定。</p>

<p>隨時經重度決議：</p> <p>(a) 將應分派之股息及紅利之<u>全部或一部</u>，依據本章程第104條以發行新股方式為之；</p> <p>(b) 依據本章程第106條所定之轉增資；</p> <p>(c) 進行本公司之任何分割；</p> <p>(d) 締結、變更或終止關於出租全部營業，委託經營或與他人經常共同經營之契約；</p> <p>(e) 讓與全部或主要部份之營業或財產；</p> <p>(f) 受讓他人全部營業或財產，對公司營運有重大影響者；</p> <p><u>(g) 進行股份轉換。</u></p>	<p>(a) 將應分派之股息及紅利之一部，依據本章程第 104 條以發行新股方式為之；</p> <p>(b) 依據本章程第 106 條所定之轉增資；</p> <p>(c) 進行本公司之任何分割；</p> <p>(d) 締結、變更或終止關於出租全部營業，委託經營或與他人經常共同經營之契約；</p> <p>(e) 讓與全部或主要部份之營業或財產；</p> <p>(f) 受讓他人全部營業或財產，對公司營運有重大影響者；</p>	
<p>Article 60</p> <p>In the event any of the following resolutions is passed at a general meeting, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such a resolution prior to the date of the relevant general meeting and has raised again his/her/its objection at the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value:</p> <p>(a) <u>a resolution approving Spin-off, Consolidation, Merger, Acquisition or Share Swap;</u></p> <p>(b) a resolution approving the entry into by the Company, any amendments to or termination of any lease of all of the Company's business, delegation of the operation or frequent joint operation (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of the Company with others;</p>	<p>Article 60</p> <p>In the event any of the following resolutions is passed at a general meeting, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such a resolution prior to the date of the relevant general meeting and has raised again his/her/its objection at the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value:</p> <p>(a) a resolution approving the entry into by the Company, any amendments to or termination of any lease of all of the Company's business, delegation of the operation or frequent joint operation (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of the Company with others;</p> <p>(b) a resolution approving the transfer by the Company of all or a material part of its business or assets, provided that this shall not apply where such transfer is</p>	<p>In order to conform to R.O.C. Company Act and Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, situations in which dissenting Members may request the Company to buy back their shares are added.</p> <p>新增異議股東得行使收買請求權之事由，以符合中華民國公司法及企業併購法之規定。</p>

<p>(c) a resolution approving the transfer by the Company of all or a material part of its business or assets, provided that this shall not apply where such transfer is to be made pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or</p> <p>(d) a resolution approving the acquisition by the Company of all of the business or assets from another person, which will have a material effect on the Company's business operations.</p> <p>第60條 股東會通過下列決議之一時，於股東會開會日期前已以書面通知本公司其反對該項決議之意思表示，並且於股東會提出反對意見的股東，得請求公司以當時公平價格收買其所有之股份：</p> <p>(a) <u>決議同意公司分割、合併、收購或股份轉換；</u></p> <p>(b) 決議同意本公司締結、修改或終止有關出租本公司全部營業、委託經營或與他人經常共同經營的契約之決議；</p> <p>(c) 決議同意本公司轉讓其全部或主要部分的營業或財產之決議，但本公司因解散所為的轉讓不在此限；或</p> <p>(d) 決議同意本公司受讓他人全部營業或財產，對本公司營運產生重大影響者。</p>	<p>to be made pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or</p> <p>(c) a resolution approving the acquisition by the Company of all of the business or assets from another person, which will have a material effect on the Company's business operations.</p> <p>第 60 條 股東會通過下列決議之一時，於股東會開會日期前已以書面通知本公司其反對該項決議之意思表示，並且於股東會提出反對意見的股東，得請求公司以當時公平價格收買其所有之股份：</p> <p>(a) 決議同意本公司締結、修改或終止有關出租本公司全部營業、委託經營或與他人經常共同經營的契約之決議；</p> <p>(b) 決議同意本公司轉讓其全部或主要部份的營業或財產之決議，但本公司因解散所為的轉讓不在此限；或</p> <p>(c) 決議同意本公司受讓他人全部營業或財產，對本公司營運產生重大影響者。</p>	
<p>Article 61 Subject to compliance with the Statute: (a) <u>any dissenting Member filing a request under the preceding Article shall give notice in writing to the Company within</u></p>	<p>Article 61 Subject to compliance with the Statute, in the event of a Spin-off of any part of the Company's business or if the Company is involved in any Merger or Consolidation with any other company, any Member who</p>	<p>In order to conform to R.O.C. Company Act and Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, the rules of procedure and execution for</p>

<p><u>20 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting, such notice shall state the class, the number and the price of the shares to be repurchased. In the event that an agreement on the repurchase price is reached between the Company and the dissenting Member, the company shall pay the agreed repurchase price for the Shares within 90 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting. In the event that no agreement is reached, the Company shall within 90 days after the date on which the resolution was passed, pay such dissenting Member the price to which the Company considers to be the fair price. In the event that the Company fails to pay the price to which the Company considers to be fair price within 90 days after the date in which the resolution was passed, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed on the price requested by the dissenting Member as stated in the dissenting Member's written notice.</u></p> <p>(b) <u>In the event that the dissenting Member requests the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares and no agreement on the buy-back price is reached between the Company and the dissenting Member within 60 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting, the Company shall, within 30 days from the expiry of the 60 day period commence court proceedings against the dissenting Members to which</u></p>	<p>has abstained from voting on such matter (or had voted against such matter) and has expressed his/her/its dissent thereof in writing or verbally (but put on record) before or during the relevant general meeting at which such matter is considered and approved, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value.</p> <p>第 61 條 於不違反開曼公司法下，本公司營業之任一部分被分割，或本公司與其他公司進行創設合併或吸收合併時，於表決該決議之股東會集會時放棄表決權（或投反對票）並於股東會集會前或集會時以書面表示異議或口頭（經紀錄）之股東，得請求公司以當時公平價格收買其所有之全部股份。</p>	<p>exercise of buy-back right are added.</p> <p>新增異議股東收買請求權之程序及執行相關規定，以符合中華民國公司法及企業併購法之規定。</p>
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<p><u>repurchase price cannot be reached for a court order on the repurchase price and for these purposes and to the extent permitted by applicable laws, shall include the Taipei District Court.</u></p> <p>第61條</p> <p>(a) <u>股東為前條之請求，應於股東會決議日起二十日內以書面向本公司提出，並列明股份類別、數量及請求收買價格。股東與本公司間就收買價格達成協議者，本公司應自股東會決議日起九十日內支付價款。未達成協議者，本公司應自決議日起九十日內，依其認為之公平價格支付價款予未達成協議之股東；本公司未支付者，視為同意股東於其書面所列明之請求收買價格。</u></p> <p>(b) <u>股東依前條第(a)項所訂事由向本公司請求收買其所有之股份，且股東與本公司間就收買價格自股東會決議日起六十日內未達成協議者，本公司應於此期間經過後三十日內，以全體未達成協議之股東為相對人，聲請法院為價格之裁定；為履行前述義務，在符合相關法律之前提下，本公司得向臺灣臺北地方法院聲請為前述之裁定。</u></p>		
<p>Article 90 A Director who <u>has direct or indirect</u> interest in the matter proposed at the meeting of the Board (including but not limited to interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company) shall declare the</p>	<p>Article 90 A Director who is directly or indirectly has personal interest in the matter proposed at the meeting of the Board (including but not limited to interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company) shall declare the</p>	<p>新增具有自身利害關係之董事於公司進行併購交易時之說明義務，以符合中華民國企業併購法之規定。</p> <p>In order to conform</p>

<p>important nature of such interest at such meeting. <u>A Director who has a direct or indirect interest in a Merger, Consolidation and Acquisition transaction shall declare his interest to the Board and the Members at any general meeting the material interest in the transaction proposed to be considered and the reason he votes for or against such resolution.</u></p> <p>Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company controlling or is controlled by a Director has interests in the matters proposed at the meeting of the Board, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. A Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Board, which conflicts with and may harm the interests of the Company, shall neither vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director at the relevant meeting for such matter; the votes cast by such Director who is prohibited from voting or exercising any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present for such matter where personal interest exists, HOWEVER, such interested Director may be counted towards the quorum of the meeting.</p> <p>第90條 董事對於董事會議之事項(包括但不限於因契約或預計與公司進行之契約或安排)直接或間接與公司有利害關係者應於當次董事會說明其利害關係之重要內容；</p>	<p>important nature of such interest at such meeting. Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company controlling or is controlled by a Director has interests in the matters proposed at the meeting of the Board, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. A Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Board, which conflicts with and may harm the interests of the Company, shall neither vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director at the relevant meeting for such matter; the votes cast by such Director who is prohibited from voting or exercising any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present for such matter where personal interest exists, HOWEVER, such interested Director may be counted towards the quorum of the meeting.</p> <p>第 90 條 董事對於董事會議之事項(包括但不限於因契約或預計與公司進行之契約或安排)直接或間接與公司有利害關係者應於當次董事會說明其利害關係之重要內容。董事之配偶、二親等內血親，或與董事具有控制從屬關係之公司，就前述會議之事項有利害關係者，視為董事就該事項有自身利害關係。董事於董事會討論時之事項，有自身利害關係致有害於公司利益之虞時，不得加入該議案之表決，且不得代理他董事行使其表決權。上述不得行使表決權之董事之表決權不計入該有自身利害關係議案之已出席董事之表決權數中，但計入董事會開會出席之定足數中。</p>	<p>to R.O.C. Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Director's duties to disclose and explain the personal interest in a Merger, Consolidation and Acquisition transaction is newly added.</p>
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<p><u>於本公司進行併購時，對於該併購交易具有直接或間接利害關係之董事應向董事會及股東會說明其與併購交易自身利害關係之重要內容及贊成或反對併購決議之理由。董事之配偶、二親等內血親，或與董事具有控制從屬關係之公司，就前述會議之事項有利害關係者，視為董事就該事項有自身利害關係。董事於董事會討論時之事項，有自身利害關係致有害於公司利益之虞時，不得加入該議案之表決，且不得代理他董事行使其表決權。上述不得行使表決權之董事之表決權不計入該有自身利害關係議案之已出席董事之表決權數中，但計入董事會開會出席之定足數中。</u></p>		
<p>Article 119</p> <p>(a) <u>The Company shall, before putting a resolution for a proposed Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition for voting at a Board meeting, have its Audit Committee evaluate the fairness and reasonableness of the proposed Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition. The Audit Committee shall submit an evaluation report to the Board meeting and if the general meeting is required pursuant to applicable Statute, to the general meeting.</u></p> <p>(b) <u>The Audit Committee shall appoint an independent expert to provide opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio or distribution of cash or other assets.</u></p> <p>(c) <u>The evaluation report of the Audit Committee and the</u></p>	<p>None.</p>	<p>In order to conform to R.O.C. Company Act and Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, the Company's duty to have its Audit Committee evaluate the plan and transaction of the Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition transaction and the rules of procedure and execution for such evaluation are added.</p> <p>新增公司應將併購計畫與交易交予審計委員會審議之義務及審計委員會進行審議時之相關程序及執行相關規定</p>

opinion of the independent expert shall be delivered to Members together with the general meeting notice. In case a resolution adopted by the general meeting is not required pursuant to the Statute, a report on matters of Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition shall be submitted at the next general meeting.

- (d) The documents required to be delivered to Members as provided in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to have been delivered to Members if the content of such documents has been posted on the website designated by the competent securities authority of R.O.C. and have been made available at the venue of the general meeting.

第119條

- (a) 本公司於召開董事會決議併購事項前，應由審計委員會就併購計畫與交易之公平性、合理性進行審議，並將審議結果提報董事會及股東會。但依開曼公司法規定如無須召開股東會決議併購事項者，得不提報股東會。
- (b) 審計委員會進行審議時，應委請獨立專家就換股比例或配發股東之現金或或其他財產之合理性提供意見。
- (c) 審計委員會之審議結果及獨立專家意見，應於發送股東會召集通知時，一併發送股東；但依開曼公司法免經股東會決議者，應於最近一次股東會就併購事項提出報告。

，以符合中華民國企業併購法之規定。

<p>(d) <u>前項應發送股東之文件，經本公司於中華民國證券主管機關指定之網站公告同一內容，且備置於股東會會場供股東查閱，對於股東視為已發送。</u></p>		
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[Attachment VIII]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others”

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
2. Scope	<p>1. The Company shall proceed with capital lending to others according to these Procedures, Except as specified by <u>financial-related</u> laws and regulations otherwise.</p> <p>2. Subsidiaries of the Company intending to lend funds to others shall establish their own procedures for loaning of funds to others in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, such local laws shall apply at a higher priority.</p>	<p>1. The Company shall proceed with capital lending to others according to these Procedures, except as otherwise specified by other laws and regulations.</p> <p>2. Subsidiaries of which the Company <u>holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of voting shares</u> intending to lend funds to others shall establish their own procedures for loaning of funds to others in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, such local laws shall apply at a higher priority.</p>	Revision of the wording.
IV. Definitions	<p>(above omitted)</p> <p>3. “Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of contract execution, date of payment, date of board resolutions, or other dates valid for</p>	<p>(above omitted)</p> <p>3. “Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of <u>transaction</u> contract execution, date of payment, date of board resolutions, or other dates</p>	Text is amended because capital lending is not a transaction.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	determining the counterpart and amount of capital lending, whichever is earlier.	valid for determining the counterpart and amount of transaction, whichever is earlier.	
V. Content 5.1	(above omitted) 4. The restriction in 5.1, 1 (2) shall not apply to the lending of funds between the Company and an overseas company directly, <u>or indirectly wholly-owned by the Company and lending of funds to such overseas companies by the Company.</u> <u>However, the total amount of capital lending and the limit for individual borrowers in 5.2 shall apply.</u> For a loan term under one year and in a special situation, the financial term can be extended as necessary with the approval of the board of directors. <u>5. The responsible person of the Company breaching paragraph 1 and the exception in the preceding paragraph,</u> <u>shall assume the joint responsibility for repayment with the borrower. If damages are caused to the Company,</u> <u>it shall indemnify for such damages.</u>	(above omitted) 4. The restriction in 5.1, 1 (2) shall not apply to the lending of funds between the Company and an overseas company directly or indirectly wholly-owned by the Company. For a loan term under one year and in a special situation, the financial term can be extended as necessary with the approval of the board of directors.	1. Given the inapplicability of Article 15 of the Company Act to overseas companies, The restrictions on the total amount of capital lending below 40% of the Company's network and a term of less than one year for wholly-owned overseas companies, either directly or indirectly, of a public company as in 5.1-4 are amended.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
			<p>2. 5.1-5 specifying that the responsible person of the Company shall assume joint responsibility for repayment and indemnification of damages caused for over-limit capital lending is added according to paragraph 2, Article 15, Company Act.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
V. Content 5.2	<p>2. Limit for individual borrowers (middle section omitted)</p> <p>(3) Capital lending between the Company and subsidiaries or among subsidiaries</p> <p>The amount of capital lending for individual borrowers shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth. <u>This article shall also apply to the limit of capital lending to borrowers specified in 5.1-4. Which shall govern.</u></p> <p>(omit the below)</p>	<p>2. Limit for individual borrowers (middle section omitted)</p> <p>(3) Capital lending between the Company and subsidiaries or among subsidiaries</p> <p>The amount of capital lending for individual borrowers shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth.</p> <p>(omit the below)</p>	Specify the limit of capital lending for borrowers specified in 5.1-4.
V. Content 5.3	<p>Procedures for capital lending (middle section omitted)</p> <p>(2) Capital lending of subsidies to which 2.2 applies shall be submitted for approval to the <u>the board of directors of the Company.</u></p>	<p>Procedures for capital lending (middle section omitted)</p> <p>(2) Capital lending of subsidies to which 2.2 applies shall be approved by the board of directors <u>of respective subsidiaries.</u></p>	To facilitate control, the approval unit of capital lending of subsidiaries has been raised to the parent company (the Company).
V. Content 5.7	Information disclosure (omit the below)	Information disclosure <u>The following procedures shall apply after the Company</u>	Unnecessary contents are deleted

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
		<u>goes public:</u>	After the Company went public.
V. Content 5.9	<p>Others</p> <p>1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over one half of all audit committee members, the passage of the board meeting, and the approval of the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p><u>All members of the Auditing Committee and all Directors as mentioned are those who are still in office.</u></p> <p>2. The “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others,” and the amendments thereof, established by subsidiaries to which these Procedures apply according to 2.2, shall be approved by the board of directors <u>of the Company.</u></p>	<p>Others</p> <p>1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over one half of all audit committee members, the passage of the board meeting, and the approval of the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p><u>2. After appointing independent directors, this Company shall fully consider their opinions and include their opinions and reasons for or against a proposal in the minutes of board meetings.</u></p> <p>3. The “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others”, and the amendments thereof, established by subsidiaries to which these Procedures apply according to 2.2, shall be approved by their <u>board of directors.</u></p>	<p>1. The contents are amended according to the functions and duties of the audit committee: establishment and amendment of the procedures for handling critical financial business, such as capital lending to others, as specified in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
		<u>Note: The Regulations are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.</u>	2. The content of the original 5.9 2 is deleted. 3. The original 5.9 3 is revised as 5.9 2, and the authorization unit is raised to the parent company (the Company).
VI. Implementation and amendment	These Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors and the approval shareholders meeting.	These Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the <u>approval</u> of the board of directors and the approval shareholders meeting	Revision of the wording.
VII. History and development	These Procedures were instituted on February 25, 2015. First amendment made on June 8, 2017. Second amendment made on June 12, 2018. <u>Third amendment made on June O, 2020.</u>	These Procedures were instituted on February 25, 2015. First amendment made on June 8, 2017. Second amendment made on June 12, 2018.	Character corrections and added the correct dates.

[Attachment VIII]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company’s “Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees”

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
2. Scope	<p>The Company shall make endorsements/guarantees for others according to these Procedures, Except as specified by <u>financial-related</u> laws and regulations otherwise.</p> <p>Subsidiaries of the Company intending to make endorsements/guarantees for others shall establish their own procedures for making endorsements/guarantees in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, such local laws shall apply at a higher priority.</p>	<p>The Company shall make endorsements/guarantees for others according to these Procedures, Except as specified by <u>other</u> laws and regulations otherwise. Subsidiaries of which the Company <u>holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of voting shares</u> intending to make endorsements/guarantees for others shall establish their own procedures for making endorsements/ guarantees in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, such local laws shall apply at a higher priority.</p>	Revision of the wording.
IV. Definitions	<p>(above omitted)</p> <p>“Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of contract execution, date of payment, date of board resolutions, or other dates valid for determining the counterpart, and amount of the <u>endorsement/guarantee</u>, whichever is earlier.</p>	<p>(above omitted)</p> <p>“Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of <u>transaction</u> contract execution, date of payment, date of <u>board resolutions</u>, or other dates valid for determining the counterpart and amount of <u>transaction</u>, whichever is earlier.</p>	Revision of the wording, given that endorsement/guarantee is not atransaction.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
<p>V. Content 5.4</p>	<p>Procedures for making endorsements/guarantees and authorization</p> <p>1. Endorsements/guarantees shall be made with the approval of over one half of all audit committee members and then the resolution of the board meeting.</p> <p>If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p>“All Audit Committee Members” and "All Directors" in these Procedures shall be the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.</p> <p>2. Endorsements/guarantees made by subsidies to which Article 2 applies shall be approved by <u>the Company's</u> board of directors</p> <p>3. Endorsements/guarantees between the Company and companies of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 90% of voting shares as specified in <u>5.2, Article 5</u> shall be made</p>	<p>Procedures for making endorsements/guarantees and authorization</p> <p>1. Endorsements/guarantees shall be made with the approval of over one half of all audit committee members and then the resolution of the board meeting. <u>However, to meet the time constraints, the board of directors may authorize the chairperson to approve endorsements/guarantees within a certain amount before reporting to the board of directors for adoption.</u></p> <p>If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p>“All Audit Committee Members” and "All Directors" in these Procedures shall be the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.</p> <p>2. Endorsements/guarantees made by subsidies to which Article 2 applies shall be approved by <u>their</u> board of directors.</p> <p>3. Endorsements/guarantees between the Company and companies of which the Company holds,</p>	<p>To facilitate control, the approval unit of endorsements/guarantees made by subsidiaries has been raised to the parent company (the Company).</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>according to the resolution made by the board of directors of the Company. <u>The same shall apply to</u> endorsements/guarantees between the Company and directly or indirectly wholly-owned companies of the Company.</p> <p>4. Endorsements/guarantees for business purpose, if required, exceeding <u>the limits and meeting the requirements specified in these Procedures</u> shall be first approved by over one half of all audit committee members and then the board of directors with the joint guarantee <u>for over-limit damages</u> of over one half of all directors. Such endorsements/guarantees shall be reported to the shareholders meeting for adoption according to these Procedures. A plan shall be made to <u>offset</u> the over-limit portion of over-limit endorsements/guarantees disapproved by the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>(middle section omitted)</p> <p>The financial department shall maintain a record on the object and amount, the date of approval of the board or the chairperson, the date of endorsements/ guarantees, and a full record of the items accessed according to related regulations.</p> <p>The financial department shall also keep properly</p>	<p>directly or indirectly, more than 90% of voting shares as specified in <u>paragraph 2 of Article 5</u> shall be made according to the resolution made by the board of directors of the Company, <u>except for</u> endorsements/ guarantees between the Company and directly or indirectly wholly-owned companies of the Company.</p> <p>4. Endorsements/guarantees for business purpose, if required, exceeding the <u>limit of endorsements/guarantees</u> shall be first approved by over one half of all audit committee members and then the board of directors with the joint guarantee of over one half of all directors prior to implementation. Such endorsements/guarantees shall be reported to the shareholders meeting for adoption according to these Procedures. A plan shall be made to <u>eliminate</u> with a time-limit the over-limit portion of over-limit endorsements/guarantees disapproved by the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>(middle section omitted)</p> <p>The financial department shall maintain a record on the object and amount, the date of approval of the board or the <u>chairperson,</u></p>	

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>the related bills and contracts. (omit the below)</p>	<p>the date of endorsements/guarantees, and a full record of the items accessed according to related regulations. The financial department shall also keep properly the related bills and contracts. (omit the below)</p>	
<p>V. Content 5.5</p>	<p>Seal use and custody procedures</p> <p>1. The Company shall use the company <u>seal that the Company registered to the bank</u> as the dedicated seal for making endorsements/guarantees. A special staff member <u>approved by the board of directors</u> shall be designated to keep custody of this <u>seal</u> and use it for issuing bills according to the Company’s seal use procedures.</p> <p>2. When making endorsements/guarantees for a foreign company, the letter of guarantee submitted by the Company shall be signed by the <u>person</u> authorized by the board of directors.</p> <p>When an overseas subsidiary to which Article 2 applies makes endorsements/guarantees for others, the letter of guarantee shall be signed by the responsible person authorized by the board of directors of the</p>	<p>Seal use and custody procedures</p> <p>1. The Company shall use <u>the company seal in the application for business registration and business license</u> as the dedicated seal for making endorsements/ guarantees. A special staff member shall be designated to keep custody of this seal and use it for issuing bills according to the Company’s seal use procedures.</p> <p>2. When making endorsements/guarantees for a foreign company, the letter of guarantee submitted by the Company shall be signed by <u>the chairperson or other people</u> authorized by the board of directors.</p> <p>When an overseas subsidiary to which Article 2 applies makes endorsements/guarantees for others, the letter of guarantee shall be signed by the responsible person</p>	<p>Revision of the contents.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	Company.	authorized by the board of directors of <u>such a subsidiary</u> .	
V. Content 5.6	<p>Information disclosure</p> <p>1. The Company shall publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries of the previous month by the 10th of each month.</p> <p>2. The Company shall immediately publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees within two days after the date of occurrence under any one of the following circumstances:</p> <p>(1) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over 50% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(2) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over 20% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(3) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over NT\$10 million and the total of</p>	<p>Information disclosure <u>The following procedures shall apply after the Company goes public:</u></p> <p>1. The Company shall publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries of the previous month by the 10th of each month.</p> <p>2. The Company shall immediately publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees within two days after the date of occurrence under any one of the following circumstances:</p> <p>(1) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over 50% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(2) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over 20% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(3) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is</p>	<p>1. 5.6-2-(3) is amended to define long-term investments with reference to the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers"</p> <p>2. Amendment of wording.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>endorsements/guarantees, <u>the book value</u> of investment <u>adopting the equality method</u>, and lending balance is over 30% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(4) The amount of new endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over NT\$30 million and over 5% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>3. The Company may represent a subsidiary that is not a domestic public company to publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees as requested in <u>5.6-2-(4)</u>.</p> <p>4. The Company shall assess or recognize the contingent loss for endorsements/guarantees and appropriately disclose information on endorsements/guarantees in the financial statements. The Company shall also provide <u>relevant data</u> for CPAs to <u>implement</u> necessary audit procedures.</p>	<p>over NT\$10 million and the total of endorsements/guarantees, <u>long-term</u> investments, and lending balance is over 30% of the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>(4) The amount of new endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over NT\$30 million and over 5% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.</p> <p>3. The Company may represent a subsidiary that is not a domestic public company to publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees as requested in <u>item (4)</u>.</p> <p>4. The Company shall assess or recognize the contingent loss for endorsements/ guarantees and appropriately disclose information on endorsements/guarantees in the financial statements. The Company shall also provide <u>relevant information for CPAs to implement necessary audit procedures and issue the fair audit report</u>.</p>	
V. Content 5.9	Others 1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over	Others 1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over	1. According to Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>one half of all audit committee members, <u>report to</u> the board meeting <u>for resolution</u>, and the approval of the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>2. If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p>3. <u>The procedures for making endorsements/guarantees, and the amendments thereto, established by subsidiaries to which these Procedures apply according to paragraphs 2 and 3 shall be resolved by the board of directors of the Company.</u></p>	<p>one half of all audit committee members, the passage of the board meeting, and the approval of the shareholders meeting.</p> <p>2. If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.</p> <p><u>3. The Company has appointed independent directors. These Procedures shall be submitted to a board meeting for discussion. When making endorsements/guarantees for others, the opinion of each independent director shall be fully considered, and their decisions and reasons for or against the application shall be explicitly retained in the minutes of board meeting.</u></p> <p>4. <u>The procedures for making endorsements/guarantees for others of subsidiaries to which 5.2 applies are as follows: A subsidiary with no intention to make endorsements/ guarantees for others may apply to the board of directors for exemption to establish such procedures. Otherwise, a subsidiary shall establish its own “Procedures for Making</u></p>	<p>duty of the audit committee covers establishment and amendment of the procedures for important financial business such as making endorsements/guarantees for others. The contents are thus amended.</p> <p>2. Deleted the contents Of the original item 5.9-3.</p> <p>3. Revised the item number of 5.9-4 Into 5.9-3</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments Rationale
		<p><u>Endorsements/Guarantees” according to related regulations, report them to the board for passage, and submit to the shareholders meeting for approval. The same shall apply to the amendments thereof.</u></p> <p><u>Note: These Procedures are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.</u></p>	<p>And raised the approval unit to The parent company (the Company).</p>
VI. Implementation and amendment	<p>After the passage of the board of directors, these Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be approved by the shareholders meeting.</p>	<p>These Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be <u>implemented</u> after the <u>passage</u> of the board of directors and the approval shareholders meeting.</p>	<p>Revision of the wording.</p>
VII. History and development	<p>These Procedures were instituted on: February 14, 2015.</p> <p><u>First amendment made on June O, 2020.</u></p>	<p>These Procedures were instituted on: February 14, 2015.</p>	<p>Addition of the date of amendment.</p>

[Attachment X]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company’s “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings”

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
V. Content 5.4	The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the notice for the meeting of shareholders and the proxy form, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days before the date of the annual general meeting of shareholders (AGM) or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of shareholders. The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the handbook and supplemental meeting materials for the shareholders meeting and upload them to MOPS 21 days before the date of the AGM or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of the shareholders. In addition, 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, the Company shall prepare the handbook for the meeting and supplemental meeting materials and make them available for review by shareholders at all times. The meeting handbook and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the professional shareholder services agent	The Company shall send the meeting notice, the document for power of attorney, motions for ratification and discussion, election or discharge of Directors, including the causes of the motions and supporting materials in electronic format to the MOPS website 30 days prior to a regular session and 15 days prior to a special session of the Shareholders Meeting. The Annual Meeting Handbook and supplementary information of the meeting shall be uploaded to the designated website of the competent authority 21 days prior to a regular session and 15 days prior to a special session of the Shareholders Meeting. The Annual Meeting Handbooks and the supplementary information are made available to shareholders fifteen days prior to the annual meeting of shareholders; also, on display at the Company’s and its Stock Agent’s and distributed to shareholders at the meeting place.	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p><u>designated thereby</u> as well for distribution on-site at the meeting place.</p>		
<p>V. Content 5.6</p>	<p><u>The following matters may be raised by an extraordinary motion, and their principal contents shall be published on the website of the competent authorities of securities and exchange or the websites they designate, and the addresses of these websites shall be listed in the notice of the shareholders meeting.</u> These matters include the election or dismissal of directors, amendments to the articles of Incorporation, <u>capital reduction, application for delisting, abolition of the non-compete clause, capitalization of retained earnings, capitalization of retained earnings, capitalization of capital reserve,</u> dissolution, merger, or spinoff of the company, <u>or any matter under paragraph 1, Article 185, of the Company Act of the Republic of China.</u></p> <p><u>If the “re-election of the complete board of directors” is listed as the purpose of a meeting of shareholders, and the inauguration date is stated, after the completion of the board of directors, the inauguration date</u></p>	<p>The motions of the election or discharge of Directors, amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, dissolution of the Company, merger, spinoff and other matters that cannot be proposed as extemporary motions under law or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company shall be put on the agenda of the meeting, and cannot be proposed as extemporary motions.</p>	<p>Paragraph 1 of this article is amended as per paragraph 5, Article 172, Company Act.</p> <p>Contents are added as per Notice Jing-Shang-Zi No. 10702417500 dated August 6, 2018.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<u>shall not be changed by a motion or other means in the same shareholders meeting.</u>		
V. Content 5.7	A shareholder holding 1 percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company a written proposal for discussion at an AGM. The principle of one proposal for one topic shall apply, and a proposal containing more than one topic will not be discussed. <u>However, the board of directors may include for discussion shareholder proposals aiming to promote public interests or fulfill corporate social responsibility.</u> In addition, the board of directors may not list in the handbook for discussion a proposal under any one of the <u>circumstances specified in paragraph 4, Article 172-1, Company Act of the Republic of China.</u>	Shareholders holding more than 1% of the outstanding shares issued by the Company may propose their motions for the regular session of the Shareholders Meeting in writing. Only one motion per shareholder is permitted and any other motions more than one will not be included on the list of motions. The Board cannot list the motions proposed by shareholders that cannot be included in the agenda under the Articles of Incorporation of the Company as motions in the session.	Contents are amended as per the amendment to paragraph 1, Article 172-1, Company Act, and paragraph 5 added to the same article.
V. Content 5.8	Prior to the final date of stock transfer before an AGM is held, the Company shall announce the place and period of proposal acceptance and the method of acceptance of <u>written or electronic proposals</u> must be a minimum of 10 days.	The Company shall make announcement of the accepting of the motions from shareholders, the place of processing and the duration of submitting the motions prior to the day on which the transfer of company shares by shareholders before the regular session of the Shareholders Meeting should be halted. The duration of processing shall at least be 10 days.	Amended as per paragraph 2, Article 172-1, Company Act.
V. Content 5.9	Each proposal submitted by shareholders shall not exceed 300 words. <u>Proposals</u> longer than 300 words will not be listed in the handbook for discussion. Shareholders making proposals shall be present in person or	Each motion proposed by shareholders should be no more than 300 words and any content in excess of this length will be excluded. Shareholders presenting motions should attend the regular session in person or	Revision of the wording.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	represented by a proxy at the general shareholders meeting and take part in proposal discussion.	appoint a proxy to attend for discussion on the motions.	
V. Content 5.11	(deleted)	In case any of the shareholders entitled to be notified of the Shareholders Meeting cannot receive the meeting notice not because of the intentional omission of the Company, the agenda of the session for the Shareholders Meeting will still be effective and valid.	Deletion of contents and reservation of the article number.
V. Content 5.14	After a proxy form is delivered to the Company, if a shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise its voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is delivered after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.	If specific shareholder desire to attend the session of the Shareholders Meeting in person after appointing a proxy with the power of attorney already delivered to the Company, such shareholder shall petition for the revocation of the power of attorney with the Company at least 2 days prior to the meeting date. If no petition of revocation could be received beyond the aforementioned deadline, the attendance and voting by proxy shall stand.	Revision of the contents.
V. Content 5.18	Shareholders shall attend the shareholders meeting with an admission pass, check-in pass, or other admission documents. Under no circumstances shall the Company arbitrarily add requirements for other documents granting admission to a shareholders meeting. Those recruiting proxy forms shall also bring their identity cards for verification.	Shareholders shall attend the meeting with the presentation of the attendance pass, sign-in card or any other documentation for attending the meeting. Other parties requesting for the entitlement to attend the meeting shall present relevant identification documents for confirmation.	Revision of the contents.
V. Content 5.20	If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. If the chairperson of the	If the session of the Shareholders Meeting is called for by the Board, the Chairman shall preside over the meeting. In the absence of the Chairman due to	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>board is on leave or unable to exercise the powers of a chairperson for whatever reasons, the vice chairperson shall chair the meeting on its behalf. <u>If there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson is on leave or unable to exercise the powers of a chairperson for whatever reasons, the chairperson shall appoint a managing director,</u> or a director if there is no managing director to represent it. If no representative is appointed by the chairperson, the managing director or directors may elect one of them to chair the meeting. When a managing director or director is assigned to chair a shareholders meeting, this managing director or director must have worked at the Company for a minimum of six months and must understand the financial status of the Company. The same requirements shall apply to representatives of institutional directors.</p>	<p>leave or other reasons, the Vice Chairman shall preside over the meeting in the name of and on behalf of the Chairman. If there is no position for a Vice Chairman or in the absence of the Vice Chairman, the Chairman shall appoint one Director to act as the proxy, or, the Directors shall nominate one amongst themselves to preside over the meeting. Directors entitled to act on behalf of and in the name of the Chairman shall be in office for at least 6 months and have good understanding of the financial position and operation of the Company. The same requirement is applied to representatives of institutional directors.</p>	
V. Content 5.21	<p>A shareholders meeting convened by the board of directors is advised to be hosted by a chairperson of the board in person and attended in person by over one half of all directors of the board and by at least one member of each functional committee. <u>Their attendances shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.</u></p>	<p>At least more than half of the Directors shall attend a session of the Shareholders Meeting called for by the Board.</p>	Revision of the contents.
5.24	<p>The Company shall maintain full video and audio records of the meeting starting from the check-in and registration, during</p>	<p>The Company shall keep track on all sessions of the Shareholders Meeting from the time the shareholders registered</p>	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p>the meeting, and the election.</p> <p>The said audiovisual data shall be retained for at least one year.</p> <p>If a lawsuit is filed according to Article 189 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, the said audiovisual data shall be retained until the end of the suit.</p>	<p>for the meeting, the entire session, to the balloting and counting of votes continuously by voice recording and videotaping.</p> <p>The aforementioned voice records and videotapes shall be retained for at least 1 year. If specific shareholders instated legal action against the Company in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or under law, the aforementioned voice records and videotapes shall be kept until the completion of the legal proceedings.</p>	
V. Content 5.26	<p>The chairperson shall call the meeting to order at the scheduled meeting time. However, when the shareholders in attendance do not represent over one half of the total number of issued shares, the chairperson may announce a postponement. A meeting shall be postponed for a maximum to two times, each not exceeding one hour. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the shareholders in attendance still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chairperson shall adjourn the meeting.</p> <p>If the quorum is not met after two postponements mentioned in the preceding paragraph, but the number of shares represented by shareholders in attendance accounts for a third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted in accordance with paragraph 1, Article 175, the Company Act of the Republic of</p>	<p>The Chairman shall announce for the session at the exact time set for the Shareholders Meeting, and shall announce for the postponement of the meeting if the number of shareholders present falls below half of the quantity of outstanding shares. Only 2 postponements may be allowed and the duration of delay could not be longer than one hour inclusively. If the number of shareholders present still falls below half of the quantity of outstanding shares after 2 postponements, the Chairman shall announce for the cancellation of the session. If it is necessary for the Shareholders Meeting to convene again, call for a new round of session in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation.</p>	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p><u>China. All shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month.</u></p> <p><u>If the number of shareholders in attendance represent over one half of the total number of issued shares, the chairperson may resubmit the tentative resolution for voting at the shareholders meeting according to Article 174 of the Company Act of the Republic of China.</u></p>		
V. Content 5.27	<p>The board of directors shall plan the agenda for shareholders meetings it convenes. <u>Related proposals (including extraordinary motions and revisions of the original proposals)</u> shall be voted on one by one. The meeting shall be proceeded with as planned. Under no circumstances shall the board of directors alter the agenda without the resolution of the shareholders meeting.</p>	<p>The Board shall set the agenda for the convention of Shareholders Meeting at its call. The meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda and no change is permitted unless at the resolution of the Shareholders Meeting.</p>	<p>Amendment is made according to the one-by-one voting of proposals after full-scaled e-voting was adopted for public companies in 2018.</p>
V. Content 5.30	<p>A chairperson shall grant ample opportunities for the full explanation and discussion of proposals and amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders. A chairperson may end the discussion and call for a vote of sufficiently discussed proposals, with <u>arrangement of sufficient time for voting.</u></p>	<p>The Chairman shall give sufficient time and opportunity for the shareholders to discuss the motions, amendment to the motions, or extemporary motions, and shall interrupt the discussion on due time for referring the motions to voting.</p>	<p>Amendment is made to prevent the compression of time for shareholders to vote by the meeting convener, which will affect shareholders' exercise of their voting right in the absence of sufficient time.</p>
V. Content 5.41	<p>Except for <u>a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the trust or</u></p>	<p>If particular shareholder representing 2 or more other shareholders in balloting, except</p>	<p>Revision of the contents.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	<p><u>securities competent authorities of the Republic of China</u>, when a person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by such a proxy shall not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares, and the percentage of voting rights exceeding such a limit will not be considered.</p>	<p>the appointment of the Chairman of the Shareholders Meeting as proxies in balloting in writing or via electronic mean as stated in 5.43, the votes cast by such shareholders shall not be representing more than 3% of the total votes and any vote in excess of this quantity shall not be counted.</p>	
V. Content 5.42	<p>Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share held, <u>except for restricted shares or non-voting shares under paragraph 2, Article 179 of the Company Act of the Republic of China.</u></p>	<p><u>Shareholders are entitled to one vote for the holding of each share unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Company specified otherwise.</u></p>	Revision of the contents.
V. Content 5.43	<p>When holding a shareholders meeting, the Company may allow shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, provided that the methods of voting shall be specified in the meeting notice. When exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a shareholder shall be deemed as present in the meeting personally. However, such a shareholder shall be considered as a waiver when voting for extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals. It is therefore advisable that <u>the Company shall avoid extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals at the meeting.</u></p>	<p>When the Shareholders Meeting is in session, balloting could be made by correspondence or electronic mean. The method of voting by correspondence or electronic mean shall be inscribed in the meeting notice. Shareholders casting their votes by correspondence or electronic mean shall be deemed appointment of the Chairman of the Shareholders Meeting to cast the votes as per the instruction inscribed in the correspondence or electronic file. However, these shareholders shall be construed as abstaining from voting on amendments to extemporary motions or amendments to the motions proposed in the session.</p>	Amendment is made according to the one-by-one voting of proposals after full-scaled e-voting was adopted for public companies in 2018.
V. Content 5.46	<p>Except as specified in the Company Act and the articles of Incorporation of the Company otherwise, a proposal shall be</p>	<p>Resolution of the motions shall be made by a simple majority of the votes represented by the shareholders in session unless</p>	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	passed by an affirmative vote of over one half of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. (omit the below)	the Articles of Incorporation of the Company specified otherwise (omit the below)	
V. Content 5.47	<u>(deleted)</u>	If the Chairman has inquired the opinions from the shareholders in session on particular motion without objection from the shareholders, it shall be deemed unanimous consent for the motion. If there is objection, proceed to the aforementioned method of balloting for resolution. Any other motions or amendments to or substitute of the original motions which were not inscribed in the agenda shall be seconded by other shareholders.	Deletion of contents and reservation of the article number.
V. Content 5.52	The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signature of the scrutineers and retained properly for at least one year. If a lawsuit is filed according to <u>Article 189 of the Company Act of the Republic of China</u> , such ballots for the election shall be retained until the end of the suit.	The ballots for the aforementioned election shall be sealed and signed by the monitors, and kept for at least 1 year. If specific shareholder instated legal action against the Company on the resolution of the Shareholders Meeting in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the aforementioned ballots shall be kept until the completion of the legal proceedings.	Revision of the contents.
V. Content 5.55	The meeting minutes shall contain the accurate year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the full name of the chairperson, the methods by which resolutions were made, a summary of the deliberations and the <u>voting results (including the weight of statistics), and the number of votes of each candidate for directorial elections</u> , if any. Meeting	The exact date including day, month and year, the name of the chairman, the method of resolution, and summary of the procedure and the result shall be inscribed in the minutes of meeting on record and kept within the perpetuity of the Company.	Amendment is made to fulfill the spirit of one-by-one voting of proposals with reference to the Asian Corporate Governance Association (ACGA).

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
	minutes shall be retained permanently during the existence of the Company.		
V. Content 5.56	(deleted)	If the inquiry made by the Chairman for the opinions of the shareholders in session on particular motion is the method of resolution as mentioned, and the motion deemed passed without objection from the shareholders, the detail shall be tracked as “Motion passed by common consent of the Shareholders on inquiry of the Chairman”. If specific shareholder has objection, specify the method of balloting, and number of votes for the motion and the distribution of the votes.	Deletion of contents and reservation of the article number.
V. Content 5.58	If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under the regulations specified by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company , the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to MOPS by the required time-limit.	If a motion for balloting involved information in materiality under law, the Company shall transmit the content to the designated website of the competent authority by the designated deadline.	Revision of the contents.
V. Content 5.65	Shareholders may postpone or continue the meeting within five days through resolution in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act of the Republic of China .	According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Shareholders Meeting may resolve to postpone or continue the session within 5 days after the Chairman has announced for the discontinuation of the session.	Revision of the contents.
VI. Implementation and amendment	These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption at the shareholders meeting.	The Rules of Procedure shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders Meeting for coming into force. The same procedure is applicable to any amendment thereto.	Revision of the contents.

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	原條文內容	Recommended amendments Rationale
		Note: The Rules of Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.	
VII. History and development	These Rules were established on February 14, 2015. <u>First revision made on June O, 2020.</u>	The Rules of Procedure were instituted on: February 24 2015.	Correction of the error in the date of establishment. Addition of the date of amendment.

[Appendix I]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles (before amendment)

Article 1 (Purpose and Scope)

These Principles are established according to the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies” and the related laws and regulations to maintain fairness, honesty, faithfulness, and transparency in business activities; foster a corporate culture of ethical management and sound development; and actively prevent unethical behaviors, in order to provide a dependent able reference for employees of the Company to carrying out business activities.

These Principles are applicable to the Company and subsidiaries, foundations to which the Company contributes, either directly or indirectly, over 50% of funds in accumulation, and other organizations or companies ("business group") over which the Company has substantial control.

Article 2 (Prohibition of Unethical Behavior)

When engaging in business activities, directors, managers, employees, and mandataries of the Company or persons having substantial control over such companies ("substantial controllers") shall not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request or accept any undue (improper) benefits, nor commit unethical acts including breach of ethics, illegal acts, or breach of fiduciary duty ("unethical behavior") for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits.

Parties referred to in the preceding paragraph include civil servants, political candidates, political parties, or members of political parties, state-owned enterprises (SOEs) or private enterprises, and their directors, supervisors, managers, employees, substantial controllers, or other stakeholders.

Article 3 (Types of Benefits)

"Benefits" in these Principles mean any valuable things, including money, endowments, commissions, positions, services, preferential treatment or rebates of any type or in any name. Benefits received or given occasionally in accordance with accepted social customs and that do not adversely affect specific rights and obligations shall be excluded.

Article 4 (Legal Compliance)

The Company shall comply with the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act, Business Entity Accounting Act, Political Donations Act, Anti-Corruption Statute, Government Procurement Act, Act on Recusal of Public Servants Due to Conflicts of Interest, TWSE/GTSM listing rules, or other laws or regulations regarding business activities, as the underlying basic premise to facilitate ethical corporate management.

Article 5 (Policy)

With respect to the business philosophy of integrity, transparency, and responsibility, the Company shall formulate policies upon integrity, and establish mechanisms for good corporate governance and risk control and management to create a business environment for sustainable development.

Article 6 (Preventive Programs)

The Company shall state, clearly and thoroughly, in the ethical management policy the practices and the programs to forestall unethical behavior ("preventive programs"), including operating procedures, guidelines, and training.

When establishing the preventive programs, the Company shall comply with the relevant laws and regulations of the territory where the Company and the business group are operating.

In the course of developing the preventive programs, the Company should negotiate with staff, labor unions members, important trading counterparts, or other stakeholders.

Article 7 (Scope of Preventive Programs)

When establishing preventive programs, the Company shall analyze business activities within the scope of business with higher risk of involvement in unethical behaviors and enhance related preventive measures accordingly.

The Company shall establish preventive programs to prevent at least the following unethical behavior:

1. Offer and acceptance of bribes.
2. Illegal political donations.
3. Improper charitable donations or sponsorship.
4. Offer or acceptance of unreasonable presents, hospitality, or other improper benefits.
5. Misappropriation of trade secrets and infringement of trademark rights, patent rights, copyrights, and other intellectual property rights.
6. Engagement in unfair competitive practices.
7. Damage directly or indirectly caused to the rights or interests, health, or safety of consumers or other stakeholders in the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, quality control, provision, or sale of products and services.

Article 8 (Commitment and Implementation)

The Company and respective business group shall state in the rules and external documents the ethical corporate management policies and the commitment by the board of directors and management on rigorous and thorough implementation of such policies, and shall carry out the policies in internal management and in business activities.

Article 9 (Ethical Management of Business Activities)

This company shall engage in business activities in a fair and transparent manner based on the principles of ethical management.

Prior to any business transactions, the Company shall take into account the legality of agents, suppliers, clients, or other trading counterparts and whether any of them are involved in unethical behavior, and shall avoid any dealings with persons so involved. When entering into contracts with agents, suppliers, clients, or other trading counterparts, the Company shall include in such contracts terms requiring compliance with ethical corporate management policy and that in the event the trading counterparties are involved in unethical behavior, the Company may at any time terminate or rescind the contracts.

Article 10 (No Offer and Acceptance of Bribes)

When behaving business, the Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall not directly or indirectly offer, promise to offer, request, or accept any improper benefits in whatever form to or from clients, agents, contractors, suppliers, public servants, or other stakeholders.

Article 10 (No Illegal Political Donations)

When directly or indirectly making donations to political parties or organizations or individuals participating in political activities, the Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall comply with the Political Donations Act and the Company's relevant internal operating procedures, and shall not make such donations in exchange for business gains or business advantages.

Article 12 (No Improper Charitable Donations or Sponsorship)

When making or offering donations and sponsorship, the Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall comply with the relevant laws and regulations and internal operating procedures, and shall not surreptitiously engage in bribery.

Article 13 (No Offer or Acceptance of Unreasonable Presents or Hospitality, or Other Improper Benefits)

The Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall not directly or indirectly offer or accept any unreasonable presents, hospitality or other improper benefits to establish business relationships or influence business transactions.

Article 14 (No IP Infringement)

The Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall abide by the applicable laws and regulations, the Company's internal operating procedures, and contractual provisions in relation to intellectual property, and shall not use, disclose, dispose, or damage intellectual property or otherwise breach

intellectual property rights without the prior consent of the intellectual property rights holder.

Article 15 (No Unfair Competition)

The Company shall engage in business activities in accordance with the applicable competition laws and regulations, and shall not fix prices, make rigged bids, establish output restrictions or quotas, or share or divide markets by allocating customers, suppliers, territories, or lines of business.

Article 16 (Prevention of Harm to Stakeholders from Products/Services)

In the course of research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services, the Company and our directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers shall abide by the applicable laws and regulations and international standards to ensure the transparency of information about and the safety of the products and services. The Company shall also adopt and publish a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders, and carry out the policy in operations, with a view to prevent products and services from directly or indirectly harming the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders. Where there are sufficient facts to determine that the Company's products or services are likely to pose any hazards to the safety and health of consumers or other stakeholders, the Company shall, in principle, recall those products or suspend the services immediately.

Article 17 (Organization and Responsibility)

The directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall exercise the due care of good administrators to urge the Company to prevent unethical behavior, always review the results of the preventive measures, and continually make adjustments in order to ensure thorough implementation of the Company's ethical corporate management policies.

To achieve sound ethical corporate management, the Company shall establish a dedicated unit under the board of directors to establish and supervise the implementation of the ethical corporate management policies and preventive programs. The dedicated unit shall be in charge of the following matters and report to the board of directors on a regular basis:

1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategies and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.
2. Establishing programs to prevent unethical behavior, and setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and behavior guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business.

3. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical behavior.
4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to the ethics policy.
5. Developing a whistleblower system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.
6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, and preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures.

Article 18 (Business Legal Compliance)

The directors, supervisors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall comply with laws and regulations and the preventive programs when conducting business.

Article 19 (Avoidance of Conflict of Interest)

Apart from adopting policies for avoidance of conflicts of interest to identify, monitor, and manage conflicts of interests that may cause the risk of involving unethical behavior, the Company shall provide appropriate channels for directors and managers to attend or other stakeholders attend as guests a board meeting to voluntarily explain whether or not there are potential conflicts of interests between them and the Company.

When a proposal made at a board meeting attended by directors and managers or attended as guests by other stakeholders concerns their interests or the interests of the companies they represent, they shall state the important aspects of the interests at the board meeting. If there are conflicts of interests, they shall sidestep the discussion or voting and shall not exercise voting rights for other directors. Directors shall maintain self-discipline and shall not support one another in improper dealings.

The directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers of the Company shall not take advantage of their positions or influence in the Company to gain undue or improper benefits for themselves, their spouses, parents, children, or any other person.

Article 20 (Accounting and Internal Control)

The Company shall establish an effective accounting system and an internal control system for business activities with higher risk of involving unethical behavior and shall not keep a second book or private accounts. These systems shall be reviewed regularly to ensure that their design and implementation are continually effective.

The internal audit unit of the Company shall audit the compliance of the said systems regularly and submit an audit report to the board of directors. The internal audit unit may

also appoint a certified public account to carry out the audit and hire professionals for assistance, where necessary.

Article 21 (Operating Procedures and Behavior Guidelines)

The Company shall establish operating procedures and behavior guidelines to guide directors, managers, employees, and substantial controllers on how to behavior business. The procedures and guidelines shall cover at least the following:

1. Standards for determining the offer or acceptance of improper benefits.
2. Procedures for legally offering political donations.
3. Procedures and standard rates for offering charitable donations or sponsorship.
4. Rules for avoiding work-related conflicts of interests and how they should be reported and handled; and establishment of a reporting system to encourage internal and external personnel to voluntarily report offences or improper behaviors to ensure business ethics and integrity.
5. Rules for keeping trade secrets and confidential and sensitive business information acquired from business operations.
6. Regulations and procedures for dealing with suppliers, clients and transaction counterparts suspected of unethical behavior.
7. Handling procedures for violations of these Principles.
8. Disciplinary measures on offenders.

Article 22 (Education, Training, and Evaluation)

The chairperson, general manager (president), or senior management of the Company shall communicate the importance of corporate ethics to its directors, employees, and mandataries on a regular basis.

The Company shall arrange training and awareness programs periodically for directors, managers, employees, mandataries, and substantial controllers and invite the business counterparts for them to understand the Company's resolve to implement ethical corporate management, the related policies, preventive programs and the consequences of committing unethical behavior.

Apart from integrating the ethical corporate management policy with employee performance evaluation and human resources policies, the Company shall establish an explicit and effective reward and punishment system.

Article 23 (Whistleblower System)

The Company shall adopt a defined whistleblower system and operate the system scrupulously. The whistleblower system shall include at least the following:

1. An independent mailbox or hotline, either internally established and publicly announced or provided by an independent external institution, to allow internal and external personnel of the company to submit reports.
2. Dedicated personnel or units appointed to handle the whistleblower system. Reports involving a director or the senior supervisor shall be reported to the independent directors

or supervisors. Categories of reported misbehavior shall be delineated and standard operating procedures for the investigation of each shall be adopted.

3. Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes, investigation results, and relevant documents.

4. Anonymization of the identity of whistleblowers and confidentiality of the content of reported cases.

5. Measures for protecting whistleblowers from inappropriate disciplinary actions due to their whistleblower.

6. Incentives for whistle-blowers.

When material misbehavior or likelihood of material impairment to the Company comes to attention upon investigation, the dedicated personnel or unit handling the whistleblower system shall immediately prepare a report and notify the independent directors or supervisors in writing.

Article 24 (Disciplinary and Appeal System)

The Company shall adopt and publish a well-defined disciplinary and appeal system for handling violations of the ethical corporate management rules, and shall immediately publish on the Company's intranet the title and name of the violator, the date and details of the violation, and the actions taken in response.

Article 25 (Information Disclosure)

The Company shall collect quantitative data about the promotion of ethical management and continuously analyze and assess the effectiveness of promotion of the ethical management policy. The Company shall also disclose the measures taken for implementing ethical corporate management, the status of implementation, the foregoing quantitative data, and the effectiveness of promotion on the corporate website, annual reports, and prospectuses; and ethical corporate management best practice principles on the Market Observation Post System.

Article 26 (Review and Revision of the Ethical Corporate Management Policies and Measures)

The Company shall at all times monitor the development of relevant local and international regulations concerning ethical corporate management and encourage their directors, managers, and employees to make suggestions, based on which the adopted ethical corporate management policies and measures taken will be reviewed and improved with a view to achieving better implementation of ethical management.

Article 27 (Implementation)

These Principles, and the amendment thereof, shall be implemented after the board of directors grants the approval.

When submitting ethical corporate management best practice principles to the board of directors for discussion according to the preceding paragraph, the opinion of each

independent director shall be taken into full consideration, and the objections or reservations expressed by independent directors shall be clearly recorded in the board meeting minutes. If independent directors are unable to attend a board meeting to express their objections or reservations in person, unless a good cause is otherwise presented, such opinions shall be presented in writing in advance and clearly recorded in the board meeting minutes.

Article 28

These Principles, and the amendments thereof, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors.

These Principles were established on April 8, 2015.

[Appendix II]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Behavior(before amendment)

I. Purpose

The Company engages in business activities following the principles of fairness, honesty, faithfulness, and transparency. In order to practice the ethical management policy and proactively prevent unethical behavior, these Procedures are established with respect to the provisions of the “Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies” established by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company to specify the cautions for business operations for employees of the Company to carry out their duties.

2. Scope

These Procedures and Guidelines shall apply to the Company and subsidiaries, foundations to which the Company contributes, either directly or indirectly, over 50% of funds in accumulation, and other organizations or companies over which the Company has substantial control.

III. Authority and Responsibility

The Company shall designate a dedicated unit to be the solely responsible unit for the amendment, implementation, interpretation, and consultation services of these Procedures and Guidelines, the recording and filing of reports, and the monitoring of implementation. The major functions and duties are as follows:

1. Assisting in incorporating ethics and moral values into the Company's business strategy and adopting appropriate preventive measures against corruption and malfeasance to ensure ethical management in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations.
2. Adopting programs to prevent unethical behavior and setting out in each program the standard operating procedures and behavior guidelines with respect to the Company's operations and business.
3. Planning the internal organization, structure, and allocation of responsibilities and setting up check-and-balance mechanisms for mutual supervision of the business activities within the business scope which are possibly at a higher risk for unethical behavior.
4. Promoting and coordinating awareness and educational activities with respect to ethics policy.
5. Developing a whistle-blowing system and ensuring its operating effectiveness.
6. Assisting the board of directors and management in auditing and assessing whether or not the preventive measures for ethical management are effectively implemented, preparing reports on the regular assessment of compliance with ethical management in operating procedures, and attending the board meeting as a guest.

IV. Definitions

"Personnel of the Company" in these Procedures and Guidelines refer to any directors, managers, employees, mandataries or persons having substantial control of the Company or its group enterprises and organizations.

Any provisions, promises, requests, or acceptance of improper benefits by any personnel of the Company through a third party will be presumed as an act of the personnel of the Company.

V. Content

3.1 "Unethical Behavior" in these Procedures and Guidelines means that any personnel of the Company, in the course of their duties, directly or indirectly provides, promises, requests, or accepts improper benefits or commits a breach of ethics, unlawful act, or breach of fiduciary duty for purposes of acquiring or maintaining benefits.

The counterparties of unethical behavior in the preceding paragraph include government officials, political candidates, political parties or their staffs, and state-owned or private-owned enterprises or institutions and their directors, managers, employees, persons having substantial control, or other interested parties.

3.2 "Benefits" in these Procedures and Guidelines mean any money, gratuity, gift, commission, position, service, preferential treatment, rebate, facilitating payment, entertainment, dining, or any other item of value in whatever form or name.

3.3 Except under any one of the following circumstances, when providing, accepting, promising, or requesting, directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in 3.3, the behavior of the given personnel of the Company shall comply with these Procedures and Guidelines, and the relevant procedures shall have been carried out:

3.5.1 The behavior is undertaken to meet business needs and is in accordance with local courtesy, convention, or custom during domestic (or foreign) visits, reception of guests, promotion of business, and communication and coordination.

3.5.2 The behavior has its basis in ordinary social activities that are attended or others are invited to hold in line with accepted social custom, business purposes, or developing relationships.

3.5.3 Invitations to guests or attendance at business activities or factory visits in relation to business needs, when the method of fee payment, number of participants, class of accommodations, and the time period for the event or visit have been specified in advance.

3.5.4 Attendance at folk festivals that are open to and invite the attendance of the general public.

3.5.5 Rewards, emergency assistance, condolence payments, or honorariums from the management.

3.5.6 Money, property, or other benefits offered to or accepted from a person other

than relatives or friends, and only gifts with the Company's logo.

3.5.7 Other behaviors that comply with the rules of the Company.

3.4 Except under any of the circumstances set forth in the preceding paragraph, when any personnel of the Company are provided with or are promised, either directly or indirectly, any benefits as specified in 3.2 by a third party, the matter shall be handled in accordance with the following procedures:

3.4.1 If there is no relationship of interest between the party offering the benefit and the official duties of the Company's personnel, the personnel shall report to their immediate supervisor within 3 days from the acceptance of the benefit, and the responsible unit shall be notified, if necessary.

3.4.2 If a relationship of interest does exist between the party offering the benefit and the official duties of the Company's personnel, the personnel shall return or refuse the benefit, and shall report to his or her immediate supervisor and notify the responsible unit. When the benefit cannot be returned, then within 3 days from the acceptance of the benefit, the personnel shall refer the matter to the responsible unit for handling.

"A relationship of interest between the party providing or offering the benefit and the official duties of the Company's personnel," as referred to in the preceding paragraph, refers to one of the following circumstances:

3.4.3 When the two parties have business dealings, a relationship of direction and supervision, or subsidies (or rewards) for expenses.

3.4.4 When a contracting, trading, or other contractual relationship is being sought, is in progress, or has been established.

3.4.5 Other circumstances in which a decision regarding the Company's business, or the execution or non-execution of business, will result in a beneficial or adverse impact.

The responsible unit of the Company shall make a proposal, based on the nature and value of the benefit under paragraph 1, that it be returned, accepted on payment, given to the public,

donated to charity, or handled in another appropriate manner. The proposal shall be implemented after being reported and approved.

3.5 The Company shall neither provide nor promise any facilitating payment.

If any personnel of the Company provide or promise a facilitating payment under threat or intimidation, they shall submit a report to their immediate supervisor stating the facts and notify the responsible unit.

Upon receipt of the report under the preceding paragraph, the responsible unit shall take immediate action and undertake a review of relevant matters in order to minimize

the risk of recurrence. In a case involving alleged illegality, the responsible unit shall also immediately report to the relevant judicial agency.

3.6 Political contribution by the Company shall be made in accordance with the following provisions, reported to the supervisor for approval, and notified to the responsible unit. It shall be made only after being reported to and approved by the board of directors:

3.6.1 It shall be ascertained that the political contribution is in compliance with the laws and regulations governing political contributions in the country in which the recipient is located, including the maximum amount and the form in which a contribution may be made.

3.6.2 A written record of the decision-making process shall be kept.

3.6.3 Account entries shall be made for all political contributions in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and relevant procedures for accounting treatment.

3.6.4 When making political contributions, business dealings, applications for permits, or carrying out other matters involving the interests of the Company with the related government agencies shall be avoided.

3.7 Charitable donations or sponsorships by the Company shall be provided in accordance with the following provisions and reported to the superior for approval, and notified to the responsible unit. Based on the division of authorization, the amount of donation or sponsorship shall be reported to and approved by the authorization officer or the board of directors prior to implementation.

3.7.1 It shall be ascertained that the donation or sponsorship is in compliance with the laws and regulations of the country where the Company is doing business.

3.7.2 A written record of the decision-making process shall be kept.

3.7.3 A charitable donation shall be given to a valid charitable institution and may not be a disguised form of bribery.

3.7.4 The returns received as a result of any sponsorship shall be specific and reasonable, and the subject of the sponsorship may not be a counterparty of the Company's business dealings or a party with which any personnel of the Company has a relationship of interest.

3.7.5 After a charitable donation or sponsorship has been given, it shall be ascertained that the destination to which the money flows is consistent with the purpose of the contribution.

3.8 When a proposal made at a board meeting attended by directors and managers or attended as guests by other stakeholders concerns their interests or the interests of the companies they represent, they shall state the important aspects of the interests at the board meeting.

If there are conflicts of interests with the Company, they shall sidestep the discussion or voting and shall not exercise voting rights for other directors. Directors shall maintain self-discipline and shall not support one another in improper dealings.

If personnel of the Company discover that a potential conflict of interest with themselves or

the company they represent when carrying out the Company's business, or that they or their spouse, parents, children, or a person with whom they have a relationship of interest is likely to acquire improper benefits, the personnel shall report the relevant matters to both his or her immediate supervisor and the responsible unit, and the immediate supervisor shall provide the personnel with proper instructions.

No personnel of the Company shall use corporate resources on business activities other than that of the Company, nor shall any personnel's job performance be affected by their involvement in the business activities other than that of the Company.

3.9 The Company shall set up a special unit to establish and implement procedures for managing, preserving, and maintaining the confidentiality of the Company's intellectual properties, such as trade secrets, trademarks, patents, and works. This special unit shall review the results of implementation periodically to ensure the operating procedures are continually effective.

Personnel of the Company shall faithfully follow the operational directions pertaining to intellectual properties as mentioned in the preceding paragraph and shall not disclose to any other party any intellectual properties, including trade secrets, trademarks, patents, and works, of the Company they acknowledge, nor shall they inquire about or collect any intellectual properties, such as trade secrets, trademarks, patents, and works of the Company irrelevant to their duties.

3.10 The Company shall observe the Fair Trade Act and applicable competition laws and regulations when engaging in business activities, and shall not fix prices, manipulate bids, establish output restrictions or quotas, or share or divide markets by allocating customers, suppliers, territories, or lines of commerce.

3.11 The Company shall collect and understand the applicable laws and regulations and international standards governing its products and services which it shall observe and gather and publish all guidelines to cause personnel of the Company to ensure the transparency of information about, and safety of, the products and services in the course of their research and development, procurement, manufacture, provision, or sale of products and services.

The Company shall adopt and publish on the corporate website a policy on the protection of the rights and interests of consumers or other stakeholders to prevent products and services from directly or indirectly damaging the rights and interests, health, and safety of consumers or other stakeholders.

When there are media reports, or sufficient facts to determine, that the Company's products or services are likely to pose any hazards to the safety and health of consumers or other stakeholders, the Company shall recall those products or suspend the services, verify the facts, and propose a review and improvement plan.

The responsible unit of the Company shall report the event as in the preceding paragraph, actions taken, and subsequent reviews and corrective measures taken to the board of

directors.

- 3.12 All Company personnel shall comply with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Act and shall not engage in insider trading with the undisclosed information they have acknowledged.

Personnel are also prohibited from divulging undisclosed information to any other party in order to prevent the other party from using such information to engage in insider trading.

Any organizations or persons outside of the Company involved in any mergers, demergers, acquisitions, and share transfers, major memoranda of understanding, strategic alliances, other business partnership plans, or the signing of a major contract by the Company shall be required to sign a non-disclosure agreement in which they undertake not to disclose to any other party any trade secret or other material information of the Company acquired as a result, and that they may not use such information without the prior consent of the Company.

- 3.13 The Company shall disclose the ethical corporate management policy in the internal rules and annual reports and on the corporate websites, and in other publicity materials, and make timely announcements of the policy in events held for outside parties such as product launches and investor press conferences in order to make its suppliers, customers, and other business-related institutions and personnel fully aware of its principles and rules with respect to ethical management.

- 3.14 Before developing a business relationship with another party, such as an agent, supplier, customer, or other business counterpart, the Company shall evaluate the legality and ethical management policy of the party and ascertain whether the party has a record of involvement in unethical behavior in order to ensure that the party behaviors business in a fair and transparent manner and will not request, offer, or take bribes.

When carrying out the evaluation under the preceding paragraph, the Company may adopt appropriate audit procedures to review of the following matters of the business counterpart in order to understand its state of ethical management:

- 3.14.1 The enterprise's nationality, location of business operations, organizational structure, and management policy, and place where it will make payment.
- 3.14.2 Whether the enterprise has adopted an ethical management policy, and the status of its implementation.
- 3.14.3 Whether enterprise's business operations are located in a country with a high risk of corruption.
- 3.14.4 Whether or not the business operated by the enterprise is in an industry with a high risk of bribery.
- 3.14.5 The long-term business condition and degree of goodwill of the enterprise.
- 3.14.6 Consultation with the enterprise's business partners on their opinion of the enterprise.

- 3.14.7 Whether or not the enterprise has a record of involvement in unethical behavior such as bribery or illegal political contributions.
- 3.15 When engaging in business activities, personnel of the Company shall state to the trading counterpart the ethical management policy and related rules of the Company, and expressly refuse to provide, promise, request, or accept, directly or indirectly, any improper benefits in whatever form or name.
- 3.16 Personnel of the Company shall avoid business transactions with an agent, supplier, customer, or other business counterpart involved in unethical behavior.
- When the business counterpart or partner is found to have engaged in unethical behavior, the personnel shall immediately cease dealing with the counterpart and blacklist it for any further business interactions in order to effectively implement the Company's ethical management policy.
- 3.17 Before entering into a contract with another party, the Company shall acquire a thorough understanding of the status of this party's ethical management, and include the Company's ethical management policy as part of the terms and conditions of the contract, which shall include at the least the following items:
- 3.17.1 When a party to the contract becomes aware that personnel violated the terms and conditions pertaining to the prohibition of acceptance of commissions, rebates, or other improper benefits, the party shall immediately notify the other party of the violator's identity, the manner in which the provision, promise, request, or acceptance was made, and the monetary amount or other improper benefit that was provided, promised, requested, or accepted. The party shall also provide the other party with pertinent evidence and cooperate fully with the investigation. If damages are caused a party, this party may claim indemnity from the other party and deduct the full amount of the damages from the contract price payable.
- 3.17.2 If a party is found engaging in unethical behavior in its business activities, the other party may terminate or rescind the contract unconditionally at any time.
- 3.17.3 Defined and reasonable payment terms shall be established, including the place and mode of payment and the requirement for compliance with related tax laws and regulations.
- 3.18 To incentivize insiders and outsiders to report unethical or improper behaviors, the Company will grant a reward with respect to the severity of the reported event. Insiders making a false report or malicious accusation shall be punished with disciplinary actions or dismissed for a severe offence.
- The Company shall internally establish and publicly announce on its website and the intranet, or provide through an independent external institution, an independent mailbox or hotline, for Company insiders and outsiders to submit reports. A

whistleblower shall at least furnish the following information: A whistleblower shall at least furnish the following information:

- 3.18.1 The whistleblower's name and I.D. number, and an address, telephone number and e-mail address where he/she can be reached.
 - 3.18.2 The informed party's name or other information sufficient to distinguish their identifying features.
 - 3.18.3 Specific facts available for investigation.

Personnel handling whistle-blowing matters shall represent in writing that they will keep confidential the whistleblower's identity and contents of information.

The Company also undertakes to protect the whistleblowers from improper treatment due to their whistle-blowing.

The responsible unit of the Company will handle the case according to the following procedures:
 - 3.18.4 Events involving ordinary employees shall be reported to the department head. Events involving a director or senior officer shall be reported to the independent director or audit committee.
 - 3.18.5 The responsible unit of the Company and the department head or personnel being reported to in the preceding subparagraph shall immediately verify the facts and, where necessary, with the assistance of the legal compliance or other related department.
 - 3.18.6 If a person being informed of is confirmed to have indeed violated the applicable laws and regulations or the Company's policy and regulations of ethical management, the Company shall immediately require the violator to cease the behavior and shall make an appropriate disposition. When necessary, the Company will institute legal proceedings and claim damages to safeguard its reputation and its rights and interests.
 - 3.18.7 Documentation of case acceptance, investigation processes and investigation results shall be retained for five years and may be retained electronically.

In the event of a suit in respect of the whistleblowing case before the retention period expires, the relevant information shall continue to be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
 - 3.18.8 With respect to a confirmed information, the Company shall charge relevant units with the task of reviewing the internal control system and relevant procedures and proposing corrective measures to prevent recurrence.
 - 3.18.9 The responsible unit of the Company shall submit to the board of directors a report on the whistleblowing case, actions taken, and subsequent reviews and corrective measures.
- 3.19 If any personnel of the Company discovers that a party has engaged in unethical behavior towards the Company, and such unethical behavior involves alleged

illegality, the Company shall report the relevant facts to the judicial and prosecutorial authorities; where a public service agency or public official is involved, the Company shall additionally notify the government anti-corruption agency.

3.20 Every year the responsible unit of the Company shall organize awareness education activities and invite the chairperson, general manager, or senior management to communicate the importance of ethics to the directors, employees, and mandataries.

The Company shall link ethical management to employee performance evaluation and the human resources policy, and establish clear and effective systems for rewards, penalties, and grievances.

If any personnel of the Company seriously violate the code of ethical conduct, the Company shall dismiss the personnel or terminate the employment in accordance with applicable laws and regulations or the personnel policy and procedures of the Company.

The Company shall disclose on the intranet the name and title of the violator, the date and details of the violation, and the actions taken in response.

3.21 When these Procedures and Guidelines are submitted to the board of directors for discussion, the opinion of each independent director shall be taken into full consideration, and their objections and reservations expressed shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting. An independent director unable to attend a board meeting in person to express objection or reservation shall provide a written opinion before the board meeting, and the opinion shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

VI. Implementation and amendment

These Procedures and Guidelines, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by resolution of the board of directors, and shall be delivered to each supervisor and reported to the shareholders meeting.

Note: The Regulations are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VII. History and development

These management regulations were established on April 8, 2015.

[Appendix III]

THE COMPANIES LAW (2018 REVISION) (before amendment)

AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY(CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

Amended by Special Resolution passed on the 6 day of June, 2019

THE COMPANIES LAW (2018 REVISION)
AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

**(Amended by Special Resolution passed on
the 6 day of June, 2019)**

1. The name of the Company is **STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION** 強信機械科技股份有限公司.
2. The Company is a company limited by shares.
3. The registered office of the Company is at Harneys Services (Cayman) Limited, 4th Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, P.O. Box 10240, Grand Cayman KY1-1002, Cayman Islands or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.
4. The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by any law as provided by Section 7(4) of the Companies Law (as amended) of the Cayman Islands (the "Statute")
5. The Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit as provided by Section 27(2) of the Statute.
6. Nothing in the preceding sections shall be deemed to permit the Company to carry on the business of a Bank or Trust Company without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Banks & Trust Companies Law (as amended), or to carry on Insurance Business from within the Cayman Islands or the business of an Insurance Manager, Agent, Sub-agent or Broker without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Insurance Law (as amended), or to carry on the business of Company Management without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Companies Management Law (as amended).
7. The Company, as an exempted company, will not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands; provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent the Company effecting and concluding contracts in the Cayman Islands, and exercising in the Cayman Islands all of its powers necessary for the carrying on of its business outside the Cayman Islands.
8. The liability of the members of the Company is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares respectively held by them.
9. The authorised capital of the Company is NT\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 shares of a par value of NT\$10.00 each provided always that subject to the Statute and the Articles of Association the Company shall have power to redeem or repurchase any of its shares and to sub-divide or consolidate the said shares or any of them and to issue all or any part of its capital whether original, redeemed, increased or reduced with or without any preference, priority, special privilege or other rights or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly

provide every issue of shares whether stated to be ordinary, preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.

10. Capitalised terms that are not defined in this Memorandum of Association bear the same meaning as those given in the Articles of Association of the Company

THE COMPANIES LAW (2018 REVISION)
AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

**(Amended by Special Resolution passed on
the 6 day of June, 2019)**

1. In these Articles, the regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Statute shall not apply and, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

“Applicable Public Company Rules”	means the ROC laws, rules and regulations governing public reporting companies or companies listed on any ROC stock exchange or securities market that from time to time are required by the relevant regulator as being applicable to the Company, including, without limitation, the Company Act of the ROC, the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the FSC and the rules and regulations promulgated by any of the ROC Securities Exchanges, as amended from time to time;
“approved stock exchange”	has the meaning as defined in the Statute and including the Taipei Exchange (the GreTai Securities Market) of Taiwan and the Taiwan Stock Exchange;
“Articles”	means these Articles of Association in their present form or as supplemented, altered or substituted from time to time by Special Resolution;
“Audit Committee”	means the audit committee of the Board established pursuant to these Articles;
“Board”	means the board of Directors appointed or elected pursuant to these Articles or, as the case may be, the Directors present at a meeting of Directors at which there is a quorum;
“Class” or “Classes”	means any class or classes of Shares as may from time to time be issued by the Company;
“Company”	means STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION 強信機械科技股份有限公司.;

“Consolidated Company”	means the new company that results from the consolidation of two or more Constituent Companies;
“Consolidation”	means the combination of two or more Constituent Companies into a Consolidated Company and the vesting of the undertaking, property and liabilities of such companies in the Consolidated Company within the meaning of the Statute;
“Constituent Company”	means a company that is participating in a Merger or a Consolidation with one or more other companies within the meaning of the Statute;
“delegation of the operation”	means delegation of the operation of the business (委託經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time;
“Directors”	means the directors for the time being of the Company;
“dividend”	means dividends, capital distributions and capitalisation issues;
“frequent joint operation”	means frequent joint operation (經常共同經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time;
“FSC”	means the Financial Supervisory Commission of the ROC;
“Independent Directors”	means the Directors who are elected as "Independent Directors" pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules;
“listed Shares”	means Shares which are traded or listed on an approved stock exchange;
“Market Observation Post System”	means the public company reporting system maintained by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, online via http:// mops.twse.com.tw/ ;
“Member”	means a person who is registered as the holder of Shares in the Register of Members;
“Memorandum”	means the memorandum of association of the Company as amended or substituted from time to time;
“Merger”	means the merging of two or more Constituent Companies and the vesting of their undertaking, property and liabilities in one of such companies as the Surviving Company within the meaning of the Statute;
“month”	means a calendar month;
“notice”	means written notice as further provided in these Articles unless otherwise specifically stated;

"Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company"	means a company whose shares are not listed any of the ROC Securities Exchanges;
"Officer"	means any person appointed by the Board to hold an office in the Company;
"Ordinary Resolution"	subject to these Articles, means a resolution: <p>(a) pass by not less than a simple majority of votes casted at a general meeting attended by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company and where a poll is taken, by not less than a simple majority of the number of votes cast by such Members; or</p> <p>(b) so long as the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members and the effective date of the resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument, or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed;</p>
"Register of Members"	means the principal register and any branch register of Members of the Company to be maintained at such place within or outside the Cayman Islands as the Board shall determine from time to time;
"Registered Office"	means the registered office of the Company as required by the Statute;
"Remuneration Committee"	means the remuneration committee of the Board, established pursuant to these Articles;
"ROC" or "Taiwan"	means Taiwan, the Republic of China;
"ROC Securities Exchanges"	means the Taipei Exchange (the GreTai Securities Market) (including the Emerging Stock Market) and the Taiwan Stock Exchange of the ROC;
"Seal"	means the common seal of the Company and includes each and every duplicate seals;
"Secretary"	includes an assistant secretary and any person, firm, or corporation appointed by the Board to perform the secretarial duties of the Company;
"Share"	means a share in the capital of the Company. All references to "Shares" herein shall be deemed to be Shares of any or all Classes as the context may require and, for the avoidance of doubt, in these Articles the expression "Share" shall include a fraction of a Share;
"Share Swap"	means, an act wherein the shareholders of a company transfer all of the company's issued shares to another company, such company issues its shares or pay cash or transfers other property to the shareholders of the

first company as consideration for the transfer in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

“Solicitor”	means any Member, a trustee business or a securities agent mandated by Member(s), who solicits an instrument of proxy from any other Member to appoint him/her/it as a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting, pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules;
“Special Resolution”	subject to these Articles, means a resolution : (a) passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast at a general meeting attended by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution has been duly given; or (b) so long as the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members aforesaid, and the effective date of the special resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed;
“Spin-off”	refers to an act wherein a transferor company transfers all of its independently operated business or any single independently operated business to an existing or a newly incorporated company as consideration for that existing transferee company or newly incorporated transferee company to issue new shares to the transferor company or to members of the transferor company;
“Statute”	means the Companies Law (as amended) of the Cayman Islands and every statutory modification, re-enactment or revision thereof for the time being in force;
“Subsidiary”	means, with respect to any company, (1) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of the issued voting shares or the total amount of the capital stock are directly or indirectly held by such company; (2) the entity that such company has a direct or indirect control over its personnel, financial or business operation; (3) the entity, one half or more of whose directors are concurrently acting as the directors of such company; or (4) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of issued voting shares or the total amount of the capital stock are held by the same member(s) of such company;
“Supermajority Resolution”	subject to these Articles, means a resolution passed by a majority of votes at a general meeting attended by Members, as being entitled to do so, voting in

person or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, representing two-thirds or more of the total issued shares of the Company. However, where the total number of shares represented by the Members present at such general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total issued shares of the Company, but is more than one half of the total issued shares of the Company, "Supermajority Resolution" shall instead mean a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by the Members attending that meeting, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at such general meeting;

"Surviving Company"	means the sole remaining Constituent Company into which one or more other Constituent Companies are merged within the meaning of the Statute;
"Taiwan Clearing House"	means the Taiwan Clearing House established by the Taiwan Payments Clearing System Development Foundation to process check clearing and settlement services;
"Treasury Shares"	means a Share held in the name of the Company as a treasury share in accordance with the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules;
"Transfer Prohibition Period"	so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the transfer prohibition period refers to the date from 60 days prior to and including the convening date of a regular general meeting, or 30 days prior to and including the convening date of an extraordinary general meeting until and including the date of the regular general meeting or extraordinary general meeting (as applicable).
"written" and "in writing"	include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender, and vice versa.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Articles or the Statute.

Words importing persons only include natural persons, companies or associations or bodies of persons whether incorporated or not.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

References to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method.

2. The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after incorporation as the Board shall deem fit. The Company shall comply with the laws and regulations as well as business ethics and may take actions which will promote public interests in order to fulfill the social responsibilities.

3. Subject to all applicable laws, the Board may pay, out of monies of the Company, all expenses incurred in connection with the formation and establishment of the Company including the expenses of registering the Company as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands.

CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES

4. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, Shares of the Company shall be issued in scripless form unless the issuance of share certificates is required by the provisions of the Applicable Public Company Rules. In case where certificates for Shares were issued, certificates representing Shares of the Company shall be in such form as shall be determined by the Board. Such certificates may be under Seal. All certificates for Shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall specify the Shares to which they relate. The name and address of the person to whom the Shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of Shares and date of issue, shall be entered in the Register of Members. All certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the existing issued certificate(s) representing the Shares to be transferred shall have been surrendered and cancelled. The Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in a particular case, that any or all signatures on certificates may be printed thereon or affixed by mechanical means.
5. Notwithstanding Article 4 of these Articles, if a certificate for Shares is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of a reasonable fee and on such terms (if any) as to evidence, indemnity and to payment of any expenses of the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the Board shall deem fit.

ISSUE OF SHARES

6. (a) Subject to the provisions, if any, in connection with the Memorandum and to any resolution of Members of the Company in general meeting and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing Shares, the Board may allot, issue, grant options over or otherwise dispose of Shares of the Company (including fractions of a Share) to such persons, at such times and on such other terms as the Board deems proper, provided that no Share shall be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Statute and any Applicable Public Company Rules, and PROVIDED ALWAYS that, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in these Articles, the Company shall be precluded from issuing bearer Shares.

(b) Subject to the Statute, the Company may issue new Shares with restrictive rights ("Restricted Shares") to the employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries as approved by way of a Supermajority Resolution, PROVIDED that Article 8(a) shall not apply in respect of such issuance and so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the terms and conditions of such Restrictive Shares, including but not limited to the number of the shares to be issued, the issuance price, and any other related matters shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
7. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new Shares for cash consideration in Taiwan, the Company shall allocate ten percent (10%) of the total number of such new Shares to be issued, for offering to the public in Taiwan unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the FSC or other Taiwan authorities, for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering. However, if the Members by Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting resolves to offer a percentage higher than the aforementioned ten percent (10%) to the public in Taiwan, the percentage resolved as such shall prevail. The Company may determine that certain percentage of the total number of such new Shares be offered to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries for subscription with terms and conditions including but not

limited to the respective percentage and restriction on transfer of such Shares as determined by the Board at its discretion in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

8. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise resolved by Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting, where the Company proposes to issue new Shares for cash consideration, the Company shall make a public announcement and send notices to Members in order to notify each Member that he/she/it is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of the remaining new Shares (after allocation of the public offering portion and the employee subscription portion as set out in Article 7 above) to be issued for cash consideration. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members that if any Member fails to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of such remaining new Shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its pre-emptive right to purchase such new Shares. In the event that Shares held by a Member are insufficient for such Member to exercise the pre-emptive right to purchase one new Share, the entitlement of pre-emptive right of several Members may be combined together for joint purchase of new Shares or for purchase of new Shares in the name of a single Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the remaining new Shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may offer the balance of such unsubscribed Shares to the public or to a specific person or persons in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
 - (b) The pre-emptive right of the Members under Article 8(a) shall not apply if new Shares are issued in any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) in connection with a Merger or Consolidation with another company, or pursuant to any Spin-off or reorganization of the Company;
 - (ii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under warrants and/or options issued by the Company, including those issued in accordance with the employee incentive programs under Article 11(a);
 - (iii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds issued by the Company which are convertible into Shares or which entitle its holders to acquire Shares;
 - (iv) in connection with Shares issued pursuant to a statutory private placement in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules; and
 - (v) in connection with new fully-paid up Shares issued to the Members as satisfaction of declared dividend pursuant to Article 104, and/or as effecting any capitalisation of any other amount pursuant to Article 106.
9. The Company shall only issue fully paid-up Shares.
 10. (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of these Articles, the Company may by Special Resolution designate one or more classes of shares with preferred or other special rights as the Company, by Special Resolution, may determine (shares with such preferred or other special rights, the "Preferred Shares"), and cause the rights and obligations of Preferred Shares to be set forth in these Articles.
 - (b) The rights and obligations of Preferred Shares may include but not limited to the following terms and shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules:
 - (i) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of Dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;
 - (ii) the order of priority and fixed amount or ratio of allocation of residual assets of the Company;

- (iii) the order of priority for or restriction on the voting right(s) of the Members holding the Preferred Shares, or the grant of no voting right thereof;
 - (iv) the method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply; and
 - (v) other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares.
11. (a) Notwithstanding Article 6(b) and any on-market repurchase stipulated under Article 16 and 17, the Company may, by way of a Board resolution passed by a simple majority at a duly convened meeting attended by at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors then in office, adopt one or more employee incentive programs pursuant to which the Company may issue Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries, PROVIDED THAT, if the price of such Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments fall below the closing price of such Company Shares on the issuing date, then a Special Resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of votes cast at a general meeting attended by a majority of Members, being entitled to do so, either by proxy or in person is required. The Company may enter into agreements with employees of the Company and the employees of its Subsidiaries pursuant to the incentive program approved according to this Article, whereby employees may subscribe, within a specific period of time, a specific number of Shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive program. However, options, warrants or other similar instruments issued pursuant to this Article are not transferable save by inheritance upon the death of the holder thereof, and so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the terms and conditions of such Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law, these Articles and to the approval by the Board and as resolved through Ordinary or Supermajority Resolution as the case may be, the Company may pay to the employees of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company an annual compensation from the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year (as defined in Article 102 below), which may be payable in cash, fully paid-up Shares, or any combination of both, and the Board may determine the implementation methods relating to such annual compensation to employees. The annual compensation, if any, shall be effected out of the Annual Profit (as defined in Article 102 below).
- (c) When the Company issues options or warrants to its employees pursuant to the employee incentive programs aforementioned in this Article 11(a), the number of underlying Shares for each issuance of such options or warrants may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares of the Company (immediately before the issuance of such options and warrants), and the aggregated number of the Shares underlying all such outstanding options and warrants may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of total issued Shares of the Company (immediately before the issuance of such options and warrants). The number of options and/or warrants granted by the Company mentioned herein shall comply with any Applicable Public Company Rules.
12. The Company shall maintain a Register of Members, and any such register maintained in respect of listed Shares may be kept by recording the particulars as required by the Statute in a form otherwise than legible if such recording otherwise complies with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange. Subject to the provisions of the Statute and Articles 15 and 41 below, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a principal or branch Register of Members at such location as the Board deems fit. The Company shall cause to be kept at the place where the principal register is kept a duplicate of any branch register duly entered up from time to time. In addition, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall, upon any issuance of new Shares, cause such shares to be credited to the accounts of the subscribing Members maintained with the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules within thirty (30) days from the

date of issuance of such Shares, and shall make a prior public announcement pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

13. (a) The instrument of transfer of any Share shall be in any usual or common form or such other form as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, approve and be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and if so required by the Board, shall also be executed by or on behalf of the transferee and shall be accompanied by the certificates (if any) for the Shares to which the transfer relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a Member until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect of the relevant Shares.
- (b) Subject to the Statute and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Articles, title to listed Shares may be evidenced and transferred in accordance with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares.
14. The registration of transfers may be suspended when the Register of Members is closed for transfers in accordance with Article 25.
15. For so long as the Shares are listed on one of the ROC Securities Exchanges, the Company shall keep and maintain a branch Register of Members in Taiwan.

REDEMPTION, PURCHASE, SURRENDER AND TREASURY SHARES

16. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum and the Articles, notwithstanding Article 6, the Company is authorised to issue Shares which are redeemable at the option of the Company or its Members on such terms and in such manner as the Company may by Special Resolution determine before the issue of such Shares.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum, the Article, Applicable Public Company Rules and any rights conferred on the holders of any Class of Shares, the Company may repurchase its own Shares (including fractions of a Share), including any redeemable Shares, provided that the manner and terms of the repurchase have first been authorised by the Company in a general meeting by an Ordinary Resolution and the Company may make payment therefor in any manner authorised by the Statute, including but not limited to out of capital, and the Shares so repurchased by the Company shall be cancelled. The number of Shares to be repurchased and cancelled by the Company pursuant to such Ordinary Resolution shall be pro rata among the Members in proportion to the number of Shares held by each Member.
- (c) Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the consideration payable by the Company to any Member in respect of a repurchase of Shares by the Company may be paid in cash or may be satisfied by the transfer of any assets. Where the consideration payable by the Company to a Member in respect of a repurchase of Shares by the Company is to be satisfied by the transfer of any assets ("Non-Cash Consideration"), the Board shall, prior to the general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares, (i) conduct a valuation on the said assets and such valuation must be audited and certified by an accountant admitted to practice in the ROC and (ii) seek specific consent from each Member who is to receive such Non-Cash Consideration and must receive his/her/its written consent prior to the general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares. In the event that written consent is not received from a Member in respect of Non-Cash Consideration, the Company shall pay cash consideration in an amount equals to such Non-Cash Consideration to such Member in respect of the repurchase of Shares from such Member. The assets to be transferred to Members by the Company in respect of a

repurchase of Shares and the audited valuation of such assets shall be approved by an Ordinary Resolution at the same general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares.

- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing and subject to the provisions of the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company may purchase its Shares listed and traded on such ROC Securities Exchange in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules without being subject to the application of Article 16(b) and (c) if such purchase is authorised by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board except that the quorum necessary for a Board meeting considering such on-market repurchases shall be at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors in office, and the Board shall report the execution status of such repurchase to the Members at the next general meeting.
 - (e) No Share may be redeemed or purchased unless it is fully paid-up.
 - (f) The Company may accept the surrender for no consideration of any fully paid Share (including a redeemable Share) unless, as a result of the surrender, there would no longer be any issued Shares of the Company other than shares held as Treasury Shares.
 - (g) The Company is authorised to hold Treasury Shares in accordance with the Statute.
 - (h) The Board may classify any of the Shares that it purchases or redeems, or any shares surrendered to it as Treasury Shares in accordance with the Statute.
 - (i) Shares held by the Company as Treasury Shares shall continue to be classified as Treasury Shares until such Shares are either cancelled or transferred in accordance with the Statute.
 - (j) A Treasury Share shall not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of these Articles or the Statute.
17. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, any transfer by the Company of any Treasury Share to any employee of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries for less than the average actual purchase or redemption price, shall require the prior approval of the Members in general meeting by way of a Special Resolution. A summary of the following matters relating to the Company's transfer of Treasury Shares to employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries must be specified in the notice of the general meeting where such authorization is sought:
- (i) the proposed transfer price, the discount rate, the bases of calculations and the reasonableness thereof;
 - (ii) the number of Treasury Shares to be transferred, and the purpose and the reasonableness of the proposed transfer;
 - (iii) qualifications of the employees, and the number of Treasury Shares they may purchase; and
 - (iv) impact on shareholders' equity, such as additional expenses incurred, reduction of the Company's earnings per share, and the financial burdens on the Company resulting from transferring Treasury Shares to employees at less than the average actual purchase or redemption price.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules (including Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by *Exchange-Listed* and *OTC-Listed* Companies promulgated by the FSC), the aggregate number of Treasury Shares transferred to employees in accordance with Article 17 (a) may not exceed five (5) percent of the total issued Shares, and the aggregate number of shares to any single employee may not exceed 0.5 percent of the total issued Shares.

- (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, when the Company transfers its Treasury Shares to any employee of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, the Company may enter into a contract with such employee for the purpose of restricting such employee's subsequent transfers of his/her Shares (so transferred to him/her by the Company) for a period of no more than two (2) years.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS OF SHARES

- 18. (a) If at any time the Share capital of the Company is divided into different Classes of Shares, the rights attached to any Class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied by a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of common Shares and a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of Shares of that Class. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall apply to every such general meeting of the holders of a Class of Shares.
 - (b) Upon the creation of any new Class of Shares or alteration of the rights of existing Class of Shares (being ordinary shares), the Company shall amend the Memorandum and/or these Articles to state the rights and obligations of such Classes of Shares into these Articles.
19. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any Class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class, be deemed to be varied by the creation, allotment or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith or subsequent to them or by the redemption or purchase of Shares of any Class by the Company.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

20. In case of the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased Member was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased Member where the deceased Member was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the deceased Member's interest in the Shares, but nothing contained herein shall release the estate of any such deceased holder from any liability in respect of any Shares which had been held by him/her solely or jointly with other persons.
21. (a) Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other way other than by transfer) may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder of the Share or to make such transfer of the Share to such other person nominated by him/her/it as the deceased or bankrupt person could have made and to have such person registered as the transferee thereof, but the Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or, in accordance with Article 25, suspend, registration of the transfer as it would have had in the case of a transfer of the Share by that Member before his/her death or bankruptcy as the case may be.
- (b) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder he/she/it shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him/her/it stating that he/she/it elects to be so registered.
22. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other case than by transfer) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he/she/it would be entitled if he/she/it were the registered holder of the Share, except that he/she/it shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the Share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by the Shares in relation to meetings of the Company.
23. (a) The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any Share as the absolute

owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any equitable claim or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person.

(b) No person shall be entitled to recognition by the Company as holding any Share on any trust and the Company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise, (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any other right in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety of the share in the holder.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL & CHANGE OF LOCATION OF REGISTERED OFFICE

24. (a) Subject to and in so far as permitted by the provisions of the Statute, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
- (i) increase its share capital by such sum, to be divided into Shares of such Classes and amount, as the resolution shall prescribe;
 - (ii) consolidate all or any of its share capital into Shares of a larger amount than its existing Shares;
 - (iii) subdivide its existing Shares or any of them into Shares of a smaller amount provided that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced Shares shall be the same as it was in case of the Share from which the reduced Shares is derived; and
 - (iv) cancel any shares that at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled;
- (b) The Company may from time to time, by Special Resolution and subject to compliance with the provisions of the Statute, reduce its share capital or share premium account or capital redemption reserve or other undistributed reserve in any manner permitted by law.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may by resolution of the Board change the location of its registered office.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBER AND RECORD DATE

25. For purpose of determining Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof, or Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination as to the Members of the Company for any other proper purpose, the Board may determine that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers for any period. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Register of Members may only be closed in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.
26. To the extent required by Applicable Public Company Rules, in lieu of or apart from closing the Register of Members, the Board may fix in advance one or more dates as the record dates for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Members, or for the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend.

GENERAL MEETING

27. (a) The Company may in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT, for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, an annual general meeting shall be held within six (6) months following the end of each fiscal year of the Company and it shall be specified as such meeting in the notice convening the same. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, all general meetings

- shall be convened by the Board.
- (b) Member(s) continuously holding 50% or more of the total number of outstanding shares of the Company for a period of three (3) months or a longer time may convene an extraordinary general meeting. The calculation of the holding period and holding number of shares shall be based on the holding at the time of share transfer suspension date.
28. The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall determine provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute, and unless otherwise determined by the Board, all general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if the Board resolves to hold a general meeting outside Taiwan, the Company shall apply for the approval of the applicable ROC Securities Exchange within two (2) days after the Board passes such resolution. Where a general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent licensed in Taiwan to be present at such general meeting and to handle the administration of such general meeting, including without limitation, the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members.
29. General meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings. The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever they determine that such a meeting is necessary in their absolute discretion.
30. The Board shall, upon a Members' requisition, forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company. For the purpose of these Articles, a "Members' requisition" is a requisition of one or more Member(s) of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than three percent (3%) of the total number of issued Shares at the time of requisition and whose Shares shall have been held continuously by such Member(s) for at least one (1) year.
31. The requisition from the Member(s) must be in writing and shall express the purpose of the extraordinary general meeting to be requisitioned and must be signed by the requisitioner(s) and deposited at the Registered Office. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
32. If the Board does not within fifteen (15) days from the date of deposit of the requisition dispatch the notice to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitioner(s) may themselves convene the extraordinary general meeting. An extraordinary general meeting convened as aforesaid by requisitioner(s) shall be convened and held in the same manner as nearly as possible in which general meetings are convened and held by the Board.
33. (a) Subject to the Statute and without prejudice to other provisions of these Articles as regards the matters to be dealt with by Special Resolution, the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution:
- (i) change its name;
 - (ii) alter or add to these Articles;
 - (iii) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein; or
- (b) Subject to the Statute, the Company may, by a Special Resolution, effect a Merger or a Consolidation of the Company in accordance with the Statute.
34. Subject to the Statute, Article 24(b) and 33(b), the Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution:
- (a) resolve that any particular declared dividend be satisfied in part by the issuance of new Shares credited as fully paid to the Members pursuant to Article 104;
 - (b) effect any capitalisation of any amount pursuant to Article 106 hereof;

- (c) effect any Spin-off of the Company;
 - (d) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for delegation of the operation, or for frequent joint operation with others;
 - (e) transfer all or a material part of its business or assets; or
 - (f) acquire or assume all businesses or assets of another person which will have a material effect on the Company's business operation.
- 34.1 For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may, by at least two-thirds (2/3) of votes cast by Members at a general meeting with a quorum of more than half of the total number of the issued Shares, issue securities by way of private placement within the territory of the ROC, provide that, for issuance of straight corporate bonds by way of private placement within the territory of the ROC, the Company may do so solely by resolution of the Board of Directors and such issuance can be in a single or a series of tranches taking place within one year from the date of the resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 34.2 Subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall not, without passing a resolution adopted by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the total number of votes represented by the issued shares in the Company:
- (a) enter into a Merger, in which the Company is not the surviving company and is proposed to be struck-off and thereby dissolved, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the surviving or newly incorporated company is a Non TWSE- Listed or TPEX-Listed Company;
 - (b) make a general transfer of all the business and assets of the Company, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the assigned company is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company;
 - (c) be acquired by another company as its wholly-owned subsidiary by means of a Share Swap, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the acquirer is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company; or
 - (d) carry out a Spin-off, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the surviving or newly incorporated spun-off company is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company.
35. Subject to the Statute, the Company may by Special Resolution resolve to wind up the Company voluntarily, provided that for resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily because the Company is unable to pay its debt as they fall due, it shall be passed by Supermajority Resolution.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

36. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least thirty (30) days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least fifteen (15) days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting. All notices convening general meetings of the Company shall be exclusive of the day on which it is dispatched or deemed to be transmitted and the day of the meeting.

37. A general meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called on shorter notice than that specified in these Articles, be deemed to have been properly called if it is so agreed by all the Members having the right to attend and vote at an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting (as the case may be).
38. The non-receipt of notice of a meeting, by any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate the resolutions passed at or the proceedings of that meeting.
39. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall send materials as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules (including written ballots if the Members may exercise their votes by means of written ballots at general meetings, proxy form, and summary information and details about issues for recognition, discussion, election or dismissal of Directors) relating to the matters to be discussed in each meeting together with the notice convening the general meeting in accordance with Article 36 hereof and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System. The Board shall prepare a meeting handbook for the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, which will be sent to or made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the date of the annual general meeting, and at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of an extraordinary general meeting.
40. Any of the following matters should be listed on the notice of the general meeting, which shall contain a summary of the material issues to be discussed in respect of these matters, and shall not be brought up as extemporaneous motions. The matters to be discussed may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the above notice:
- (a) election or removal of Directors;
 - (b) alteration of the Memorandum and/or these Articles; and
 - (c) reduction of capital; and
 - (d) application for the approval of ceasing to be a listed company or ceasing its status as a public company in the jurisdiction of ROC;
 - (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, Consolidation, Share Swap, or Spin-off, (ii) the entry into, any changes to or termination of any contract for lease of the Company's whole business, entrusted business or frequent joint venture of the Company with others, (iii) transfer of the whole or any material part of the business or assets of the Company, (iv) acceptance of the transfer of the whole business or assets from another person which will have a material effect on the business operation of the Company;
 - (f) ratification of an action of Director(s) who is/ are engaged in business for him/herself or on behalf of another person, such business being within the scope of the business of the Company;
 - (g) payment of dividends to Members to be satisfied in part by way of issuance of new Shares;
 - (h) distribution to Members in the form of new shares or cash on a pro-rata basis based on their respective shareholding in the Company to be paid out of the Company's share premium account and/or a distributable reserve of the Company (including, but not limited to, any capital reserve arising from contributed surplus account which are distributable or endowment income and Legal Reserve) subject to the Statute and these Articles; and
 - (i) private placement of any equity securities to be issued by the Company.

The matters set out in Article 40(a) to Article 40(i) (inclusive) and Article 17 (a) shall not be raised as an ad hoc motion at any general meeting of the Company.

41. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall keep printed copies of the Memorandum, these Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the branch Register of Members in Taiwan, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the offices of the Company's branch share registrar in Taiwan (if any) and the Company's securities agent located in Taiwan unless electronic copies of the aforementioned documents may be kept pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. From time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his/her interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, the Members may inspect, review or make copies of the aforementioned documents, and the Company shall cause the Company's branch share registrar to make the aforementioned documents available to the Members. The Board or other authorized conveners of general meetings of the Company may require the Company or the Company's branch share registrar to provide with the branch Register of Members.
42. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall make copies of all statements and records prepared by the Board and the report prepared by the Audit Committee available at its securities agent located in Taiwan no later than ten (10) days prior to the date of the general meeting in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. Members may, at their own expenses, inspect, review or copy the aforementioned documents from time to time and such Members may be accompanied by their advisors, attorneys or certified public accountants for the purpose of such inspection and review.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

43. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business and is maintained throughout the meeting. Unless otherwise provided for in these Articles, two or more Members present in person, or by proxy representing, more than one-half of the total issued Shares, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.
44. So long as the Shares are or listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall comply with the relevant Applicable Public Company Rules whereby following the end of each fiscal year of the Company, the Board shall table at an annual general meeting of the Company, business reports, financial statements and the Board's proposals for allocation and distribution of profits or losses for approval or ratification (as the case may be) by the Members as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. In accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall, after approval or ratification by the Members at the annual general meeting, distribute or make public announcement on the Market Observation Post System to each Member copies of the approved or ratified financial statements, reports and proposals together with the Company's resolutions which approved or ratified the allocation and distribution of profits or loss.
45. A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands.
46. Subject to all applicable laws, nothing in these Articles shall prevent any Member from initiating proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with illegal, or in a way against these Articles, convening any general meeting or passing any resolution. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.
47. Unless otherwise expressly required by the Statute, the Memorandum or these Articles, any matter presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.
48. Provided that the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, a resolution (including a Special Resolution) in writing (in one or more counterparts) signed by all Members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.

49. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, one or more Members holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant period during which the Register of Members is closed for transfers, may in writing or by way of electronic transmission submit to the Company a proposal for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at an annual general meeting. Such proposals shall be included in the agenda except for the following conditions:
- (i) the proposing Member(s) hold(s) less than one percent (1%) of the total issued Shares as at the relevant date in accordance with this Article;
 - (ii) the matter proposed to be discussed may not be resolved at an annual general meeting;
 - (iii) the proposing Member has made more than one proposal for consideration at the same annual general meeting or such proposal containing more than 300 words; or
 - (iv) the proposal is meeting submitted after the expiration of the specified period determined by the Board.
- (b) The proposal proposed for urging the Company to promote public interests or fulfill social responsibilities may still be included in the list of proposals to be discussed at an annual general meeting by the Board.
50. Unless otherwise agreed by a majority of the Members attending and entitled to vote thereat, the Chairman shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members at which such person is present. In his/her/its absence, a chairman shall be appointed or elected in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
51. (a) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, if a quorum is not present by the time appointed for the general meeting, the chairman may adjourn the commencement of the general meeting to a later time, but no more than one (1) hour in all circumstances. If the commencement of the general meeting has been adjourned twice and a quorum is still not present, then the general meeting shall be adjourned to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine. The Board (or the Secretary duly authorised by the Board) may adjourn any general meeting called in accordance with the provisions of these Articles (other than a meeting requisitioned under these Articles) provided that notice of adjournment is given to each Member. The Board may determine the date, time and place for the adjourned meeting as it deems appropriate and shall give fresh notice of the date, time and place for the adjourned meeting to each Member in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, PROVIDED THAT for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, such adjournment shall also comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (b) The chairman of a general meeting may, with the consent of a majority of the Members present at any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and if so directed shall, adjourn the meeting. Unless the meeting is adjourned to a specific date, place and time announced at the meeting being adjourned, a notice stating the date, place and time for the resumption of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat in accordance with the provisions of these Articles and for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, such adjournment shall also comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

52. (a) Subject to the Statute, the Memorandum, these Articles, and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, every Member who is present at a general meeting, either in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation, by its authorised representative) or by proxy, shall have one vote for every Share of which he/she/it is the holder.

- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, any Members holding Shares on behalf of another beneficiary Member(s) may exercise his/her/its voting rights severally in accordance with the request(s) of the respective beneficial Member(s). The qualifications, scopes, exercises, operational procedures and other matters in relation to the aforesaid separate exercise of voting rights shall be conducted in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member holding more than one Share does not cast all his votes in the same way, such Member must do so in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
53. Votes may be cast either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint only one proxy and only under one instrument to attend and vote at each meeting. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or the office of the Company's FSC-recognized shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) in the ROC or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the general meeting, or in any instrument appointing a proxy sent out by the Company not less than five days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. Where more than one instrument to appoint a proxy are received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument received shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous proxy in the later-received instrument.
54. (a) Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, the Board may determine that Members not attending and voting at a general meeting in person or by proxy may exercise their voting right either by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission prior to the commencement of that general meeting; provided, however, that so long as the Shares are listed in any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall provide the Members with the right to exercise his/her/its voting right through electronic transmission, and, in case a general meeting is to be held outside of Taiwan, the Company shall, subject to the Statute and all applicable law, provide the Members with a method for exercising their voting right by means of a written ballot or electronic transmission. Such method for exercising voting right shall be described in the notice convening the general meeting to be given to the Members in accordance with these Articles. For the avoidance of doubt, Shares voted in the manner mentioned above shall, for purposes of these Articles and the Statute, be counted towards the quorum of the respective meeting and a Member who exercises his/her/its voting rights by means of a written ballot or electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed a FSC-recognized shareholders' service agent, or if such agent was not engaged the chairman of the general meeting, as his proxy..
- (b) Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, all Members voting by means of a written ballot or of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc motion or amendment to the items set out in the notice convening the general meeting to be resolved at the said general meeting.
- (c) Subject to Article 55, in the event that a Member who has exercised his/her/its voting power by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission decides to attend a general meeting, then the vote casted in the aforesaid manner shall be deemed to have been revoked and the voting power exercised by the Member at the general meeting shall prevail.
55. Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, in the event any Member who has exercised his/her/its voting rights by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission (as applicable) pursuant to Article 54 intends to attend the general meeting physically in person or by authorised representative if the Member is a corporation, he/she/it shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of the general meeting, deposit at the Registered Office or at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting a separate notice to rescind and revoke his/her/its votes cast by way of such written

ballot or electronic transmission (as applicable) (for the purposes of this Article only, the “**Previous Voting**”), failing which, the Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its right to attend and vote at the relevant general meeting in person and the Company shall not count any votes cast by such Member physically at the relevant general meeting . Subject to the Statute and all applicable law, votes by means of written ballot or electronic transmission shall be valid unless the relevant Member revokes the Previous Voting before the prescribed time.

56. In the case of joint holders of Shares, such joint holders shall appoint a representative among them to exercise the votes of their Shares and shall notify the Company of such appointment. If no such representative is appointed by such joint holders of record, then the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person (or in case of a corporation, by authorised representative) or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
57. (a) No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless he/she/it is registered as a Member of the Company on the record date for such general meeting. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee receiver, curator bonis or other persons may, subject to all applicable laws, vote by proxy in accordance with these Articles.
- (b) Subject to the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed in any ROC Securities Exchange, when a Director pledges more than one-half of the Shares which he/she/it held at the moment when he/she/it was elected as a Director, such Director shall refrain from exercising the votes with respect to the Shares pledged exceeding the one-half threshold, and the votes of the Shares pledged exceeding the one-half threshold shall not be counted in the total number of votes of Member present at the meeting. However, such Shares shall be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting.

SHARES WHICH ARE NOT ENTITLED TO VOTE

58. Shares set out below shall not be voted at any general meeting and shall not be counted into the total number of issued Shares for determining the quorum of the general meeting:
- (a) Shares that are directly or indirectly owned by the Company;
- (b) Shares that are owned by its Subsidiary, more than one-half of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of that Subsidiary is directly or indirectly owned by the Company; and
- (c) Shares that are owned by a company, more than one-half of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of such a company is directly or indirectly owned by the Company, its Subsidiaries or the holding company(ies) to which the Company is a Subsidiary.
59. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member who has a personal interest in respect of any matter proposed for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at a general meeting, and such interest is in conflict with and may harm the interests of the Company, such Member shall abstain from voting in respect of all his/her/its Shares which such Member would otherwise be entitled to vote in person or by proxy (or by corporate representative, if such Member is a corporation) with respect to the said matter, and the votes cast in respect of the Shares held by such Members shall not be counted, but such Members and their Shares may be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member with respect to that same matter.

DISSENTING MEMBERS' APPRAISAL RIGHT

60. In the event any of the following resolutions is passed at a general meeting, any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to such a resolution prior to the date of the relevant general meeting and has raised again his/her/its objection at the general meeting, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value:
- (a) a resolution approving the entry into by the Company, any amendments to or termination of any lease of all of the Company's business, delegation of the operation or frequent joint operation (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of the Company with others;
 - (b) a resolution approving the transfer by the Company of all or a material part of its business or assets, provided that this shall not apply where such transfer is to be made pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or
 - (c) a resolution approving the acquisition by the Company of all of the business or assets from another person, which will have a material effect on the Company's business operations.
61. Subject to compliance with the Statute, in the event of a Spin-off of any part of the Company's business or if the Company is involved in any Merger or Consolidation with any other company, any Member who has abstained from voting on such matter (or had voted against such matter) and has expressed his/her/its dissent thereof in writing or verbally (but put on record) before or during the relevant general meeting at which such matter is considered and approved, may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value.

PROXIES AND SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

62. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and if the appointor is a natural person, shall be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing; or, if the appointor is a corporation, shall be executed by affixing with Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in that behalf. A Member shall serve such instrument of proxy to the Company no later than five (5) days prior to the date of the general meeting. In case two or more instruments of proxy are received from one Member, the first one received by the Company shall prevail; unless such Member explicitly revoke the previous instrument of proxy in the subsequent instrument of proxy. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office, or, at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, or at such other place, in such manner as is specified in the notice convening the meeting.
63. (a) For so long the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, except for (i) trust enterprises organized under the laws of the ROC or (ii) a shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) recognised by the FSC, or (iii) the FSC-recognized shareholders' service agent or chairman as appointed in accordance with Article 54(a) in the event a person has been appointed as the proxy for two or more Members, the sum of Shares entitled to vote as represented by such proxy shall be no more than three percent (3%) of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant date of closure of the Register of Members for purposes of determining Members entitled to vote at the general meeting; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such three percent threshold shall not be counted.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form approved by the Company and be expressed to be for a particular meeting and the adjourned meeting(s) thereof. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete the form, (b) the matters to be voted upon

by the proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member appointing the proxy, his/her/its proxy and the Solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.

- (c) In the event any Member who has served the Company with a proxy instrument intends to attend general meetings in person or exercise his/her/its voting power by means of written ballots or electronic transmissions, he/she/it shall, at least two days prior to the general meeting, serve a separate declaration of intention to revoke his/her/its appointment of proxy. Votes cast by proxy shall be valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke the appointment of proxy before the time prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that any Member who has exercised his/her/its voting power by means of written ballots or electronic transmissions pursuant to Article 54, but thereafter appoints a proxy in accordance with Article 63(b) and the Applicable Public Company Rules to attend such General Meeting, then the votes cast by such proxy at the General Meeting shall prevail over any previous electronic or written ballots.
- (d) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, all matters concerning proxies and/or the solicitation of instruments of proxies by a Solicitor relating to the Shares shall comply with these Articles and ROC's *Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Member Meetings of Public Companies* and all other applicable laws and regulations, including but without limitation, the Applicable Public Company Rules, for the time being whether or not expressly provided for in these Articles.

DIRECTORS

64. There shall be a Board consisting of seven (7) to nine (9) Directors, each of whom shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years. Directors may be eligible for re-election.
65. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise approved by one of the ROC Securities Exchanges on which the Company's Shares are traded, less than half of the total number of Directors can have a spousal relationship or family relationship within the second degree of kinship (as defined in the Applicable Public Company Rules) with any other Directors.
66. In the event that the Company convenes and holds a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 65 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the least number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided for in Article 65 hereof. Any person who is currently a Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall be automatically discharged from his/her/its office effective from such violation.
67. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors, and the total number of Independent Directors shall not be less than one-fifth of the total number of Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least one of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the ROC and at least one of the same shall have accounting or financial expertise.
68. Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their duties as Independent Directors of the Company, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings, restrictions as to concurrent positions or engagements and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.

69. The Board shall determine the remuneration (including any compensation) paid to the Directors (including the Independent Directors) according to the recommendation by the Remuneration Committee so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges. Factors which shall be considered when determining the remuneration paid to each Director shall include, without limitation, the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Company, the operating performance of the Company, and the industry-wide compensation levels and practices. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid their travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in going to, attending and returning from meetings of the Board, or any committee of the Board, or general meetings of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company, or to receive a fixed allowance in respect thereof as may be determined by the Board from time to time, or a combination partly of one such method and partly the other.
70. A Director who is engaged in anything on his/her/its own account or on behalf of another person, which is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the Members in a general meeting the essential contents of such conduct and seek their approval by Supermajority Resolution.
71. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if, during the term of office, a director transfers his shareholding such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date of his appointment according to the Register of Members, the director shall, *ipso facto*, be automatically discharged from office.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, a director's appointment shall not become effective in the following circumstances:
- (i) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members, but prior to the commencement of the term of his appointment becoming effective, if applicable; or
 - (ii) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members during the Transfer Prohibition Period.
- Any breach of Article 71(b) shall cause the appointment of any proposed director to be, *ipso facto*, void.
- (c) The preceding subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Article 71 do not apply when the Director involved is an Independent Director.
72. (a) Where a government agency or an incorporated entity is a Member, and such government agency or entity has been elected as a Director, it shall appoint an individual as its duly authorised representative to exercise the power and duties of a Director. Such representative may be replaced at any time and from time to time by the said government agency or entity at its sole discretion.
- (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, where a government agency or an incorporated entity is a Member, such government agency or entity (an "Appointer") is entitled to nominate one(1) or more individual representatives to be elected as Directors (for the purpose of these Articles, "Appointee Directors") in accordance with Article 73.
- (c) The Appointer may, by prior written notice to the Company, remove the Appointee Directors nominated by it and appoint another individual as an Appointee Director for the remaining term of office. This Article 72(c) will not apply if the Appointee Director is removed by a Supermajority Resolution pursuant to Article 77.

ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

73. Subject to Article 71(b) and Article 96, the Company may at any general meeting elect any person to be a Director in accordance with Article 74 below.
74. (a) Directors (including Independent Directors) shall be elected pursuant to a cumulative voting mechanism pursuant to a poll vote, where the total number of votes exercisable by any Member shall be the product of the number of Shares held by such Member and the number of Directors to be elected (“**Special Ballot Votes**”), and the total number of Special Ballot Votes cast by any Member may, at the sole discretion of the Member, be consolidated for election of one candidate for directorship or may be split for the election of several candidates for directorship, as specified in the voting paper by the relevant Member. The candidates who receive the ballots representing the prevailing votes from the Members pursuant to this Article shall be elected as Directors.
- (b) Prior to any election or appointment of a Director pursuant to these Articles, such candidate of Director shall deliver a written confirmation to the Company indicating his/her willingness to serve as a Director if he/she is elected or appointed. Within fifteen (15) days after the election of Directors, an elected Director shall execute and deliver a letter of consent to the Company, the form of which shall be prescribed by the Company, notifying his/her acceptance of serving as a Director of the Company and of observing duties which may be set forth in such letter of consent.
- (c) Directors shall hold office only until the general meeting at which such Director is required by the Applicable Public Company Rules to retire, resign, seek re-election or being removed pursuant to these Articles.
- (d) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Statute, the Memorandum and these Articles, the Company shall adopt a candidate nomination mechanism for the office of Directors which is in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
75. (a) The list of candidates for the office of Independent Director shall be nominated by the Board and such list shall be distributed to the Members in accordance with Article 39, and in such manner and at such time as may be determined by the Board.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Statute, the Memorandum and these Articles, the Company shall adopt a candidate nomination mechanism for the office of Independent Directors which is in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (c) If the number of Independent Directors is less than or falls below three (3) due to vacation of office of such Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall elect new Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. If the office of all of the Independent Directors have become vacant, the Board shall convene, within sixty (60) days of vacancy of the last Independent Director, a general meeting of Members to elect new Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.
76. If the number of Directors is less than or falls below Seven (7) for any reason, the Company shall elect new Director(s) at the next following general meeting. When the number of vacancies in the Board is equal to or more than one third of the size of the Board as set out in Article 64 above, the remaining Directors shall convene, within the next sixty (60) days therefrom, a general meeting of Members to elect new Directors to fill in the vacancies.
77. The Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director from his/her office, whether another person has been appointed in his/her stead.
78. Subject to all applicable laws, where a Director has, in the course of performing his/her duties, committed any act resulting in material damage to the Company or committed a violation of applicable laws, regulations, and/or these Articles, and a Supermajority Resolution at a general meeting to approve his/her removal was put forth but failed to pass, any one or more Members holding three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares may, within thirty (30) days after

the said general meeting, institute a legal proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction for an order to remove such Director provided that such Member(s) hold three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares as at the date of the institution of such legal proceedings to remove such Director. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for this matter. The office of such Director shall ipso facto be vacated with effect from the date such order of court is obtained.

DIRECTOR'S PROXY

79. If a Director is unable to attend a meeting of the Board, such Director may appoint another Director as his proxy to attend and to vote on his behalf at the meeting, in which event the presence and vote of the proxy shall be deemed to be that of the Director. The appointing Director shall, in each instance, issue a written proxy and state therein the manner in which his proxy is to vote in respect of the business to be discussed at that meeting, and such written proxy shall be lodged with the Board at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the Board meeting at any time before that meeting. A Director may only act as the proxy of one Director.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

80. (a) Subject to Cayman Islands law and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall manage and conduct the business of the Company. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in promoting, registering and setting up the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, for the time being, by the Statute, these Articles, any applicable regulations or by any resolutions passed by the Company in general meeting, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law, any Director shall owe fiduciary duties to the Company and such fiduciary obligations shall include but not limited to the observance of general standards of loyalty, good faith and the avoidance of a conflict of duty and interest. If any Director breached the aforesaid fiduciary duties, subject to the laws of the Cayman Islands, such Director shall be held liable for any damages therefrom. Subject to Cayman Islands law, the Members may by way of an Ordinary Resolution request a Director to disgorge the gains from his breach of the duty of loyalty and the duty to exercise fiduciary cares.
- (c) If a Director, during his conduct of the business of the Company, caused damages to other third parties by violating applicable laws, such Directors shall, subject to all applicable laws, be jointly liable with the Company to such damaged third parties.
81. The Board may from time to time and at any time by powers of attorney appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purpose and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorneys as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him/her.
82. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
83. The Board shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose of:
- (a) all appointments of officers made by the Board;

- (b) the names of the Directors (including those represented thereat by proxy) present at each meeting of the Board and of any committee of the Board;
 - (c) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of committees of the Board.
84. Subject to all applicable laws, the Applicable Public Company Rules, these Articles, and any internal regulation governing the lending of capital, endorsement, guarantees, and acquisition and disposition of assets which may be adopted by the Company by an Ordinary Resolution at general meetings, the Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital or any part thereof and to issue other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party, and to stand surety for or to guarantee, support or secure the performance of all or any of the obligations of any person, firm or company whether or not related or affiliated to the Company in any manner.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

85. Unanimous written resolutions signed by all Directors shall have the same effect as if such resolutions were passed at duly convened meetings of the Board, and all such resolutions shall be described as "Written Directors' Resolutions" and shall be recorded in the Company's minute book. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more Directors. However, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges, the Board must meet together for the dispatch of business and no written Directors' Resolutions may be passed. The Board may convene, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, a resolution put to the vote at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present at that Board meeting at which there is a quorum. In case of an equality of votes, the resolution shall fail.
86. (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this Article, meetings of the Board may be summoned in accordance with such rules and procedures for meetings of the Board as may be adopted from time to time by the Board.
- (b) A meeting of the Board shall be summoned by at least seven (7) days' notice in writing to all Directors, and the notice shall set forth the general nature of the business to be considered. However, a meeting of the Board may be summoned at any time if there is any emergency, provided that notice is waived by all the Directors either at, before or after the meeting is held. If notice of a meeting of the Board is given in person, by cable, telex, facsimile, or electronic messages, the same shall be deemed to have been given on the day it is delivered, sent or transmitted to each of the Directors.
87. (a) A Director shall attend meetings of the Board in person or by proxy in accordance with these Articles.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board shall be more than one-half of the number of the Directors in office as at the date of the meeting, PROVIDED ALWAYS that if there shall at any time be only a sole Director the quorum shall be one. For the purposes of this Article, a proxy appointed by a Director shall be counted in a quorum at a meeting at which the Director appointing him/her is not present.
- (c) When the following resolutions put to the vote at any meeting of the Board, the quorum required shall be more than two-thirds of the number of Directors: (i) matters described in Article 11, 16(d) and 40 (c) herein; (ii) any issuance, allotment, or placement of new Shares; (iii) any issuance of debenture, bonds, or any other type of debt securities; (iv) any declaration of Directors or employees compensation pursuant to Article 102(a) or a plan of declaration of dividends and/or bonus; and (v) election and removal of the Chairman of the Board described in Article 89 herein.

88. The Board may act and pass or adopt resolutions notwithstanding any vacancy in its number.
89. The Board shall elect a Chairman of the Board and determine the period for which he/she is to hold office. The Chairman of the Board shall be elected by and among the Directors by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present. The Chairman of the Board shall take the chair at meeting of the Board, however if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting. The Chairman of the Board may be removed by a majority vote of more than two-thirds of the attending Directors at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present, PROVIDED that the Chairman being so removed by the Board shall remain as a Director of the Company notwithstanding his/her removal as Chairman of the Board.
90. A Director who is directly or indirectly has personal interest in the matter proposed at the meeting of the Board (including but not limited to interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company) shall declare the important nature of such interest at such meeting. Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company controlling or is controlled by a Director has interests in the matters proposed at the meeting of the Board, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. A Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Board, which conflicts with and may harm the interests of the Company, shall neither vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director at the relevant meeting for such matter; the votes cast by such Director who is prohibited from voting or exercising any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present for such matter where personal interest exists, HOWEVER, such interested Director may be counted towards the quorum of the meeting.
91. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the Board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations and directions that may be imposed on it by the Board.
92. A committee of the Board may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Any resolution put to the vote at any committee meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail. The meetings and proceedings of any committee shall be governed by the provisions contained in these Articles for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board to the extent that the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations or directions imposed by the Board under the last preceding Article.
93. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or of a committee of Board shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and qualified to be a Director as the case may be.
94. Members of the Board or of any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board or of such committee by means of videoconference or other electronic communication facilities whereby all persons participating in the meeting can see and hear each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

DUTY OF THE BOARD TO ADVISE IN A TENDER OFFER

95. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt by the Company or by its litigation and non-litigation agent appointed pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules of copies of (i) a tender offer application to purchase Shares, (ii) a tender offer prospectus, and (iii) relevant documents,

resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or to reject the tender offer and make a public announcement of the following in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules:

- (a) the type and number of Shares held by the Directors and each Member holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the names of other persons;
- (b) the Board shall made the recommendation regarding the identity and financial status of the tender offeror, the fairness assessment to the terms and conditions provided by the tender offeror and the reasonableness of the funding resources supporting the acquisition to the Members on such tender offer, setting forth the Directors' specific opinions of agree or disagree to such tender offer and the reason(s) thereunder;
- (c) whether or not there are any material changes to the financial condition of the Company after the publication of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change(s) (if any); and
- (d) the type, number and amount of the shares in the tender offeror (if the tender offeror is a company or corporation) or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the name of other persons.

So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall comply with the then Applicable Public Company Rules in respect of a tender offer.

VACATION OF OFFICE OF DIRECTOR AND DISQUALIFICATION OF A DIRECTOR

96. A person shall not be elected as a Director or be vacated from his/her office, where applicable, in the event of any of the following:
- (a) if he/she resigns his/her office by notice in writing to the Company;
 - (b) if he/she is removed from office in accordance with these Articles;
 - (c) if he/she dies, becomes bankrupt (or in the process of liquidation) and his/her credit has not been restored;
 - (d) if an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that he/she is or will be suffering from lunacy, mental disorder, adjudicated of the commencement of assistantship and such assistantship having not been revoked yet, or is otherwise incapable of managing his/her affairs or his/her legal capacity is restricted according to the applicable laws;
 - (e) if he/she has committed an offence as specified in the ROC statute of prevention of organizational crimes or similar legislations in other jurisdictions, or subsequently is adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or five (5) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
 - (f) if he/she has committed an offence involving fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation, or subsequently sentenced to imprisonment for a term of more than one (1) year in any jurisdiction, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
 - (g) if he/she has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for committing an offence as specified in the Anti-Corruption Act of ROC or involving misappropriating public funds during the time of his/her public service, and has not started serving the sentence, has not

completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon ; or

- (h) if he/she has been blacklisted by the Taiwan Clearing House due to default on negotiable instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet.

Where any of the events described in this Article 96 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) applies to or occurs in relation to a candidate for the office of Director, such candidate shall immediately be disqualified and ceases to be eligible to be considered for election to the office of Director. Where a Director who is also the chairman of the Board is removed from office as Director or his office as Director is vacated pursuant to this Article 96, the office of chairman of the Board shall also be automatically vacated.

SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

97. (a) The Company may, if the Board so determine, have a Seal in such form as determined by the Board, which Seal shall, subject to paragraph (c) hereof, only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board and every instrument to which the Seal has been affixed shall be signed by a person who shall be either a Director or the Secretary or such other person authorised for this purpose by the Board or a committee of the Board.
- (b) The Board may adopt for use in any place or places outside the Cayman Islands a duplicate Seal or Seals each of which shall be a facsimile of the common seal of the Company and, if the Board so determine, with the addition on its face of the name of every place where it is to be used.
- (c) Any Director or the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board for the purpose may authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Board or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and if any books, records, documents or accounts are kept elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the head office of the Company, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person so appointed by the Board. Subject to Cayman Islands law, a document purporting to be a document so authenticated or a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or any local board or committee, or of any books, records, documents or accounts or extracts therefrom as aforesaid, and which is certified as aforesaid, shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting or, as the case may be, that the copies of such books, records, documents or accounts were true copies of their originals or as the case may be, the extracts of such books, records, documents or accounts are true and accurate records of the books, records, documents or accounts from which they were extracted.

OFFICERS

98. (a) The Board may from time to time appoint officers and/or managers as the Board considers necessary, for such term, at such remuneration, to perform such duties, subject to such other conditions or restrictions or to such provisions as to disqualification and removal as the Board from time to time prescribe. Subject to Cayman Islands law, Article 80 (b) and (c) shall be applied mutatis mutandis to an officer's duties and liabilities to the Company and other third parties.

- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall maintain a litigation and non-litigation agent appointed by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board with the necessary quorum, and shall report the appointment of the litigation and non-litigation agent or any change thereof to the FSC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The litigation and non-litigation agent shall have residence within the ROC and shall be the responsible person of the Company within the ROC (as such term is defined under the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC). For the avoidance of doubt, the litigation and non-litigation agent shall not be an Officer of the Company.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND RESERVE

99. (a) Subject to the Statute, these Articles and any direction of the Company in general meetings, the Company, upon the recommendation by the Board, may by way of an Ordinary Resolution, from time to time declare dividends and distributions to Members and authorise payment of the same out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law and any rights at the time being attached to any Shares, if dividends or distributions are to be declared on a Class of Shares such dividends or distributions shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the Shares of such Class issued on the record date for such dividend or distribution as determined in accordance with these Articles.
100. The Board may, before making a recommendation to the Company in respect of dividends or distributions, set aside such sums as it thinks proper as a reserve or reserves which shall at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose of the Company and pending such application may, at the like discretion, be employed in the business of the Company.
101. No dividend or distribution shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company or from any reserve set aside from profits, or out of the share premium account of the Company, or as otherwise permitted by the Statute.
102. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, where there is an Annual Profit (i.e. the amount of income before income tax before distributing employees' and Directors' compensation of a current year, the "Annual Profit"), the Company shall set aside the following amounts as Directors and/or employees' compensation, provided that there is accumulated losses, the Company shall first reserve the losses covering amounts:
- (i) Collectively, Directors are entitled to receive year-end compensation of not more than three percent (3%) of the Annual Profit, and such compensation payment shall only be paid in cash; and
- (ii) Employees of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company collectively are entitled to receive year-end compensation no less than one percent (1%) of the Annual Profit, which may be payable in cash, fully paid-up Shares, or any combination of both.
- (b) Where based on the Company's final accounts in respect of a current year, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, there is profits, subject to Cayman Islands law, such profits would be distributable only after (i) paying applicable taxes, (ii) covering accumulated losses, (iii) setting aside a sum ten percent (10%) of the profits for the current year for any capital reserve pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, unless the accumulated amount of such reserve equals to the total paid-up capital of the Company ("Legal Reserve") and (iv) setting aside a sum for an additional special reserve in compliance with the requirements promulgated by applicable ROC authorities (including, but not limited to, the FSC or any applicable ROC Securities Exchange). The balance of such profits remaining after all the foregoing deduction shall hereinafter be referred to as the "**Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year.**" Dividends may be declared and paid out of the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year and any undistributed retained profit accrued from prior years (together, the "**Accumulated Distributable Net Profit**").

- (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, as the Company continues to grow, the need for capital expenditure, business expansion and a sound financial planning for sustainable development increases, it is the Company's dividends policy that the dividends may be allocated in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares according to the Company's future expenditure budgets and funding needs. When the Board elects to recommend to the Company to declare and pay dividends to Members and/or from the Accumulated Distributable Net Profit, the Board shall prepare a plan of allocation and distribution of dividends and submit such plan to the Members for approval by way of an Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting subject to the following requirements:
- (i) The Accumulated Distributable Net Profit is available for distribution to the Members as cash or bonus shares to be issued to the Members. The total dividends as proposed for declaration in such plan shall not be less than ten percent (10%) of the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year.
- (d) No unpaid dividend, distribution or other monies payable by the Company shall bear interest against the Company.
103. Any dividend, distribution, interest or other monies payable in cash to the holder of Shares may be paid by way of telegraphic transfer or electronic transfer or remittance or direct crediting to the bank account of such holder of Shares as he/she/it may designate and notify the Company, or cheque or warrant sent through the post addressed to the holder at his/her/its registered address, or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as such holder or joint holders may in writing direct, at the risk of the person entitled to such dividend, distribution, interest or other monies. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable or property distributable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Anyone of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of the Share held by them as joint holders. Payment of the cheque or warrant by the bank on which it is drawn shall constitute good discharge to the Company notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or than any endorsement thereon has been forged.
104. (a) Subject to Article 34, whenever the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board, further resolve by way of a Supermajority Resolution that such dividend be satisfied in part in the form of an allotment and issue of new Shares credited as fully paid without offering any right to Members to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment, provided that not less than ten percent (10%) of the total dividend shall be satisfied by the payment of cash. In such case, the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board, and the Board shall prepare a plan of declaration of dividends and/or distribution and such plan shall be submitted to the Members for approval at a general meeting by Supermajority Resolution.
- (b) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Article with full power to the Board to make such provisions as it thinks fit in the case of Shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned), and no Members who will be affected thereby shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all Members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

- (c) The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under paragraph (a) of this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Members concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

105. The Board may establish a committee of the Board known as the “Remuneration Committee” in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including the *Regulations Governing Establishment and Operation of Remuneration Committees of Companies Listed in Taiwan Stock Exchange and the GreTai Securities Market*. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall adopt regulations governing the operation of the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

CAPITALISATION

106. (a) Subject to the Statute, Applicable Public Company Rules and these Articles, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by way of a Supermajority Resolution in a general meeting authorise the Board to capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts which are available for distribution (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve defined in the Statute) or any distributable profits not required for the payment or provision of dividend on any Shares with preferential right to dividends, by appropriating such sum to Members on the Register of Members at the close of business on the date of the relevant resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as provided therein) in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend and to apply such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Shares for allotment and distribution, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid.
- (b) Subject to the Statute, whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and attend to all allotments and issuance of fully paid Shares and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to any distribution under this Article as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements altogether or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the Members concerned, and no Members who are affected thereby shall be deemed to be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter on behalf of the persons entitled to participate in the distribution any agreement with the Company necessary or desirable for giving effect thereto and such appointment and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding upon all concerned.
- (c) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any such agreement may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the Shares to be allotted, issued and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised. The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered addresses in any territory where

in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Member concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

BOOKS OF ACCOUNT AND RECORDS OF THE COMPANY

107. The Board shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to all transactions of the Company and in particular with respect to:
- (i) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place;
 - (ii) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company;
 - (iii) the assets and liabilities of the Company; and
 - (iv) all other matters required by Statute and which are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.
108. (a) Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept with respect to the matters referred to in Article 107 if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
- (b) The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with these Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least six (6) years. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than six (6) years.

NOTICES

109. Notices shall be in writing and may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by post, cable, telex or facsimile or by electronic means (including electronic mail) to him/her/it or to his/her/its address as shown in the Register of Members, such notice, if mailed, to be sent by airmail if the address be outside Taiwan.
110. (a) Where a notice is sent by post or airmail, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the notice, and shall be deemed to have been effected on the expiration of sixty (60) hours after the letter containing the same is posted as aforesaid.
- (b) Where a notice is sent by cable, telex, facsimile or electronic means to such number or address supplied by the Member to the Company for giving of notice to him/her/it, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected on the day the same is sent as aforesaid.
111. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a Share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members in respect of the Share.
112. Any notice or document delivered or sent in accordance with these Articles shall, notwithstanding that such Member is then deceased, bankrupt or wound up and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, bankruptcy or winding up, be deemed to have duly served or delivered in respect of any Shares registered in the name of such Member whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such Member, (unless his name shall at the time of service or delivery of the notice or document have been removed from the Register of Members

as the holder of the Shares), and such service or delivery shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in any such Shares.

113. A notice may be given by the Company to the person or persons which the Company has been advised are entitled to a Share or Shares in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through the post as aforesaid in a pre-paid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description at the address supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or at the option of the Company by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
114. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any authorized manner aforementioned to:
- (a) every person shown as a Member in the Register of Members as of the record date for such general meeting except that in the case of joint holders, the notice shall be sufficient if given to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members; and
 - (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his/her/it being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member of record where the Member of record but for his/her death or his/her/its bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting.

Apart from the persons contemplated by paragraphs (a) and (b) above of this Article and apart from Directors and Independent Directors, no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings unless the Board determines otherwise in its sole discretion.

WINDING UP

115. If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Statute, divide amongst the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for such purpose set such value as he/she deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members within the same Class or different Classes of Members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any Shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
116. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to the distribution of available surplus assets on liquidation for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, (i) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up on the Shares held by them respectively, and (ii) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed *pari passu* amongst such Members in proportion to the amount paid up on the Shares held by them respectively.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

117. The Board shall establish a committee of Board known as the "Audit Committee". The Audit Committee shall comprise solely of Independent Directors and the number of committee members shall not be less than three (3). One of the Audit Committee members shall be

appointed and designated as the convener to convene meetings of the Audit Committee from time to time and at least one (1) of the Audit Committee members shall have accounting or financial expertise. A valid resolution of the Audit Committee requires approval of one-half or more of all its members.

118. Any of the following matters relating to the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members by way of resolution and be submitted to the Board for approval:
- (a) adoption of or amendment to an internal control system;
 - (b) assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;
 - (c) adoption of or amendment to the handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others;
 - (d) any matter relating to the personal interest of the Directors;
 - (e) a transaction relating to a material asset of the Company or derivatives transaction;
 - (f) a material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;
 - (g) the offering, issuance, or private placement of any equity securities;
 - (h) the hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;
 - (i) the appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal audit officer;
 - (j) approval of annual and semi-annual financial reports; and
 - (k) any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

With the exception of item (j), any other matter that has not been approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of the members of the Board by way of resolution at the Board meeting, and any resolution of the Audit Committee passed in respect of such matter shall be tabled at the Board meeting.

119. Each member of the Audit Committee shall supervise the execution of business operations of the Company, and may from time to time inspect the business and financial conditions of the Company, examine, transcribe or make copies of the books and documents relating to the Company, and request the Board or any officer to make reports in respect of the Company's affairs.
120. When performing its aforementioned duties, the Audit Committee or any of its member may appoint an attorney or a certified public accountant to conduct the auditing on its behalf.
121. The qualifications, composition, appointment, removal, exercise of power in performing duties and other matters with respect to the Audit Committee, shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules
122. In case the Board or any Director commits any act and any member of the Audit Committee becomes aware of such act, when carrying out the business operations of the Company, in a manner violating the applicable laws and/or regulations, these Articles, or any resolution passed at a general meeting, a member of the Audit Committee shall immediately demand that the Board or the violating Director, as the case may be, cease such act.

- 122-1. Other than where the board of Directors is unwilling or unable to convene a general meeting, that an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting, an Independent Director of the Audit Committee may convene a general meeting for the interest of the Company if necessary.
123. Member(s) continuously holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares for at least six (6) months may request any member of the Audit Committee in writing to institute, on behalf of the Company, a court action against a Director. Subject to all applicable law, in case the member of the Audit Committee fails to institute such action within thirty (30) days after having received the aforementioned request, then the Members filing the said request in accordance with this Article may institute the action on behalf of the Company in any court with competent jurisdiction, and the Taipei District Court, ROC may be the court of the first instance for this action.

INDEMNITY

124. (a) The Directors and officers for the time being of the Company and any trustee for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and their executors and administrators respectively (each of which persons being referred to in this Article as an “**indemnified person**”) shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, and no such indemnified party shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity or for the solvency or honesty of any banker or other persons with whom any monies or effects belonging to the Company may be lodged or deposited for safe custody or for any insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any monies of or belonging to the Company may be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen or arise in the execution of their respective offices or trust, or in or about thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty, recklessness, willful neglect or default which may attach to any of the said persons.
- (b) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any Director or officer of the Company against any liability incurred by him/her/it in his/her/its capacity as a Director or officer of the Company or indemnifying such Director or officer in respect of any loss arising or liability attaching to him/her/it by virtue of any rule of law in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which the Director or officer may be guilty in relation to the Company or any subsidiary thereof.

FISCAL YEAR

125. Unless the Board otherwise determines, the fiscal year of the Company shall end on 31st December of each year and following the year of incorporation, the fiscal year shall begin on 1st January of each year.

[Appendix IV]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Procedures for the Loaning of Funds to Others

1. Governing laws and purpose

These Procedures are established according to Article 36-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the “Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies”(hereinafter called “Governing Regulations”) promulgated by the competent authority.

II. Scope

1. The Company shall proceed with capital lending to others according to these Procedures, except as specified otherwise by other laws and regulations which shall govern.
2. Subsidiaries of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of voting shares intending to lend funds to others shall establish their own procedures for loaning of funds to others in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, such local laws shall apply at a higher priority.

III. Authority and Responsibility

N/A.

IV. Definitions

1. “Subsidiary” and “Parent Company” referred to in these Procedures shall be as determined in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.” If a public company produces financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), “Net Worth” in these Procedures means the equity attributed to owners of the parent company as stated in the statement of financial position under the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.”
2. “Disclosure and Report” referred to in these Procedures means the process of entering data to the information reporting website designated by Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).
3. “Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of transaction contract execution, date of payment, date of board resolutions, or other dates valid for determining the counterpart and amount of transaction, whichever is earlier.

V. Content

5.1 Eligible borrowers

1. The Company shall not lend funds to any shareholders or any other person, except under the following circumstances:
 - (1) Lending to companies or firms having business with the Company.
 - (2) Lending to companies or firms with short-term financing needs, provided that such financing amount shall not exceed 40 percent of the Company’s net worth.

2. "Short-Term" as used in the preceding paragraph means one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle.
3. "Financing Amount" as used in paragraph 1, sub-paragraph 2 of this Article 5.1 means the cumulative balance of the public company's short-term financing.
4. The restriction in 5.1, 1. (2) shall not apply to the lending of funds between the Company and an overseas company directly or indirectly wholly-owned by the Company. For a loan term under one year and in a special situation, the financial term can be extended as necessary with the approval of the board of directors.

5.2 Total amount of capital lending and limit for individual borrowers

1. Total amount of capital lending

The total amount of capital lending shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth, where:

- (1) The total amount of lending to companies or firms having business with the Company shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth.
- (2) The total amount of lending to companies or firms with short-term financing needs shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth.

2. Limit for individual borrowers

- (1) The amount of lending to individual companies or firms having business with the Company shall not exceed the business transaction amount between both parties. "Business Transaction Amount" means the actual purchasing or sales amount between both parties in the last year or estimated purchasing or sales amount between both parties in the next year, whichever is higher; provided that the sum shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth.
- (2) The amount of lending to individual companies or firms with short-term financing needs shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth.
- (3) The capital lending amount between the Company and subsidiaries or among subsidiaries shall not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth.

3. The said "net worth" shall be subject to the amount disclosed in the Company's latest financial statements certified or reviewed by a CPA.

5.3 Procedures for capital lending

1. Authorization

- (1) A lending proposal shall be approved by over one-half of all audit committee members and the resolution of a board meeting. No authorization by others shall be allowed. If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting. "All Audit Committee Members" and "All Directors" in these Procedures shall be the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.
- (2) Capital lending of subsidies to which 2.2 applies shall be approved by the board

of directors of respective subsidiaries.

- (3) Capital lending between the Company and subsidiaries or among subsidiaries shall be submitted for a resolution by the board of directors according to 5.3, 1.(1), and the chairperson may be authorized, for a specific borrowing counterparty, within a certain monetary limit resolved by the board of directors, and within a period not to exceed one year, to give loans in installments or to make a revolving credit line available for the counterparty to draw down.

The "certain monetary limit" in the preceding paragraph on authorization for loans extended by the Company or subsidiaries to any single entity shall not exceed 10% of the net worth on the most current financial statements of the Company, except for compliance with 5.2, 2.(3).

2. Credit investigation and limit approval

- (1) Before lending funds to others, the Company shall assess in detail the purpose of borrowing, the reasons and necessity of borrowing, and the guaranty of the borrower; and the operational risk and impact on the financial condition and the rights and interests of shareholders of the Company.

If the lending proposal is approved after credit investigation and borrower assessment, the undertaker shall prepare a credit investigation report and comment and submit them to the board of directors for approval.

- (2) The Company shall maintain a record on the borrower and amount of lending, the date of approval of the board of directors, the date of lending, and a full record of the items accessed according to related regulations.
- (3) If the borrower becomes nonconforming with the requirements or the amount exceeds the limit after a change of the Company, an improvement plan shall be made and submitted to the audit committee and implemented as scheduled.

5.4 Term of capital lending and calculation of interest

1. Term of capital lending

The term of each capital lending shall not exceed one year, or where the company's operating cycle exceeds one year, one operating cycle.

2. Calculation of interest

- (1) The interest of capital lending shall be subject to the deposit and loan interest rates between the Company and the bank.
- (2) The interest of capital lending for Overseas subsidies to which 2.2 applies shall be subject to the local legal requirements irrespective of the said restrictions.

5.5 Follow-up control of capital lending and handling of overdue obligations

1. After lending to the borrower, the Company shall keep track on the financial status, business, and credit condition of the borrower and its guarantors, if collaterals are provided, the Company shall keep track on their value change.

2. If the borrower becomes nonconforming with the requirements or the amount exceeds the limit after a situation change, an improvement plan shall be made and submitted to the audit committee and implemented as scheduled.
3. Before the debt is mature, the Company shall notify the borrower to repay the principal and interest by the maturity. When repaying the debt by the maturity, the borrowers shall first calculate the interest payable and pay the interest at the same time of repaying the principal.
4. If the borrower fails to pay the interest and repay the principal as scheduled, the Company may request the borrower to immediately repay all loans and directly dispose of the collaterals provided and claim from the guarantors. .

5.6 Internal audit

Internal auditors shall audit the “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others” and the status of implementation at least once a quarter and maintain a written record. Serious violations, where detected, shall be immediately reported to the audit committee.

5.7 Information disclosure

The following procedures shall apply after the Company goes public:

1. The Company shall publish and report the balance of capital lending of the Company and subsidiaries of the previous month by the 10th of each month.
2. The Company shall immediately publish and report the balance of capital lending within two days after the date of occurrence under any one of the following circumstances:
 - (1) The aggregate balance of capital lending to others of the Company and subsidiaries is over 20% the Company’s net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
 - (2) The aggregate balance of capital lending to a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over 10% the Company’s net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
 - (3) The amount of new capital lending cases of the Company or a subsidiary exceeds NT\$10 million and is over 2% of the Company’s net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
3. The Company shall represent a subsidiary that is not a domestic public company to publish and report the balance of capital lending as requested in item 5.72.(3).
4. The Company shall assess the status of capital lending, provide adequate allowance for bad debts, disclose Related information in the financial statements, and provide related data for the CPA to proceed with the required audit procedures.

5.8 Penalty

Managers and undertakers of the Company breaching these Procedures shall be reported for investigation and punished by severity according to the Company’s

reward and punishment regulations.

5.9 Others

1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over one half of all audit committee members, the passage of the board meeting, and the approval of the shareholders meeting. If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.
2. After establishing the independent director post, the opinion of each independent director shall be fully considered, and their decisions and reasons for or against the application shall be explicitly retained in the minutes of board meeting.
3. The “Procedures for Loaning of Funds to Others”, and the amendments thereof, established by subsidiaries to which these Procedures apply according to [2.2](#), shall be approved by their board of directors..

Note: The Regulations are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VI. Implementation and amendment

These Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors and the approval shareholders meeting.

Note: The Rules of Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VII. History and development:

These Procedures were instituted on February 25, 2015.

First amendment made on June 8, 2017.

Second amendment made on June 12, 2018.

[Appendix V]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees (before amendment)

1. Governing laws and purpose

These Procedures are established in accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies (hereinafter called the “Governing Regulations” promulgated by the competent authorities.

II. Scope

The Company shall make endorsements/guarantees for others according to these Procedures, except as otherwise specified by other laws and regulations.

Subsidiaries of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of voting shares intending to make endorsements/guarantees for others shall establish their own procedures for making endorsements/ guarantees in accordance with the “Governing Regulations” and these Procedures. In case of contradictions between the “Governing Regulations” or these Procedures and the local laws of a subsidiary, local laws shall be applied.

III. Authority and Responsibility

N/A.

IV. Definitions

“Subsidiary” and “Parent Company” referred to in these Procedures shall be as determined in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.” If a public company produces financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), “Net Worth” in the “Governing Regulations” shall mean the equity attributed to owners of the parent company as stated in the statement of financial position under the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.”

“Disclosure and Report” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the process of entering data to the information reporting website designated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

“Date of Occurrence” referred to in these Procedures shall mean the date of transaction contract execution, date of payment, date of board resolutions, or other dates valid for determining the counterpart and amount of transaction, whichever is earlier.

V. Content

5.1 Scope of endorsements/guarantees

“Endorsements and Guarantees” referred to in these Procedures shall mean:

1. Financing endorsements/guarantees, including:

- (1) Bill discount financing.
 - (2) Endorsements or guarantees made to meet the financing needs of another company, including
 - pledge or mortgage on the Company's chattel or real property as security for the loans of another company.
 - (3) Issuance of a separate negotiable instrument to a non-financial enterprise as security to meet the financing needs of the company itself.
 2. Customs duty endorsement/guarantee, meaning an endorsement or guarantee for the company itself or another company with respect to customs duty matters.
 3. Other endorsements/guarantees, meaning endorsements or guarantees beyond the scope of the above two subparagraphs.
- 5.2 Recipients of endorsements/guarantees
1. The Company may make endorsements/guarantees for the following companies:
 - (1) Companies having business with the Company.
 - (2) Companies of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50 percent of voting shares.
 - (3) Companies which hold, directly and indirectly, more than 50 percent of the voting shares of the Company.
 2. The Company and companies of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 90% of voting shares may make endorsements/guarantees for each other, and the amount of endorsed/guaranteed shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth; except for endorsements/ guarantees between the Company and directly or indirectly wholly-owned companies of the Company.
 3. The foregoing two paragraphs do not apply to the mutual guarantee made under contractual obligations for the need of contract undertaking between the Company and associates or co-builders; or endorsements/guarantees made by all capital contributing shareholders for the invested company in proportion to the shares held by the Company in a joint investment project; or the joint guarantee for performance of pre-sale housing contract among business associates by the Consumer Protection Act.
 4. "Capital Contribution" referred to in the foregoing paragraph shall mean capital directly contributed by the Company or through a company of which the Company holds 100% of the voting shares.
- 5.3 Limits of endorsements/guarantees
1. The total amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company for other companies shall not exceed 100% of the Company's net worth.
 2. The amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company for individual objects of other companies shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth.
 3. The total amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company and subsidiaries together for other companies shall not exceed 100% of the Company's net worth.
 4. The amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company and subsidiaries together for a

single company shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth.

5. The said "net worth" shall be subject to the amount disclosed in the Company's latest financial statements certified or reviewed by a CPA.
6. The cumulative amount of endorsements/guarantees for enterprises due to business transactions shall not exceed the trading amount of the year or the transaction.
7. If the total amount of endorsements/guarantees made by the Company and subsidiaries together exceeds 50% of the Company's net worth, a shareholders meeting shall be convened to explain the necessity or reasonability of such endorsements/guarantees.

5.4 Procedures for making endorsements/guarantees and authorization

1. Endorsements/guarantees shall be made with the approval of over one half of all audit committee members and then the resolution of the board meeting. However, to meet the time constraints, the board of directors may authorize the chairperson to approve endorsements/guarantees within a certain amount before reporting to the board of directors for adoption.

If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.

"All Audit Committee Members" and "All Directors" in these Procedures shall be the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.

2. Endorsements/guarantees made by subsidiaries to which Article 2 applies shall be approved by their board of directors.
3. Endorsements/guarantees between the Company and companies of which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, more than 90% of voting shares as specified in paragraph 2 of Article 5 shall be made according to the resolution made by the board of directors of the Company, except for endorsements/ guarantees between the Company and directly or indirectly wholly-owned companies of the Company.
4. Endorsements/guarantees for business purpose, if required, exceeding the limit of endorsements/guarantees shall be first approved by over one half of all audit committee members and then the board of directors with the joint guarantee of over one half of all directors prior to implementation. Such endorsements/guarantees shall be reported to the shareholders meeting for adoption according to these Procedures. A plan shall be made to eliminate with a time-limit the over-limit portion of over-limit endorsements/guarantees disapproved by the shareholders meeting.

If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.

When making endorsements/guarantees, the financial department shall assess their necessity and reasonability and analyze the operational, financial, and credit status of the object of endorsements/guarantees to assess the risk and impact on the rights and interests of shareholders of such endorsements/guarantees. Where necessary, collaterals shall be requested.

The financial department shall maintain a record on the object and amount of guarantee, the date of

approval of the board or the chairperson, the date of endorsements/ guarantees, and a full record of the items accessed according to related regulations. The financial department shall also keep properly the related bills and contracts.

If endorsements/guarantees become nonconforming with the requirements or the amount exceeds the limit after a change, an improvement plan shall be made and submitted to the audit committee and implemented as scheduled.

If the recipient of endorsements/guarantees is a subsidiary whose net worth is below one half of the paid-in capital, it shall be remarked in the application and included in the list of audit targets to be focused on for periodical trace. If a subsidiary's shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, its paid-in capital shall be substituted by the sum of the share capital plus paid-in capital in excess of par.

5.5 Seal use and custody procedures

1. The Company shall use the company seal in the application for business registration and business license as the dedicated seal for making endorsements/ guarantees. A special staff member shall be designated to keep custody of this seal and use it for issuing bills according to the Company's seal use procedures.
2. When making endorsements/guarantees for a foreign company, the letter of guarantee submitted by the Company shall be signed by the chairperson or other people authorized by the board of directors.

When an overseas subsidiary to which Article 2 applies makes endorsements/guarantees for others, the letter of guarantee shall be signed by the responsible person authorized by the board of directors of such a subsidiary.

5.6 After information disclosure, the following procedures shall apply after the Company goes public:

1. The Company shall publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries of the previous month by the 10th of each month.
2. The Company shall immediately publish and report the balance of endorsements/guarantees within two days after the date of occurrence under any one of the following circumstances:
 - (1) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over 50% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
 - (2) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over 20% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
 - (3) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees for a single company of the Company and subsidiaries is over NT\$10 million and the total of endorsements/guarantees, long-term investments, and lending balance is over 30% of the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
 - (4) The amount of new endorsements/guarantees of the Company and subsidiaries is over NT\$30 million and over 5% the Company's net worth as disclosed in the latest financial statements.
3. The Company may represent a subsidiary that is not a domestic public company to publish and

report the balance of endorsements/guarantees as requested in item (4).

4. The Company shall assess or recognize the contingent loss for endorsements/ guarantees and appropriately disclose information on endorsements/guarantees in the financial statements. The Company shall also provide relevant information for CPAs to implement necessary audit procedures and issue the fair audit report.

5.7 Internal audit

Internal auditors of the Company shall audit the endorsement/guarantee procedures and the status of implementation at least once a quarter and maintain a record. Serious violations, where detected, shall be immediately reported to the audit committee.

5.8 Penalty

Managers and undertakers of the Company violating the “Governing Regulations” promulgated by the FSC or these Procedures shall be reported for evaluation and punished by severity of the offence according to the Company’s punishment and reward regulations.

5.9 Others

1. These Regulations, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the agreement of over one half of all audit committee members, the passage of the board meeting, and the approval of the shareholders meeting.
2. If the agreement of over one-half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not acquired, approval can be made by over two thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting.
3. The Company has appointed independent directors. These Procedures shall be submitted to a board meeting for discussion. When making endorsements/guarantees for others, the opinion of each independent director shall be fully considered, and their decisions and reasons for or against the application shall be explicitly retained in the minutes of board meeting.
4. The procedures for making endorsements/guarantees for others of subsidiaries to which 5.2 applies are as follows:

A subsidiary with no intention to make endorsements/ guarantees for others may apply to the board of directors for exemption to establish such procedures. Otherwise, a subsidiary shall establish its own “Procedures for Making Endorsements/Guarantees” according to related regulations, report them to the board for passage, and submit to the shareholders meeting for approval. The same shall apply to the amendments thereof.

Note: These Procedures are applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VI. Implementation and amendment

These Procedures, and the amendments hereto, shall be implemented after the passage of the board of directors and the approval shareholders meeting.

Note: The Rules of Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VII. History and development:

These Procedures were instituted on: February 14, 2015.

[Appendix VI]
Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman)
Incorporation Rules of Procedure for Shareholder
Meetings(before amendment)

I. Purpose

This set of rules is instituted for the governance of the Shareholders Meeting, vitalization of supervisory function, and reinforcement of the management mechanism.

II. Scope

This set of rules is applicable to the convention of the Shareholders Meeting.

III. Authority and Responsibility

The Financial Department shall be responsible for the administrative affairs, the convention, and parliamentary procedure of the Shareholders Meeting.

IV. Definitions

N/A

V. the Content

- 5.1 This set of rules is instituted in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company and other applicable laws for the governance of the Shareholders Meeting, vitalization of supervisory function, and reinforcement of the management mechanism.
- 5.2 This set of rules shall govern the parliamentary procedure of the Shareholders Meeting unless the law and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company provides otherwise.
- 5.3 The Board shall call for the sessions of the Shareholders Meeting unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or the law provides otherwise.
- 5.4 The Company shall send the meeting notice, the document for power of attorney, motions for ratification and discussion, election or discharge of Directors, including the causes of the motions and supporting materials in electronic format to the MOPS website 30 days prior to a regular session and 15 days prior to a special session of the Shareholders Meeting. The Annual Meeting Handbook and supplementary information of the meeting shall be uploaded to the designated website of the competent authority 21 days prior to a regular session and 15 days prior to a special session of the Shareholders Meeting. The Annual Meeting Handbooks and the supplementary information are made available to shareholders fifteen days prior to the annual meeting of shareholders; also, on display at the Company's and its Stock Agent's and distributed to shareholders at the meeting place.
- 5.5 The reasons for the meeting shall be inscribed in the aforementioned notice and announcement, and may be delivered to the addressees via electronic means at their consent.
- 5.6 The motions of the election or discharge of Directors, amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, dissolution of the Company, merger, spinoff and other matters that cannot be proposed as extemporary motions under law or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company shall be put on the agenda of the meeting, and cannot be proposed as extemporary motions.
- 5.7 Shareholders holding more than 1% of the outstanding shares issued by the Company may propose their motions for the regular session of the Shareholders Meeting in writing.

Only one motion per shareholder is permitted and any other motions more than one will not be included on the list of motions. The Board cannot list the motions proposed by shareholders that cannot be included in the agenda under the Articles of Incorporation of the Company as motions in the session.

- 5.8 The Company shall make announcement of the accepting of the motions from shareholders, the place of processing and the duration of submitting the motions prior to the day on which the transfer of company shares by shareholders before the regular session of the Shareholders Meeting should be halted. The duration of processing shall at least be 10 days.
- 5.9 Each motion proposed by shareholders should be no more than 300 words and any content in excess of this length will be excluded. Shareholders presenting motions should attend the regular session in person or appoint a proxy to attend for discussion on the motions.
- 5.10 The Company shall notify the shareholders on the processing of the motions being proposed before the meeting date, and put the motions qualified for discussion on the meeting notice. The Board shall explain why the motions of the shareholders that cannot be put on the agenda of the regular session.
- 5.11 In case any of the shareholders entitled to be notified of the Shareholders Meeting cannot receive the meeting notice not because of the intentional omission of the Company, the agenda of the session for the Shareholders Meeting will still be effective and valid.
- 5.12 Shareholders may appoint proxies to attend any session of the Shareholders Meeting by using the power of attorney prepared by the Company.
- 5.13 One shareholder may appoint one proxy only with the use of the power of attorney, and shall deliver the power of attorney to the Company 5 days prior to the meeting date. If there are two identical power of attorney delivered to the Company, the first one will be honored. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous proxy arrangement.
- 5.14 If specific shareholder desire to attend the session of the Shareholders Meeting in person after appointing a proxy with the power of attorney already delivered to the Company, such shareholder shall petition for the revocation of the power of attorney with the Company at least 2 days prior to the meeting date. If no petition of revocation could be received beyond the aforementioned deadline, the attendance and voting by proxy shall stand.
- 5.15 The session of the Shareholders Meeting shall be held inside the Republic of China at a location convenient for the shareholders in transportation. The time for the Shareholders Meeting should preferably be started on 9:00am and ended by 3:00pm. The opinions of the Independent Directors shall be fully considered in setting the time and place of the meeting.
- 5.16 The Company shall specify the time and place for the registration of the shareholders to the meeting, and other important notice in the meeting notice. The Company shall allow for at least 30 minutes for the shareholders to complete the registration procedure, and post clearly the location of registration with appointment of sufficient manpower to receive the

shareholders. The Company shall prepare a sign-in registry book for the shareholders and the proxies (hereinafter collectively known as “shareholders”) to sign in for the meeting. Shareholders may also present the sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

- 5.17 The Company shall release the Annual General Meeting Handbook, the annual report, the attendance pass, the speech memo, ballot, and other meeting materials to the shareholders attending the meeting. If an election of Directors is also held, deliver the ballot for voting in the election should also be released to the shareholders.
- 5.18 Shareholders shall attend the meeting with the presentation of the attendance pass, sign-in card or any other documentation for attending the meeting. Other parties requesting for the entitlement to attend the meeting shall present relevant identification documents for confirmation.
- 5.19 If the shareholder is a government agency or institution, more than one representative could be appointed to the meeting. The number of legal person entrusted to attend the shareholders’ meeting is limited to one person.
- 5.20 If the session of the Shareholders Meeting is called for by the Board, the Chairman shall preside over the meeting. In the absence of the Chairman due to leave or other reasons, the Vice Chairman shall preside over the meeting in the name of and on behalf of the Chairman. If there is no position for a Vice Chairman or in the absence of the Vice Chairman, the Chairman shall appoint one Director to act as the proxy, or, the Directors shall nominate one amongst themselves to preside over the meeting. Directors entitled to act on behalf of and in the name of the Chairman shall be in office for at least 6 months and have good understanding of the financial position and operation of the Company. The same requirement is applied to representatives of institutional directors.
- 5.21 At least more than half of the Directors shall attend a session of the Shareholders Meeting called for by the Board.
- 5.22 Where a session of the Shareholders Meeting may be called for by a third party entitled to call for such meeting, and such party shall preside over the meeting. If there are 2 or more parties calling for the session, one of them shall be nominated to preside over the session.
- 5.23 The Company may appoint the retained lawyers, CPAs or relate personnel to attend the Shareholders Meeting s observers.
- 5.24 The Company shall keep track on all sessions of the Shareholders Meeting from the time the shareholders registered for the meeting, the entire session, to the balloting and counting of votes continuously by voice recording and videotaping.

The aforementioned voice records and videotapes shall be retained for at least 1 year. If specific shareholders instated legal action against the Company in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or under law, the aforementioned voice records and videotapes shall be kept until the completion of the legal proceedings.
- 5.25 The attendance of the shareholders to the Shareholders Meeting shall be based on the quantity of shares represented. The attendance of shareholders by quantity of shares represented shall be based on the record of the sign-in registry or the sign-in cards submitted, plus the votes cast by correspondence or electronic mean.

- 5.26 The Chairman shall announce for the session at the exact time set for the Shareholders Meeting, and shall announce for the postponement of the meeting if the number of shareholders present falls below half of the quantity of outstanding shares. Only 2 postponements may be allowed and the duration of delay could not be longer than one hour inclusively. If the number of shareholders present still falls below half of the quantity of outstanding shares after 2 postponements, the Chairman shall announce for the cancellation of the session. If it is necessary for the Shareholders Meeting to convene again, call for a new round of session in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation.
- 5.27 The Board shall set the agenda for the convention of Shareholders Meeting at its call. The meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda and no change is permitted unless at the resolution of the Shareholders Meeting.
- 5.28 If the convention of Shareholders Meeting is called for other parties entitled to call for the meeting, the aforementioned requirement shall be applicable.
- 5.29 If the agenda set under the preceding 2 paragraphs is still in progress (including the discussion of extemporary motions), the Chairman cannot announce for the adjournment of the session without resolution of the Shareholders Meeting. If the Chairman violated such requirement and announced for the adjournment of the session, other Directors shall assist the shareholders in session to appoint a person to act as the chairman in continuing the session under the due process of law.
- 5.30 The Chairman shall give sufficient time and opportunity for the shareholders to discuss the motions, amendment to the motions, or extemporary motions, and shall interrupt the discussion on due time for referring the motions to voting.
- 5.31 Before presenting a speech, shareholders shall put down the summary, the shareholder account number (or attendance pass number), and the account title on the speech memo where the Chairman shall set the priority for assigning the floor to the shareholders.
- 5.32 Shareholders who just submitted the speech memo without presenting the speech shall be deemed no presentation of speech. If the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.
- 5.33 Each shareholder may have the floor for expressing opinion on particular motion for no more than twice without the consent of the Chairman and only 5 minutes would be allowed for each instance. The Chairman shall interrupt the shareholder who spent more than the allowable time and goes beyond the scope of the motion.
- 5.34 Shareholders shall not cause interference to any other shareholder who has the floor for expression of opinion unless at the consent of the Chairman or the shareholder on the floor. The Chairman shall stop any action of interference from other shareholders.
- 5.35 Where specific institutional shareholder may appoint 2 or more representatives to the Shareholders Meeting, only one may express opinion on particular motion.
- 5.36 The Chairman shall respond or appoint related personnel to respond to shareholders after expressing their opinions.
- 5.37 The resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting shall be based on the quantity of shares in the balloting.

- 5.38 Some shares held by the shareholders bear no voting right, which will be excluded from balloting as a part of the votes cast.
- 5.39 Shareholders shall recuse from balloting on the motions involving their private interest but causing damage to the interest of the Company. Likewise, these shareholders shall not act as proxies of other shareholders in balloting.
- 5.40 The quantity of share representing no voting rights should be excluded as an integral part of the quantity of shares represented by the shareholders in session.
- 5.41 If particular shareholder representing 2 or more other shareholders in balloting, except the appointment of the Chairman of the Shareholders Meeting as proxies in balloting in writing or via electronic mean as stated in 5.43, the votes cast by such shareholders shall not be representing more than 3% of the total votes and any vote in excess of this quantity shall not be counted.
- 5.42 Shareholders are entitled to one vote for the holding of each share unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Company specified otherwise.
- 5.43 When the Shareholders Meeting is in session, balloting could be made by correspondence or electronic mean. The method of voting by correspondence or electronic mean shall be inscribed in the meeting notice. Shareholders casting their votes by correspondence or electronic mean shall be deemed appointment of the Chairman of the Shareholders Meeting to cast the votes as per the instruction inscribed in the correspondence or electronic file. However, these shareholders shall be construed as abstaining from voting on amendments to extemporary motions or amendments to the motions proposed in the session.
- 5.44 The expression of intent of voting by correspondence or electronic mean shall be delivered to the Company 2 days prior to the meeting date. If there is repeated expression of intent, the first shall be counted. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous vote.
- 5.45 If specific shareholder desires to attend the Shareholders Meeting after expressing the intent of voting by correspondence or electronic mean, such shareholders shall express the intent of exercising the voting right in person thereby to revoke the expression of intent previously made in the same procedure and in the same mean no later than 2 days prior to the meeting date or the previous expression of intent of voting by correspondence or electronic mean shall stand. If the shareholder has exercised written or electronic votes, and at the same time delegated a proxy to attend the shareholders meeting, then the voting decision exercised by the proxy shall prevail.
- 5.46 Resolution of the motions shall be made by a simple majority of the votes represented by the shareholders in session unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Company specified otherwise. In the process of balloting, the Chairman or the designated person shall announce the total quantity of votes represented by the shareholders in session, and vote for and against each motion one-by-one. The result of balloting shall be announced on the same day after the adjournment of the meeting, including the votes for and against each motion, and enter into the system of MOPS.

- 5.47 If the Chairman has inquired the opinions from the shareholders in session on particular motion without objection from the shareholders, it shall be deemed unanimous consent for the motion. If there is objection, proceed to the aforementioned method of balloting for resolution. Any other motions or amendments to or substitute of the original motions which were not inscribed in the agenda shall be seconded by other shareholders.
- 5.48 If there is amendment to or substitute of particular motion, the Chairman shall combine the amendment or substitute for voting at the same time with the original motion. If one of the proposals is passed, the others shall be considered to have been rejected and further voting is unnecessary.
- 5.49 The Chairman shall appoint the monitors and tally-clerks in the balloting and these persons must be shareholders.
- 5.50 The votes for the balloting or election shall be counted in transparency at the venue of the Shareholders Meeting on the same day, and announce the result on the scene, including the distribution of the votes. The details shall be tracked as minutes of meeting on record.
- 5.51 An election of Directors may be held in the session of the Shareholders Meeting by the Company in accordance with applicable rules and regulations. The Company shall announce the election result on the scene, including the list of Director-elects and the votes cast.
- 5.52 The ballots for the aforementioned election shall be sealed and signed by the monitors, and kept for at least 1 year. If specific shareholder instated legal action against the Company on the resolution of the Shareholders Meeting in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the aforementioned ballots shall be kept until the completion of the legal proceedings.
- 5.53 The resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting shall be tracked as minutes of meeting on record, signed or sealed by the Chairman, and release to the shareholders within 20 days after the convention of the Shareholders Meeting. The compilation and distribution of the minutes of meeting on record may be made in electronic mean.
- 5.54 The aforementioned minute of meeting on record may be released by announcement through uploading to MOPS website.
- 5.55 The exact date including day, month and year, the name of the chairman, the method of resolution, and summary of the procedure and the result shall be inscribed in the minutes of meeting on record and kept within the perpetuity of the Company.
- 5.56 If the inquiry made by the Chairman for the opinions of the shareholders in session on particular motion is the method of resolution as mentioned, and the motion deemed passed without objection from the shareholders, the detail shall be tracked as “Motion passed by common consent of the Shareholders on inquiry of the Chairman”. If specific shareholder has objection, specify the method of balloting, and number of votes for the motion and the distribution of the votes.
- 5.57 The quantity of shares acquired by parties through requesting for entitlement of voting shall be compiled into statistical data in the required format by the Company on the day of the Shareholders Meeting, and disclose at the venue of the meeting.

- 5.58 If a motion for balloting involved information in materiality under law, the Company shall transmit the content to the designated website of the competent authority by the designated deadline.
- 5.59 The service personnel at the Shareholders Meeting shall wear ID or arm badge.
- 5.60 The Chairman shall command the prefect team or security personnel to keep order of the venue. The prefect team or security personnel shall wear arm badge or ID marked with “Prefect” in keep order of the venue.
- 5.61 Sound system is equipped at the venue of meeting. The Chairman shall stop shareholders using other amplifying systems for expression of opinion on the floor.
- 5.62 If specific shareholder acts in violation of the rules of procedure and defies the corrective action of the Chairman that caused interruption to the meeting, the Chairman shall order the prefects or the security personnel to escort this shareholder out of the meeting venue.
- 5.63 The Chairman may announce for recess in the duration of the meeting. In the event of force majeure, the Chairman may rule to discontinue the session and seek another time to continue depending on the situation.
- 5.64 If the meeting venue is no longer available while the Shareholders Meeting is still in session under the agenda (including extemporary motions), the Shareholders Meeting shall determine another place for the continuation of the session.
- 5.65 According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Shareholders Meeting may resolve to postpone or continue the session within 5 days after the Chairman has announced for the discontinuation of the session.

VI. Implementation and amendment

The Rules of Procedure shall be subject to the approval of the Shareholders Meeting for coming into force. The same procedure is applicable to any amendment thereto.

Note: The Rules of Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VII. History and development:

The Rules of Procedure were instituted on: February 24 2015.

[Appendix VII]

**Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation
Status of shareholding by all Directors**

- I. The Company has 67,851,619 outstanding shares.
The minimum quantity of shareholding by all Directors are 5,220,000 shares under the “Regulations Governing the Percentage of holding and Audit of Shareholding by Directors and Supervisors of Public Companies”.
- II. The quantity of shares held by the Directors stated in the shareholders registry as of the April 11 2020, the day on which share transfer was restricted for the recent convention of Shareholders Meeting:

Position Title	Title/name of institution	Current shareholding	
		Number of shares	proportion of shareholding
Chairman of the Board	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD Representative: CHI, PING-HSIN	27,272,000	40.19%
Director	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD Representative: HSU, HSIANG-JEN	27,272,000	40.19%
Director	CHI, TAO-SONG	0	0.00%
Director	HSU, CHIN-SHAN	0	0.00%
Independent Director	WANG, CHING-HSIANG	0	0.00%
Independent Director	WANG, CHIEN-CHIN	0	0.00%
Independent Director	TAI, KUO-CHENG	0	0.00%

Note: The Company adopted the Auditing Committee system where 3 seats of Independent Directors are also members of this committee. There is no Supervisor and the requirement of shareholding by Supervisors at certain percentage is not applicable.